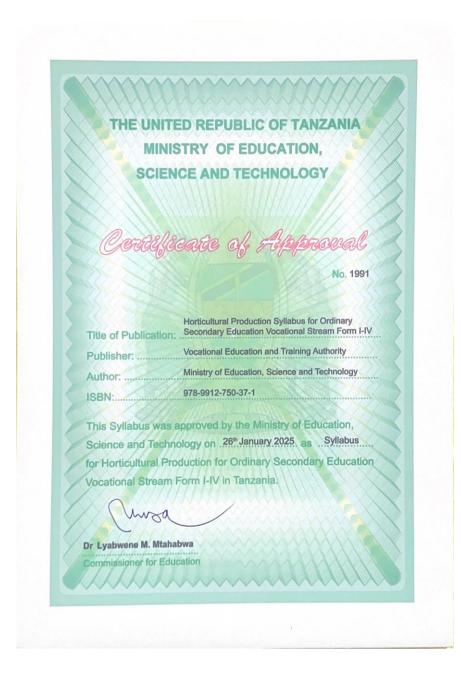
THE UNITED REPUBLIC OF TANZANIA MINISTRY OF EDUCATION, SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY



HORTICULTURAL PRODUCTION SYLLABUS FOR ORDINARY SECONDARY

EDUCATION VOCATIONAL STREAM FORM I-IV

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Revised

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Abbreviations and Acronyms

CA Conservation Agriculture

CBET Competence-Based Education and Teaching

FYM Farm Yard Manure

IPM Integrated Pest Management method

OSHA Occupational Safety and Health Authority

PPE Personal Protective Equipment

TIE Tanzania Institute of Education

VETA Vocational Education and Training Authority

Definition of Key Terms

Assessment: The process of collecting evidence and making judgments on whether competency has been achieved, or whether specific skills and knowledge have been achieved that will lead to the attainment of competency.

Circumstantial knowledge: Detailed knowledge, which allows the decision-making in regard to different circumstances and cross cutting issues.

Competence: The ability to use knowledge, understanding, practical and thinking skills to perform effectively to the workplace standards required in employment.

Element: A sub- unit (step), which reflects learning sequence with the aim of achieving broad learning objectives of a unit.

Performance criteria: indicate the expected end results or outcome in form of evaluative statements.

Standard: A set of statements, which if proved true under working conditions, means that an individual is meeting an expected level and type of performance.

Underpinning Knowledge: This is essential knowledge needed in order to demonstrate competences that are associated in performing a given task.

Unit: A statement of broad learning objectives, which prescribe the requirements of a standard in form of practical skills, knowledge and appropriate attitudes.

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For and on behalf of:

Vocational Education and Training Authority

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1.0. Introduction

Horticultural Production is a key occupation offered in the Ordinary Secondary Education Vocational Stream. Learning Horticultural Production is vital because Tanzania has diverse agro-ecological zones and abundant natural resources that can support a thriving horticulture industry. By teaching Horticultural Production, students acquire practical skills in growing, harvesting, and processing various crops, such as fruits, vegetables, spices and flowers. This knowledge enables them to enhance food security, promote local agricultural industries, and reduce dependency on imported produce. In turn, this contributes to economic growth, job creation, environmental sustainability, and the preservation of traditional farming practices, fostering long-term community development.

Upon completion of the programme, students will acquire both theoretical and practical knowledge of horticultural production, from plant cultivation to advanced processing techniques. They will be capable of managing agricultural practices, operating farming equipment, and implementing sustainable practices in horticultural production, all while adhering to environmental and safety standards. Additionally, students will gain business skills essential for managing a horticultural enterprise, ensuring high-quality standards, efficient production methods, and innovation across all areas of horticulture, from planting to market distribution.

A graduate in horticultural production can find employment in various sectors. Graduates may be employed in both government and private sectors, including Ministries, Agricultural departments, Research institutions, Agricultural agencies, NGOs, and community projects. They may also explore self-employment opportunities in farming, horticulture production, nurseries, and agribusiness ventures, ranging from small-scale to large-scale horticultural enterprises.

The Horticultural Production Syllabus is designed to guide the teaching and learning of horticultural practices at the Ordinary Secondary Education Form I-IV Vocational Stream in the United Republic of Tanzania. The syllabus outlines the competences that students need to develop while learning Horticultural Production. It provides essential information that helps teachers to plan their lessons effectively and enables student to acquire the skills and knowledge necessary for success in the horticultural industry.

2.0. Main Objectives of Education in Tanzania

The main objectives of education in Tanzania are to enable every Tanzanian to:

- (a) Develop and improve his or her personality so that he or she values himself or herself and develops self-confidence;
- (b) Respect the culture, traditions, norms and customs of Tanzania; cultural differences; dignity; human rights; attitudes and inclusive actions;
- (c) Advance knowledge and apply science and technology, creativity, critical thinking, innovation, cooperation, communication and positive attitudes for his or her own development and the sustainable development of the nation and the world at large;
- (d) Understand and protect national values, including dignity, patriotism, integrity, unity, transparency, honesty, accountability and the national language;
- (e) Develop life and work-related skills to increase efficiency in everyday life;
- (f) Develop a habit of loving and valuing work to increase productivity and efficiency in production and service provision;
- (g) Identify and consider cross-cutting issues, including the health and well-being of the society, gender equality, as well as the management and sustainable conservation of the environment; and
- (h) Develop national and international cooperation, peace and justice per the Constitution of the United Republic of Tanzania and international conventions.

3.0. General Competences for Ordinary Secondary Education Vocational Stream

The general competences for Ordinary Secondary Education, Form 1–IV, Vocational Education stream are to:

- (a) Apply the knowledge, skills and attitudes the student developed in the primary school stage to increase his/her understanding of technical skills;
- (b) Apply technical skills in designing, inventing and making various things to cope with life and solve challenges in society;
- (c) Appreciate citizenship and national virtues;

- (d) Use language skills;
- (e) Demonstrate self-confidence in learning in various fields, including science and technology, technical knowledge and technical skills;
- (f) Apply technical knowledge and skills in designing, discovering and making various things to solve challenges in society, including cross cutting issues;
- (g) Appreciate procedures and safety rules in using technical tools correctly; and
- (h) Apply the technical knowledge and skills acquired to develop oneself with vocational and technical education and join the workforce.

4.0. General Competences of the Occupation

Upon completion of this occupation, students are expected to have ability to:

- (a) Maintain farm safety, tools, equipment and machines;
- (b) Establish and manage horticultural crops;
- (c) Establish ornamental gardens;
- (d) Establish fertilizer use rate and apply fertilizer;
- (e) Manage horticultural crop pests;
- (f) Construct and maintain irrigation facilities;
- (g) Perform harvest and post-harvest techniques for horticultural crops;
- (h) Manage farm resources;
- (i) Establish market opportunities for horticultural crops

5.0. Main and Specific Competences

The main and specific competences to be developed are presented in Table 1 **Table 1:** *Main and Specific Competences for Form I-IV*

Modules (Main Competence)	Units (Specific competences)			
1.0 Maintaining safety of workshop and	1.1 Maintaining workshop safety			
surroundings	1.2 Handling accidents and incidents			
	1.3 Handling fire accidents			
	1.4 Performing First Aid			
2.0 Performing preventive maintenance of tools,	2.1 Conducting preventive maintenance of farm tools			
machines and equipment	2.2 Conducting preventive maintenance of farm machines and			
	equipment			
3.0 Performing land preparation	3.1 Conducting investigation for new farm			
	3.2 Conducting soil analysis			
	3.3 Performing land clearing			
	3.4 Performing land tillage			

Modules (Main Competence)	Units (Specific competences)
4.0 Sowing, planting and transplanting	 4.1 Selecting good quality seeds 4.2 Selecting good quality planting materials 4.3 Performing seed sowing 4.4 Performing planting of vegetative materials
5.0 Managing ornamental gardens	5.1 Designing landscape5.2 Establishing ornamental garden
6.0 Managing soil fertility	6.1 Preparing organic fertilizers 6.2 Applying the fertilizer
7.0 Harvesting of horticultural crops	7.1 Estimating yield of given crop 7.2 Performing harvesting of horticultural crops
8.0 Managing water for horticultural crops	8.1 Harvesting water for irrigation 8.2 Performing irrigation
9.0 Transplanting seedling	9.1 Performing transplanting of seedlings 9.2 Performing pruning and training
10.0 Controlling pests	10.1 Controlling weeds 10.2 Controlling insect pests 10.3 Controlling crop diseases 10.4 Controlling vertebrate (vermin) pest
11.0 Managing farm inputs	11.1 Preparing farm input 11.2 Managing storage of farm inputs
12.0 Performing post-harvest activities	12.1 Handling harvested horticultural crops 12.2 Performing post-harvest treatments 12.3 Storing different horticultural crops
13.0 Performing processing of horticulture crops	13.1 Processing different horticultural crops 13.2 Performing packaging of horticultural products 13.3 Marketing of horticultural products
14.0 Managing farm activities	14.1 Managing farm practices 14.2 Managing various farm records 14.3 Managing farm business
15.0 Managing farm resources	15.1 Managing human resources 15.2 Managing physical resources 15.3 Managing financial resources
16.0 Managing farm environment	16.1 Managing soil erosion 16.2 Conserving soil water 16.3 Handling waste

6.0. The Roles of Teachers, Students and Parents in Teaching and Learning

A good relationship between a teacher, student and parent, or guardian is fundamental to ensure successful learning. This section outlines the roles of each participant in facilitating effective teaching and learning of Horticultural Production.

6.1. The teacher

The teacher is expected to:

(a) Help the student to learn and develop the intended competences in Horticultural

Production;

- (b) Use teaching and learning approaches that will allow students with different needs and abilities to:
 - (i) Develop the competences needed in the 21st Century; and
 - (ii) Actively participate in the teaching and learning process.
 - (c) Use student cantered instructional strategies that make the student a centre of learning which allow them to think, reflect and search for information from various sources;
 - (d) Create a friendly teaching and learning environment;
 - (e) Prepare and improvise teaching and learning resources;
 - (f) Conduct formative assessment regularly by using tools and methods which assess theory and practice;
 - (g) Treat all the students according to their learning needs and abilities;
 - (h) Protect the student from the risky environment while he or she is at school;
 - (i) Keep track of the student's daily progress;
 - (j) Identify individual student's needs and provide the proper intervention;
 - (k) Involve parents/guardians and the society at large in the student's learning process; and
 - (l) Integrate cross-cutting issues and ICT in the teaching and learning process.

6.2. The student

The student is expected to:

- (a) Develop the intended competences by participating actively in various learning activities inside and outside the classroom; and
- (b) Participate in the search for knowledge from various sources, including textbooks, reference books and other publications in online libraries.

6.3. The parent/guardian

The Parents/Guardian is expected to:

- (a) Monitor the child's academic progress in school;
- (b) Where possible, provide a child with the needed academic support;
- (c) Provide a child with a safe and friendly home environment which is conducive for

learning;

- (d) Keep track of a child's progress in behaviour;
- (e) Provide the child with any necessary materials required in the learning process; and
- (f) Instill in a child a sense of commitment and positive value towards education and work.

7.0. Teaching and Learning Methods

The teaching and learning methods are instrumental in developing student's competences. This Syllabus suggests teaching and learning methods for each activity which includes but not limited to demonstration, practical/hands-on activities, observations, role play, simulation, group works, peer teaching/learning, discussions, research, presentations, data collection and analysis, field visits, field trips/village outrich, buzz group, quiz, guest speaker, collaborative groups, questions and answers, video clip/visual learning and project works. However, a teacher is advised to plan and use other appropriate methods based on the environment or context. All the teaching and learning methods should be integrated with the everyday lives of students. The focus is expected to be on practical application and developing cognitive, affective, and psychomotor skills through learner-centred methods. Vocational teachers act as facilitators, incorporating both school base teaching and project work supervision.

8.0. Teaching and Learning Resources

The process of teaching and learning requires different resources. In that regard, both a teacher and students should work together to collect or improvise alternative resources available in the school and home environment when needed. Teachers and students are expected to constantly seek for information from various sources to effectively facilitate the teaching and learning process. The list of approved textbooks and reference books shall be provided by the TIE.

9.0. Assessment

Assessment is important in teaching and learning of Horticultural Production occupation. It is divided into formative and summative assessments. Formative assessment informs both the teacher and students on the progress of teaching and learning, and in making decisions on improving the teaching and learning process. Teachers are therefore, expected to apply a wide range of formative assessment methods which include but not limited to demonstration, discussions, presentations, oral questions, experiments,

observations, practical assignments and projects.

Summative assessment, on the other hand, will focus on determining student's achievement of learning. Teachers are expected to use a variety of summative assessments including Form Two National Assessment, terminal examination, annual examination, mock examination and project. The scores obtained from these assessments will be used as Continuous Assessment (CA). Therefore, the continuous assessments shall contribute 60% and the National Form IV Examination shall contribute 40% as indicated in Table 2.

9.1. Project work

Project work is a carefully planned and clearly defined task or problem that a student undertakes, either alone or in a group to enhance and apply the skills and knowledge gained in the classroom, workshop, kitchen, or laboratory. It is based on the principles of "Learning by Doing" and "Learning by Living." In this context, the implementation of Project Work in secondary schools' vocational streams is essential. Projects in the vocational stream should be conducted in the core subject (occupation). To ensure its success, the supervision and assessment of student project work must be consistent with the established guidelines provided by National Examinations Council of Tanzania (NECTA).

Table 2: Contribution of Continuous Assessment and National Examination in the final score

Assessment Category	Weight (%)	National Examination
Form Two National Assessment (FTNA)	6.0	
Form Three Terminal Examination	5.0	
Form Three Anual Examination	5.0	
Form Four Mock Examination	7.0	
Project	7.0	40
Form Two Practical	10.0	
Form Three Practical	10.0	
Form Four Practical	10.0	
Total	60	

10.0. Number of Periods

The Horticultural Production Syllabus for Ordinary Secondary Education Vocational Stream Form I-IV provides time estimates for teaching and learning each specific competence. The estimates consider the complexity of the specific competences and the learning activities. Eight (08) periods of 40 minutes each have been allocated per week, whereby two (02) periods will be used for theory and 6 for practical sessions which may require double periods (i.e., 80 minutes). Double periods allow sufficient time for handson activities.

11.0. Teaching and Learning Contents

The contents of the Syllabus are organised into a matrix with seven (07) columns which are main competences, specific competences, learning activities, suggested teaching and learning methods, assessment criteria which is dived into (process assessment, products/service assessment and knowledge assessment), suggested teaching and learning resources and number of periods as presented in Table 3 to 6.

12.0.

Form One

 Table 3: Detailed contents for Form One

Module Title			Suggested	Asse	ssment Criteria			Number
(Main Competence)	Unit Title (Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Teaching and Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge assessment	Training Requirements/ Suggested Resources	of Periods per Unit
1.0 Maintaining safety of farm workshop and surroundings	1.1 Maintaining farm workshop safety	(a) Maintaining farm workshop safety rules	Questions and answer: Guide the students to: define, identify, list, mention farm workshop safety rules Demonstration: Demonstrate to the students how to maintain farm workshop safety rules Practical work: Organize the students in manageable groups to practice workshop safety rules in school premises	The student should be able to: Organise working tools, equipment and safety gear List workshop rules and regulations Maintain label of tools and equipment Observe safety precautions	Farm workshop safety rules maintained as per stipulated rules and regulations	Knowledge evidence: Detailed knowledge of: Method used: The student should explain how to maintain safety at the farm workshop area. Principles: The student should explain the principles of: •Handling different hazards according to OSHA standards •Maintaining general cleanliness. Theories: The student should	The following tools, equipments and safety gears are to be available:	63

Module Title			Suggested	Asse	ssment Criteria			Number
(Main Competence)	Unit Title (Specific Competences)	ic (Learning Learning	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge assessment	Training Requirements/ Suggested Resources	of Periods per Unit	
						explain: •Importance of observing safety rules and regulations •Importance of using safety gears •Important safety tools and equipment in a farm workshop Circumstantial knowledge: Detailed knowledge about: •Safety precautions in dismantling and assembling tools and equipment. •Observing farm workshop rules and regulations		

Module Title			Suggested	Asse	ssment Criteria			Number
(Main Competence)	Unit Title (Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Teaching and Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge assessment	Training Requirements/ Suggested Resources	of Periods per Unit
		(b) Maintaining farm workshop working environmen t	Brainstorming: Lead the student to: define, list, mention and identify farm workshop working environment Group work: Organize students in teams to practice how to maintain farm workshop environment safely	The student should be able to: Operate firefighting equipment •Maintain cleanliness of workshop area •Identify possible accidents and incidents •Clean tools and equipment -Store tools and equipment properly	Farm workshop working environment maintained as per stipulated rules and regulations	Knowledge evidence: Detailed knowledge of: Method used: The student should be able to explain how to: • Maintain safety at the farm workshop working environment Principles: The student should explain the principles of maintaining general cleanliness. Theories: The student should explain: • Essence of managing hazards procedures • Different firefighting methods	The following tools, equipments and safety gears are to be available: First aid kit Firefighting equipment Overalls Gum boots Gloves Dust bins Brushes Soft bloom Hard bloom Mopper Soap Buckets Hoe Slasher Wheel barrow Spade	

Module Title		Suggested	Asse	ssment Criteria			Number
(Main Competence) Unit Title (Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Teaching and Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge assessment	Training Requirements/ Suggested Resources	of Periods per Unit
	(c) Maintaining personal safety	Discussion: Guide the students to: define, identify, list, mention personal safety Demonstration: Demonstrate to the students how to maintain personal safety Practical work: Organise students in manageable groups to maintain labels of tools and equipment	The student should be able to: •Maintain cleanliness of workshop area •Maintain label of tools and equipment •List workshop rules and regulations •Identify possible accidents and incidents •Observe safety precautions •Store tools and equipment properly •Clean tools and equipment	Personal safety maintained as per stipulated rules and regulations	Circumstantial knowledge: Detailed knowledge about safety precautions in dismantling and assembling equipment Knowledge evidence: Detailed knowledge of: Method used: The student should explain how to: Maintain personal safety. Principles: The student should explain the principles of: •Handling different hazards Theories: The student should explain: •General	The following tools, equipments and safety gears are to be available: • First aid kit • Firefighting equipment • Overalls/overcoat • Gum boots • Gloves • Dust bins • Protective glass • Apron • Helmet • Mask	

Module Title			Suggested	Asse	ssment Criteria			Number
(Main Competence)	Unit Title (Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Teaching and Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge assessment	Training Requirements/ Suggested Resources	of Periods per Unit
						concepts of occupational health and safety •Essence of managing hazards procedures Circumstantial knowledge: Detailed knowledge about Occupational health and safety policy		
	1.2 Handle accidents and incidents	(a) Handling farms mechanical hazards	Brainstorm: Lead the student to: define, identify, list farm mechanical hazards ICT Based learning: Using a video clip allow the student to explore how to handle farm	The student should be able to: Carry out first aid to person involved in accidents related to mechanical hazards •Use service manual •Interpret workshop rules and regulations •React correctly and safely when faced with an emergency •Identify and apply all emergency equipment and supplies	Farms mechanical hazards handled as per stipulated rules and regulations	Knowledge evidence: Detailed knowledge of: Method used: The student should explain how to: •Handle hazardous materials •Handle an accident victim •Carry out first aid	The following tools, equipments and safety gears are to be available: Tool kit Air compressor Fire extinguishers Power Machines Overalls Rubber gloves Safety boots Safety clear glasses First aid kit Helmet Ear plugs Masks	69

Module Title			Suggested	Asses	ssment Criteria			Number
(Main Competence)	Unit Title (Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge assessment	Training Requirements/ Suggested Resources	of Periods per Unit
			mechanical hazards Group Discussion: organise the students in small groups to discuss and present findings on different ways of handling farm mechanical hazards	Locate first aid kit •Carry out artificial respiration •Report to superiors •Handle mechanical and electrical equipment •Handle machines •Use safety gears		Principles: The student should explain principles of: •Handling hazardous materials •Identifying hazardous materials •Identifying hazardous materials •Emergency life support Theories: The student should explain: - •Effect of mechanical •Treatment for burns and fractures •Treatment for unconscious person •Importance of using safety gears •Classification of hazards •Advantages of accidents preventions	• Gloves • Water hose pipes • Blanket	

Module Title			Suggested	Asse	ssment Criteria			Number
(Main Competence)	Unit Title (Specific Competences)	(Specific (Learning	Teaching and Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge assessment	Training Requirements/ Suggested Resources	of Periods per Unit
						•Usage of colour code and safety signs Circumstantial knowledge: Detailed knowledge about: •Safety precautions while handling accidents and incidents •Safe handling of tools, equipment and machines		
		(b) Handling farm physical hazards	Discussion: Lead the students to define, and identify farm physical hazards ICT Based learning: Using a video clip allow students to explore how to handle farm physical hazards	The student should be able to: •Locate first aid kit •Report to superiors •Record accidents •Identify hazardous material •Handle hazard material •Follow good environmental practices	Farm physical hazards handled per stipulated rules and regulations	Knowledge evidence: Detailed knowledge of: Method used: The student should explain how to: •Handle hazardous materials •Handle an accident victim •Carry out first aid	The following tools, equipments and safety gears are to be available: Tool kit Fire extinguishers Overalls Rubber gloves Safety boots Safety clear glasses First aid kit Helmet Ear plugs Masks Gloves Water hose pipes	

Module Title			Suggested	Asse	ssment Criteria			Number
(Main Competence)	Unit Title (Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Teaching and Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge assessment	Training Requirements/ Suggested Resources	of Periods per Unit
			Group Discussion: organise the students in small groups to discuss and present findings on different ways of handling farm physical hazards			Principles: The student should explain principles of: •Handling hazardous materials •Identifying hazardous materials Theories: The student should explain: - •Effect of physicals hazards. •Emergency life support •Treatment for electric shock •Treatment for burns •Treatment for fractures Circumstantial knowledge: Detailed knowledge about: •Safety precautions while handling	• Blanket	

Module Title			Suggested	Asses	ssment Criteria			Number
(Main Competence)	Unit Title (Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Teaching and Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge assessment	Training Requirements/ Suggested Resources	of Periods per Unit
						accidents and incidents •Safe handling of tools, equipment and machines •Safe waste disposal methods		
		(c) Handling Agro- chemical hazards	Brainstorm: Guide the students to: define, identify, list types of Agro-chemical hazards ICT Based learning: Using a video clip allow student to explore how to handle farm Agro- chemical hazards Group Discussion:	The student should be able to: •Carry out first aid to person involved in accidents related to chemical •Use service manual •Interpret workshop rules and regulations •React correctly and safely when faced with an emergency •Locate first aid kit •Carry out artificial respiration •Report to superiors •Record accidents •Identify hazardous •Follow good environmental practices	Agro-chemical hazards handled per stipulated rules and regulations	Knowledge evidence: Detailed knowledge of: Method used: The student should explain how to: •Handle hazardous materials •Handle an accident victim •Carry out first aid Principles: The student should explain principles of: • Handling	The following tools, equipments and safety gears are to be available: Tool kit Air compressor Fire extinguishers Power Machines Overalls Rubber gloves Safety boots Safety clear glasses First aid kit Helmet Ear plugs Masks Gloves Water hose pipes Blanket	

Module Title			Suggested	Asse	ssment Criteria			Number
(Main Competence)	Unit Title (Specific Competences)	ecific (Learning	g Learning	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge assessment	Training Requirements/ Suggested Resources	of Periods per Unit
			Organize the students in small groups to discuss and present findings on different ways of handling farm Agro-chemical hazards	•Use safety gear •Clean tools, equipment and workplace •Store tools and equipment		hazardous materials •Identifying hazardous materials •Emergency life support Theories: The student should explain: •Effect of chemicals hazards •Treatment for burns •Treatment for unconscious person •Importance of using safety gear -safety signs •Safe handling of tools, equipment and machines Circumstantial knowledge: Detailed Knowledge about •Safety		

Module Title			Suggested	Asse	ssment Criteria			Number
(Main Competence)	Unit Title (Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Teaching and Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge assessment	Training Requirements/ Suggested Resources	of Periods per Unit
						precautions while handling accidents and incidents		
	1.3 Handle farm fire accidents	(a) Handling firefighting farm equipment and materials	Answer and question: Lead the students to: define, identify firefighting farm equipment and materials Demonstration: Demonstrate to the student how to handle tools and equipment for firefighting	The student should be able to: •Select tools, equipment and safety gear •Identify common classes of fire •Use first aid kit •React correctly and safely when faced with different types of fire •Apply right class of fire extinguisher •Apply right class of firefighting materials •Check and test fire extinguishers	Firefighting farm equipment and materials handled per stipulated rules and regulations	Knowledge evidence: Detailed knowledge of: Method used: The student should explain how to handle firefighting farm equipment and materials Principles: The student should explain the principles of: •Checking and	The following tools, equipments and safety gears are to be available: • Firefighting rules and regulations • Workshop rules and regulations • Fire extinguishers • Firefighting materials • First aid kit • Leather gloves • Safety boots • Overall/overcoat • Safety clear glasses • Helmet • Fire resistance suit	92

Module Title			Suggested	Asses	ssment Criteria			Number
(Main Competence)	Unit Title (Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Teaching and Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge assessment	Training Requirements/ Suggested Resources	of Periods per Unit
		(b) Handling	Practical activity: Organise the students in manageable groups to identify farm equipment and materials of firefighting in school premises	•Observe safety Precautions •Clean up tools, equipment and working place •Store tools	Different of	testing fire extinguishers •Applying right class of fire extinguishers Theories: The student should explain: - •Importance of handling fire accidents •Importance of checking and servicing fire extinguishers •Importance of differentiating firefighting materials Circumstantial knowledge: Detailed knowledge about: •Safety precautions while handling fire accidents •Safe handling of tools and equipment Knowledge	The following tools,	
	ĺ	(<i>b)</i> Handing	Group work:	The student should be	Different of	ixiiowicuge	The following tools,	

Module Title			Suggested	Asse	ssment Criteria			Number
(Main Competence)	Unit Title (Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Teaching and Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge assessment	Training Requirements/ Suggested Resources	of Periods per Unit
		different types of farm fire	Instruct the student to: define, list, identify different types of farm fire Guest speaker: Invite the fire authority technicians to demonstrate to the student how to handle different types of farm fire. Activity: Organise the students in manageable groups to identify farm equipment and materials of different farm fire in school workshop	able to: •Select tools, equipment and safety gear •Identify common classes of fire •Use first aid kit •React correctly and safely when faced with different types of fire extinguisher •Check and test fire extinguishers •Observe safety precautions •Clean up tools, equipment and working place •Store tools, equipment and safety gears	farm fire handled per stipulated rules and regulations	evidence: Detailed knowledge of: Method used: The student should explain how to handle fire accidents Principles: The student should explain the principles of: •Checking and testing fire extinguishers •Applying right class of fire extinguishers Theories: The student should explain: - •Importance of handling fire accidents •Types and common classes of fire Handle different types of fire Circumstantial knowledge:	equipments and safety gears are to be available: Firefighting rules and regulations Workshop rules and regulations Fire extinguishers Firefighting materials First aid kit Leather gloves Safety boots Overall/overcoat Safety clear glasses Fire resistance suit Helmet Water Sand Bucket Hoe Slasher Bush knife	

Module Title			Suggested	Asse	essment Criteria			Number
(Main Competence)	Unit Title (Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Teaching and Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge assessment	Training Requirements/ Suggested Resources	of Periods per Unit
	1.4 Perform first aid	(a) Performing artificial respiration	Discussion: Lead the student to define, illustrate procedures for artificial respiration by using models ICT Based learning: Using video clip allow the student to explore different ways of performing artificial respiration Group	The student should be able to: •Select tools and equipment. •Perform artificial respiration. •Sterilize first aid tools. •Observe safety precautions. •Store first aid tools and equipment	Artificial respiration performed as per medical requirements	Detailed knowledge about: •Safety precautions while handling fire accidents •Safe handling of tools and equipment Knowledge evidence: Detailed knowledge of: Method used: The student should explain how to perform first aid Principles: The student should explain principles of: •Performing artificial respiration. •Providing first aid Theories: The student should explain:	The following tools, equipments and safety gears are to be available: First aid Kit Stretcher Light blankets Sterilizer Towels Overalls/overcoat Medical gloves Safety boots Oxygen cylinder Mask ventilator	72
			Discussion:			•Types of		

Module Title			Suggested	Asse	ssment Criteria			Number
(Main Competence)	Unit Title (Specific Competences)		Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge assessment	Training Requirements/ Suggested Resources	of Periods per Unit	
			Organize the students in small groups to discuss and present findings on different ways of performing artificial respiration			artificial respiration •The use of accessories in a first aid kit •Importance of first aid Procedures of artificial respiration Circumstantial knowledge: Detailed knowledge about: •Safety precautions to be observed while performing first aid. •Safe handling of first aid kit		
		(b) Performing first aid to minor scalpel injuries/wo unds	Brainstorming: Lead the students to define minor scalpel injuries/wounds,	The student should be able to: •Select tools and equipment •Identify types of injuries •Attend minor wounds.	First aid to minor scalpel injuries/wounds offered conforms to medical	Knowledge evidence: Detailed knowledge of: Method used: The student	The following tools, equipments and safety gears are to be available:	

Module Title			Suggested	Asse	ssment Criteria			Number
(Main Competence)	Unit Title (Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	g Learning	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge assessment	Training Requirements/ Suggested Resources	of Periods per Unit
			list tools of first aid to minor scalpel injuries/wounds Simulation: Using a video clip allow the student to explore how to perform first aid to minor scalpel injuries/wounds Group Discussion: Organize students in small groups to discuss and present findings on different ways of performing first aid to minor scalpel injuries/wounds	•Sterilize first aid tools •Observe safety precautions. •Store first aid tools and equipment	requirements	should explain how to perform first aid to minor scalpel injuries/wounds Principles: The student should explain principles of: •Attending minor wounds. •Providing first aid Theories: The student should explain: •Different types of wounds •Different types of accidents •The use of accessories in a first aid kit •Importance of first aid Circumstantial knowledge: Detailed knowledge about: •Safety precautions to	 Sterilizer Towels Overalls Medical gloves. Safety boots 	

Module Title			Suggested	Asse	ssment Criteria			Number
(Main Competence)	Unit Title (Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	arning Learning	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge assessment	Training Requirements/ Suggested Resources	of Periods per Unit
						be observed while performing first aid •Safe handling of first aid kit		
2.0 Performing preventive maintenance of farm tools, machines and equipment	2.1 Conducting preventive maintenance of farm tools	(a) Maintaining farm safety gears	Discussion: Guide students in groups to: Define farm tools, list farm tools, mention important farm tools, and identify farm safety gear Practical demonstration: Demonstrate to students how to maintain farm safety gear Practical activity: Organise students in manageable groups to identify	The student should be able to: •Use service manual •Select tools, equipment and materials •Observe safety •Clean safety gear -Store farm safety gear in proper place	Farm safety maintained as per required standard	Knowledge evidence: Detailed knowledge of: Method used: The student should explain how to: •Service basic farm safety gear Principles: The student should explain the principles of: •Performing preventive maintenance of basic farm safety gear •Storing farm safety gear Theories: The student should explain: •Functions of	The following tools, equipments and safety gears are to be available:	52

Module Title			Suggested	Asse	ssment Criteria			Number
(Main Competence)	Unit Title (Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Teaching and Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge assessment	Training Requirements/ Suggested Resources	of Periods per Unit
			equipment and materials used to maintain farm safety gear			different types of basic farm safety gear •Importance of preventive maintenance of farm safety gear •Importance of farm workshop safety precautions. Circumstantial knowledge: Detailed knowledge about: •Safety precautions while handling basic farm safety gear •Waste disposal procedures.		

Module Title			Suggested	Asses	ssment Criteria			Number
(Main Competence)	Unit Title (Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Teaching and Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge assessment	Training Requirements/ Suggested Resources	of Periods per Unit
		(b) Maintaining farm tools	Role -playing: Organise the students for role play how to maintain farm tools Practical activity: Coordinate the students in manageable groups to identify tools and materials for maintaining farm tools	The student should be able to: •Use service manual •Select tools, equipment and materials Interpret manuals for different tools •Check functionality of basic tools •Identify fault tools •Perform greasing •Observe safety •Replace oil •Clean tools, equipment and work place •Store tools	Farm tools maintained as per required standard	Knowledge evidence: Detailed knowledge of: Method used: The student should explain how to: •Service basic farm tools Principles: The student should explain the principles of: •Performing preventive maintenance of basic farm tools •Storing basic farm tools Theories: The student should explain: •Functions of different types of basic farm tools •Importance of preventive maintenance of	The following tools, equipments and safety gears are to be available: • Basic tools • Oil cans • Service manual • Preventive maintenance schedule • Gloves • Safety boots • Safety clear glasses • Air compressor • Grease guns • Grease • Oil	

Module Title (Main Competence)	Unit Title (Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Suggested Teaching and Learning Methods	Assessment Criteria				Number
				Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge assessment	Training Requirements/ Suggested Resources	of Periods per Unit
						•Importance of farm workshop safety precautions. •Importance of service manuals in preventive maintenance of farm tools Circumstantial knowledge: Detailed knowledge about: •Safety precautions while handling basic farm tools •Safe handling of farm tools •Waste disposal procedure		

Module Title (Main Competence)	Unit Title (Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Suggested Teaching and Learning Methods	Assessment Criteria				Number
				Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge assessment	Training Requirements/ Suggested Resources	of Periods per Unit
	2.2 Conducting preventive maintenance of farm machines and equipment	(a) Maintaining farm equipment	Group work: Guide students in manageable groups to identify equipment, and illustrate procedures of maintaining farm equipment Practical demonstration: Demonstrate to the student how to maintain farm equipment Practical work: Organise the students in manageable groups to identify	The student should be able to: •Use service manual •Select equipment •Interpret service manuals for different equipment •Check functionality of basic farm equipment •Identify fault of farm equipment •Replace the damaged parts •Tighten the loose nuts and bolts •Perform greasing •Perform oiling •Observe safety •Clean farm equipment at the farm workshop •Store farm equipment	Farm equipment maintained as per required standard	Knowledge evidence: Detailed knowledge of: Method used: The student should explain how to: •Service equipment •Perform preventive maintenance of farm equipment Principles: The student should explain the principles of maintaining equipment. Theories: The student should explain: •Function of	The following tools, equipments and safety gears are to be available: • Basic farm equipment • Oil cans • Grease guns • Service manual • Preventive maintenance schedule • Leather gloves • Safety boots • Safety clear glasses • Air compressor • Electrode • Grease • Oil • Wire brush • Painter brush • Colour paint • Helmet • Hammer • Spanner	84
			equipment and materials used to maintain farm equipment			different types of farms equipment •Importance of routine preventive		

Module Title			Suggested	Asses	ssment Criteria			Number
(Main Competence)	Unit Title (Specific Competences)	Specific (Learning	Teaching and Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge assessment	Training Requirements/ Suggested Resources	of Periods per Unit
		(b) Maintaining	Brainstorming:	The student should be	Farm machines	maintenance of farm equipment •Importance of farm workshop safety precautions. •Importance of service manuals in preventive maintenance of farm equipment Circumstantial knowledge: Detailed knowledge about: •Safety precautions while handling farm equipment •Safe handling of farm equipment •Safe waste disposal procedures Knowledge	The following tools,	
		farm machines	Lead the student to define, and list farm machines, identify farm	able to: •Use service manual •Select machine •Interpret service manuals for different machines	maintained as per required standard	evidence: Detailed knowledge of: Method used: The student	equipments and safety gears are to be available: Basic farm equipment and machines Oil cans	

Module Title			Suggested	Asse	ssment Criteria			Number
(Main Competence)	Unit Title (Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Teaching and Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge assessment	Training Requirements/ Suggested Resources	of Periods per Unit
			machines and illustrate procedures of maintaining farm machine Practical demonstration: Demonstrate to the student how to maintain farm machine Practical work: Organise students in manageable groups to identify equipment and materials used to maintain farm machines	•Check functionality of basic farm machines •Identify fault of farm machines •Replace the damaged parts •Tighten the loose nuts and bolts •Perform greasing •Perform oiling •Observe safety •Clean farm machines at the farm workshop •Store farm machines		should explain how to: •Service machines •Perform preventive maintenance of farm machines •Principles: The student should explain the principles of maintaining machines. Theories: The student should explain: •Function of different types of farm machines •Importance of routine preventive maintenance of farm workshop safety precautions. •Importance of service manuals	 Grease guns Service manual Preventive maintenance schedule Leather gloves Safety boots Safety clear glasses Air compressor Soap Water Bucket Overall/overcoat Oil Grease Waste cotton 	

Module Title		cific (Learning Learning Learning	Asse	ssment Criteria		Training Requirements/	Number	
(Main Competence)	Unit Title (Specific Competences)		Learning Learning	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge assessment	Training Requirements/ Suggested Resources	of Periods per Unit
						in preventive maintenance of farm machines Circumstantial knowledge: Detailed knowledge about: •Safety precautions while handling farm machines •Safe handling of farm machines •Safe waste disposal procedures		
3.0 Performing land	3.1 Conducting investigation	(a) Identifying landscape	Discussion: Lead the student to	The student should be able to: •Walk around the field	Landscape farm identified for horticultural	Knowledge Evidence Detailed	The following tools, equipments and safety gears are to be available:	72
preparation	for new farm		define, list, and	 Locate physical features 	crops	knowledge of:	 Field Area 	

Module Title			Suggested	Asse	essment Criteria			Number
(Main Competence)	Unit Title (Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Teaching and Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge assessment	Training Requirements/ Suggested Resources	of Periods per Unit
			identify landscape Field visit: Guide the student to identify landscape by observing around the school farm Practical activity: Organise the students in manageable groups to identify equipment and materials to be used in the landscape	found in the field •Identify landscape •Identify water Sources •Identifying natural vegetation •Make a decision on the suitability of the place •Clean tools and equipment •Store tools and equipment	establishment at suitable area for relevant crop	Method used: The student should explain how to conduct investigation on new farm Principles: The student should explain the principles of conducting farm investigation Theories: The student should explain: •Importance of locating various physical features in relation to site selection •General concepts of selecting site in horticulture crop production •Relationship between soil types of a given area and	 Gum boots Overalls/overcoat Caps Bush knives Note books Pens Calculator Binocular Umbrella Slasher 	

Module Title			Suggested	Asse	ssment Criteria			Number
(Main Competence)	Unit Title (Specific Competences)	pecific (Learning	Elements (Learning Activities) Teaching and Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge assessment	Training Requirements/ Suggested Resources	of Periods per Unit
						vegetation which grows •Relationship between the natural vegetation and the crop to be grown. Circumstantial knowledge: Detailed knowledge about: •Factors to consider when selecting site for crop establishment •Horticulture crop requirement.		

Module Title			Suggested	Asse	ssment Criteria			Number
(Main Competence)	Unit Title (Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Teaching and Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge assessment	Training Requirements/ Suggested Resources	of Periods per Unit
		(b) Identifying water Sources	Brainstorming: Lead the student to define, list, and identify water sources Field visit: Lead the students to visit around the school farm to identify water sources Practical activity: Organise the students in manageable groups to identify equipment and materials for water sources	The student should be able to: •Walk around the field •Locate physical features found in the field •Identify water sources •Identify natural vegetation •Make decision of the suitability of the place •Clean tools and equipment •Store tools and equipment	Water source identified for horticultural established at suitable area for relevant crop	Knowledge Evidence Detailed knowledge of: Method used: The student should explain how to conduct an investigation on new farm Principles: The student should explain the principles of conducting farm investigation Theories: The student should explain: •Importance of locating various physical features in relation to site selection •General concepts of selecting site in horticulture crop production	The following tools, equipments and safety gears are to be available: Field Area Gum boots Overalls Caps Bush knives Note books Pens Pegs Water detector Water level meter slasher	

Module Title			Suggested	Asse	ssment Criteria			Number
(Main Competence)	Unit Title (Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Teaching and Learning Methods Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge assessment	Training Requirements/ Suggested Resources	of Periods per Unit	
						•Effect of available water and fertility status on the development of intended crop Circumstantial knowledge: Detailed knowledge about: •Factors to consider when selecting site for crop establishment •Horticulture crop requirement.		
		(c) Identifying natural vegetation	Brainstorm: Guide the students to define, list, and identify natural vegetation Field visit: Lead the students to visit around the school farm to	The student should be able to: •Walk around the field •Locate physical features found in the field •Identify landscape •Identifying natural vegetation •Make decision of the suitability of the place •Clean tools and equipment •Store tools and	Natural vegetation identified for horticultural established at suitable area for relevant crop	Knowledge Evidence Detailed knowledge of: Method used: The student should explain how to identify natural vegetation Principles: The student should explain the	The following tools, equipments and safety gears are to be available: • Field Area • Gum boots • Overalls/overcoat • Caps • Bush knives • Note books • Pens • Rain coat	

Module Title			Suggested	Asses	ssment Criteria			Number
(Main Competence)	Unit Title (Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Teaching and Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge assessment	Training Requirements/ Suggested Resources	of Periods per Unit
			identify natural vegetation Activity: Organise the student in manageable group to identify equipment and materials used in natural vegetation	equipment		principles of conducting investigation of new farm Theories: The student should explain: •Importance of locating various physical features in relation to site selection •General concepts of selecting site in horticulture production •Relationship between soil types of a given area and vegetation which grows •Relationship between the natural vegetation and the crop to be grown horticulture crop		

Module Title			Suggested	Asse	ssment Criteria			Number
(Main Competence)	Unit Title (Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Teaching and Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge assessment	Training Requirements/ Suggested Resources	of Periods per Unit
	3.2 Conducting soil analysis	(a) Collecting soil samples	Group work: Lead the students to define, identify soil sample Demonstration: Demonstrate to the student how to collect soil samples Activity: Organise the student in manageable group to identify equipment and materials for	The student should be able to: •Select tools, equipment and protective gear •Collect soil sample for analysis •Perform physical analysis •Perform local soil testing •Identify different soil colours •Observe safety precaution •Clean tools, equipment, and •Store tools and equipment	Soil sample collected conforms to lay down standards.	Circumstantial knowledge: Detailed knowledge about: •Factors to consider when selecting site for crop establishment •Horticulture crop requirement Knowledge Evidence Detailed knowledge of: Method used: The student should explain how to Collect soil samples in the field. Principles: The student should explain the principles of: •Taking soil samples •Conducting soil analysis	The following tools, equipments and safety gears are to be available:	106

Module Title			Suggested	Asse	ssment Criteria			Number
(Main Competence)	Unit Title (Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Teaching and Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge assessment	Training Requirements/ Suggested Resources	of Periods per Unit
			collecting soil samples			•Procedure for soil analysis Theories: The student should explain: •Importance of soil analysis •Types of soil •Identify different soil colours •Methods of soil sampling •Types of soil sampling •Steps in taking soil sampling •Procedure for collecting soil samples Circumstantial knowledge: Detailed knowledge about: •Occupational health and safety policy •Safe precautions in using soil kit.	• bags	

Module Title			Suggested	Asse	ssment Criteria			Number
(Main Competence)	Unit Title (Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	(Learning Learning	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge assessment	Training Requirements/ Suggested Resources	of Periods per Unit
		(b) Preparing soil samples	Discussion: Lead the students to define, list, identify, illustrate procedures of soil sampling Demonstration: Demonstrate to the student how to prepare soil samples Practical work: Organise the student in manageable groups to identify equipment and materials for preparing soil samples	The student should be able to: •Select tools, equipment and protective gear • prepare soil samples for analysis •Identify different soil colours -prepare composite soil sample	Soil sample prepared conforms to lay down standards	Knowledge Evidence Detailed knowledge of: Method used: The student should explain how to prepare soil samples Principles: The student should explain the principles of preparing soil samples Theories: The student should explain: •Importance of soil analysis •Types of soil •Interpretation of the results according to lay down standards Circumstantial	The following tools, equipments and safety gears are to be available:	

Module Title			Suggested	Asses	ssment Criteria			Number
(Main Competence)	Unit Title (Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Teaching and Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge assessment	Training Requirements/ Suggested Resources	of Periods per Unit
		(c) Conducting soil test	Brainstorming: Lead the students to define, identify, and illustrate procedure of soil test Field visit: Arrange field visit to the Research institution around the school in order student to learn how to conduct soil test Activity: Organise the	The student should be able to: •Select tools, equipment and protective gear •Perform chemical analysis •Perform physical analysis •Perform local soil testing •Identify different soil colours •Identify available micro elements in soil •Interpret analysis of the result •Determine soil texture •Determine soil texture •Observe safety precaution pertaining the use of agro- chemicals •Clean tool, equipment	Conducted soil test conforms to lay down standards	knowledge: Detailed knowledge about: •Occupational health and safety policy •Safe precautions in using soil kit. Knowledge Evidence Detailed knowledge of: Method used: The student should explain how to conduct soil test Principles: The student should explain: of: • The principles of conducting soil analysis •Procedures for soil analysis Theories: The student should	The following tools, equipments and safety gears are to be available:	
			students in	and work place		explain:		

Module Title			Suggested	Asse	ssment Criteria			Number
(Main Competence)	Unit Title (Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Teaching and Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge assessment	Training Requirements/ Suggested Resources	of Periods per Unit
			manageable groups to identify equipment and materials used for soil test	•Store tools and equipment		•Importance of soil analysis •Types of soil •Identify different soil colours •Methods of soil sampling •Types of soil sampling •Explain process of soil testing •Relationship between soil colour and texture •Importance of soil pH in soil analysis •Procedure for soli testing •Interpretation of the results according to lay down standards Circumstantial knowledge: Detailed knowledge about:		

Module Title			Suggested	Asses	ssment Criteria			Number
(Main Competence)	Unit Title (Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Teaching and Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge assessment	Training Requirements/ Suggested Resources	of Periods per Unit
						•Occupational health and safety policy •Safe precautions in using soil kit.		
	3.3 Performing land clearing	(a) Performing hand land clearing	Discussion: Lead the students to define, list, identify, and illustrate procedures of hand land clearing Practical demonstration: Demonstrate to the student how to perform hand land clearing Practical work: Organise the students in	The student should be able to: •Select farm tools •Cut trees •Remove stumps •Remove grasses •Burn the removed stumps and grasses •Refill the holes •Level the land •Observe safety precautions pertaining the use of implements •Clean all tools •Store all tools	Hand land cleared according to crop husbandry practices	Knowledge Evidence Detailed knowledge of: Method used: The student shouldexplain how to clear the land Principles: The student should explain the principles of land clearing the land Theories: The student should explain: •Importance of clearing the	The following tools, equipments and safety gears are to be available:	118

Module Title			Suggested	Asse	ssment Criteria			Number
(Main Competence)	Unit Title (Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Teaching and Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge assessment	Training Requirements/ Suggested Resources	of Periods per Unit
			manageable groups to identify equipment and materials used during land clearing			land •Objective of land preparation •Advantages of land clearing •Characteristics of soils •Steps in land clearing		
						•Rules and regulations for land preparation •Types of tools, in hand land clearing. Circumstantial knowledge: Detailed knowledge about: •Occupational health and safety policy. •Observe land clearing safety		

Module Title			Suggested	Asses	ssment Criteria			Number
(Main Competence)	Unit Title (Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Teaching and Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge assessment	Training Requirements/ Suggested Resources	of Periods per Unit
						rules and regulations		
		(b) Performing mechanical land clearing	Brainstorm: Guide the student to define, list, identify, and illustrate procedures for mechanical land clearing Demonstration: Demonstrate to the student how to perform mechanical land clearing Activity: Organise the students in manageable groups to identify equipment and materials used to perform mechanical land clearing	The student should be able to: •Select farm tools, equipment and machines •Cut trees •Remove stumps •Remove grasses •Burn the removed stumps and grasses •Refill the holes •Level the land •Observe safety precautions pertaining the use of implements •Clean tools, equipment and machine •Store tools, equipment and machines.	Mechanical land cleared according to crop husbandry practices	Knowledge Evidence Detailed knowledge of: Method used: The student should explain how to clear the land mechanically Principles: The student should explain the principles of land clearing Theories: The student should explain: •Importance of clearing the land mechanically •Objective of land preparation •Advantages of land clearing •Characteristics of soils •Steps in land	The following tools, equipments and safety gears are to be available:	

Module Title			Suggested	Asse	ssment Criteria			Number
(Main Competence)	Unit Title (Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Learning	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge assessment	Training Requirements/ Suggested Resources	of Periods per Unit
						clearing •Rules and regulations of land preparation •Implements used in land clearing •Types of tools, equipment and machines used in land clearing. Circumstantial knowledge: Detailed knowledge about: •Occupational health and safety policy. •Observe land clearing safety rules and regulations		
	3.4 Performing land tillage	(a) Conducting ploughing	Discussion: Lead the student to define, list, identify, and illustrate procedures of	The student should be able to: •Select farm tools, equipment and machine •Identify machineries and equipment for ploughing •Till by using hand hoe	Ploughing conducted according to crop husbandry practices	Knowledge Evidence Detailed knowledge of: Method used: The student should explain	The following tools, equipments and safety gears are to be available:	147

Module Title			Suggested	Asses	ssment Criteria			Number
(Main Competence)	Unit Title (Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Teaching and Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge assessment	Training Requirements/ Suggested Resources	of Periods per Unit
			Demonstration: Demonstrate to the student how to conduct ploughing Practical work: Organise the students in manageable groups to identify equipment and materials for conducting ploughing	Plough by using tractor Observe safety precautions pertaining the use of implements and machines Clean tools, equipment and machine Store tools, equipment and machines		how to Conduct ploughing Principles: The student should explain the principles of Land tillage Theories: The student should explain: •Importance of land tillage •Types of land tillage •Implements used in land tillage •Machineries used for land tillage •Types of tools, equipment and machines used in land tillage Circumstantial knowledge: Detailed knowledge about: •Occupational health and	 Cultivator Harrows Gum boots Overalls Gloves Caps Spades Animal drawn mould old plough Animal drawn ridge Subsoiler 	

Module Title			Suggested	Asse	ssment Criteria			Number
(Main Competence)	Unit Title (Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Teaching and Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge assessment	Training Requirements/ Suggested Resources	of Periods per Unit
		(b) Conducting	Question and answer:	The student should be able to:	Harrowing conducted	safety policy. •Observe land clearing safety rules and regulations Knowledge Evidence	The following tools, equipments and safety gears	
		harrowing	Lead the students to define, list, identify, and illustrate procedures of conducting harrowing	•Select farm tools, equipment and machine •Identify machines and equipment for harrowing •Harrowing by using tractor •Observe safety precautions pertaining the use of implements and •Clean tools, equipment	according to crop husbandry practices	Detailed knowledge of: Method used: The student should explain how to conduct harrowing Principles: The student should explain the	are to be available:	
			Demonstration: Demonstrate to the student how to conduct harrowing Activity:	and machine •Store tools, equipment and machines •Clean tools, equipment and machine •Store tools, equipment and machines		principles of Land tillage Theories: The student should explain: •Importance of conducting	 Ox- cultivator Ox-tine Gum boot Power tiller 	
			Organise the students in manageable groups to identify equipment and materials to conduct			harrowing Implements used in harrowing Machineries used for harrowing Types of tools,		

Module Title			Suggested	Asses	ssment Criteria			Number
(Main Competence)	Unit Title (Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Teaching and Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge assessment	Training Requirements/ Suggested Resources	of Periods per Unit
			harrowing			equipment and machines used in harrowing Circumstantial knowledge: Detailed knowledge about: •Occupational health and safety policy. •Observe land clearing safety rules and regulations		
		(c) Preparing seedbeds	Buzz group: Lead the students to define, list, identify, and illustrate procedures for preparation of seedbeds Demonstration: Demonstrate to the student how to prepare seedbeds	The student should be able to: •Select farm tools, equipment and machine •Identify machineries and equipment for making seedbeds •Observe safety precautions pertaining the use of implements and Machines •Clean tools, equipment and machine •Store tools, equipment and machines.	Seedbeds prepared according to crop husbandry practices	Knowledge Evidence Detailed knowledge of: Method used: The student should explain how to prepare seedbeds Principles: The student should explain the principles of seedbeds Theories: The	The following tools, equipments and safety gears are to be available:	

Module Title			Suggested	Asse	ssment Criteria			Number
(Main Competence)	Unit Title (Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Teaching and Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge assessment	Training Requirements/ Suggested Resources	of Periods per Unit
			Activity: Organise the student in manageable group to identify equipment and materials for preparing seedbeds			student should explain: Importance of seedbed Types of seedbeds Implements used to prepare seedbed Machineries used for ridge Types of tools, equipment and machines used in prepare seedbed. Circumstantial knowledge: Detailed knowledge about: Occupational health and safety policy. Observe land clearing safety rules and regulations	Watering can Manure fertilizer	
		(d) Preparing ridges	Discussion: Instruct the students to	The student should be able to: •Select farm tools,	Ridges prepared according to crop husbandry	Knowledge Evidence Detailed	The following tools, equipments and safety gears are to be available:	

Module Title			Suggested	Asses	ssment Criteria			Number
(Main Competence)	Unit Title (Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Teaching and Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge assessment	Training Requirements/ Suggested Resources	of Periods per Unit
			define, list, identify, illustrate procedures of preparing ridges Demonstration: Demonstrate to the student how to prepare ridges Practical work: Organise the students in manageable groups to identify equipment and materials used to prepare ridges	equipment and machine •Identify machineries and equipment for making ridges •Observe safety precautions pertaining the use of implements and machines	practices	knowledge of: Method used: The student should explain how to prepare ridges Principles: The student should explain the principles of ridges Theories: The student should explain: •Importance of ridges •Types of ridges •Implements used in making ridges •Machineries used for land tillage	 Tractor Mouldboard Plough Ridger Gum boot Overall/overcoat Plastic gloves Caps Spade Rake Ox-drawing ridger 	
				•Clean tools, equipment		•Types of tools,		

Module Title			Suggested	Asses	ssment Criteria			Number
(Main Competence)	Unit Title (Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Teaching and Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge assessment	Training Requirements/ Suggested Resources	of Periods per Unit
				and machine •Store tools, equipment and machines.		equipment and machines used in land tillage. Circumstantial knowledge: Detailed knowledge about: •Occupational health and safety policy. •Observe land clearing safety rules and regulations		
4.0 Sowing, Planting, and transplanting	4.1 Selecting good quality seeds	(a) Performing germination test	Brainstorming: Lead the students to Define germination, and illustrate steps of germination test Practical demonstration: Demonstrate to the student how to perform germination test Activity:	The student should be able to: •Select tools, equipment and safety gear •Select seed variety •Clean the seeds •Remove unwanted materials (foreign) •Select good quality seeds •Put selected seeds into a container •Perform seed germination test •Observe safety precautions •Clean tools and equipment	Germination test performed as per quality standards	Knowledge Evidence Detailed knowledge of: Method used: The student should explain how to perform germination test Principles: The student should explain the principles of seed selection. Theories: The	The following tools, equipments and safety gears are to be available:	108

Module Title			Suggested	Asse	Assessment Criteria			Number
(Main Competence)	Unit Title (Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Teaching and Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge assessment	Training Requirements/ Suggested Resources	of Periods per Unit
			Organise the students in manageable groups to identify equipment and materials used for germination test	•Store tools and equipment		student should explain: •Characteristic of good quality seeds •Importance of seed selection •Similar to that under methods) •Types of seeds for horticultural crops •Selection of quality seeds •Uses of tools Circumstantial knowledge: Detailed knowledge about: safe precautions in selecting good quality seeds		
		(b) Performing soaking seed test	Assign the students to define, identify tools and illustrate procedure soaking seed	The student should be able to: •Select tools, equipment and safety gear •Select seed variety •Clean the seeds •Remove unwanted materials (foreign)	Soaking seed test as per required procedures	Knowledge Evidence Detailed knowledge of: Method used: The student should explain how to	The following tools, equipments and safety gears are to be available:	

Module Title			Suggested	Asses	ssment Criteria			Number
(Main Competence)	Unit Title (Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Learning Activities) Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge assessment	Training Requirements/ Suggested Resources	of Periods per Unit	
			Group work: Organise the students in manageable groups to discuss how to perform soaking seed test Activity: Organise the students in manageable group to identify equipment and materials used to perform soaking seed test	•Select good quality seeds •Put selected seeds into a container •Perform seed germination •Observe safety precautions •Clean tools and equipment •Store tools and equipment		perform soaking seed test Principles: The student should explain the principles of Seed selection. Theories: The student should explain: •Characteristic of good quality seeds •Importance of seed selection •Similar to that under methods) •Types of seeds for horticultural crops •Selection of quality seeds •Uses of tools Circumstantial knowledge: Detailed knowledge about: safe precautions in selecting good	 Gunny bags Containers Trays Traditional trays (ungo) Quality seeds Water Buckets Seed 	

Module Title			Suggested	Asse	essment Criteria			Number
(Main Competence)	Unit Title (Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Teaching and Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge assessment	Training Requirements/ Suggested Resources	of Periods per Unit
						quality seeds		
		(c) Performing winnowing	Brainstorm: Lead the students to Define winnowing, and illustrate procedures of winnowing Peer teaching: Demonstrate to the student how to perform winnowing Practical work: Assign the students in manageable groups to identify equipment and materials used to perform winnowing	The student should be able to: •Select tools, equipment and safety gear •Sort seed variety •Clean the seeds •Remove unwanted materials (foreign) •Put seed into the sieve •Observe safety precautions •Clean tools and equipment •Store tools and equipment	Winnowing performed as per quality standards	Knowledge Evidence Detailed knowledge of: Method used: The student should explain how to select good quality seeds. Principles: The student should explain the principles of seed selection. Theories: The student should explain: •Importance of seed selection •Types of seeds for horticultural crops -Important of winnowing •Selection of quality seeds •Uses of tools Circumstantial knowledge:	The following tools, equipments and safety gears are to be available:	

Module Title			Suggested	Asse	ssment Criteria			Number
(Main Competence)	Unit Title (Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	arning Learning	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge assessment	Training Requirements/ Suggested Resources	of Periods per Unit
						Detailed knowledge about safe precautions in selecting good quality seeds		
		(d) Selecting suitable seeds	Discussion: Lead the students in manageable groups to identify characteristics of suitable seeds Field visit: Make a visit with students to the near Agro dealers shop to learn how to select suitable seeds Practical work: Organise the students in manageable group to identify suitable seeds	The student should be able to: •Select tools, equipment and safety gear •Select seed variety •Select good quality seeds •Put selected seeds into a container •Observe safety precautions •Clean tools and equipment •Store tools and equipment	Select suitable seeds as per quality standards and geographical location	Knowledge Evidence Detailed knowledge of: Method used: The student should explain how to Select good quality seeds Principles: The student should explain the principles of seed selection. Theories: The student should explain: •Characteristic of good quality seeds •Importance of seed selection •Types of seeds	The following tools, equipments and safety gears are to be available: Overalls Gloves Gum boots Caps Plastic bags Gunny bags Containers Trays Uraditional trays Quality seeds	

Module Title			Suggested	Asse	ssment Criteria			Number
(Main Competence)	Unit Title (Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Teaching and Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge assessment	Training Requirements/ Suggested Resources	of Periods per Unit
	4.2 Selecting good quality planting materials	(a) Identifying features of good quality vines	Question and answer: Lead the student to define, list tools and identify features of good quality vines Demonstration: Demonstrate to the student how to identify features of good quality vines Activity:	The student should be able to: •Select farm tools, equipment and machines •Select good quality vines •Determine recommended length of planting materials. •Determine spacing •Determine planting depth •Determine planting method •Plant the selected plant materials •Clean the tools and equipment Store the tools and equipment	Features of good quality vine identified according to crop husbandry practices	for horticultural crops •Selection of quality seeds •Uses of tools Circumstantial knowledge: Detailed knowledge about: safe precautions in selecting good quality seeds Knowledge Evidence Detailed knowledge of: Method used: The student should explain how to identify features of good quality vines Principles: The student should explain principles of selecting	The following tools, equipments and safety gears are to be available: • Hand hoes • Gum boots • Overalls • Gloves • Caps • Containers • Tape measures/rulers • Ropes • knives • Digging shovel • Net bag • Water • Disinfectant	128

Module Title			Suggested	Asse	ssment Criteria			Number
(Main Competence)	Unit Title (Specific Competences)	(Learning Learning Activities) Methods	Teaching and Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge assessment	Training Requirements/ Suggested Resources	of Periods per Unit
			Organise the student in manageable group to identify equipment and materials used to identify good quality vines			relevant quality planting materials for each variety or type of crop Theories: The student should explain: •Types of planting materials •Planting methods •Identify tools, equipment and machines used for planting materials •Plant population determination •Determination of spacing •Determination of planting depth Circumstantial knowledge: Detailed knowledge about Planting	• Root hormone	

Module Title			Suggested	Asse	ssment Criteria			Number
(Main Competence)	Unit Title (Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Teaching and Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge assessment	Training Requirements/ Suggested Resources	of Periods per Unit
		(b) Identifying features of good quality tubers	Brainstorm: Guide the student to define, list and identify features of good quality tubers Field visit: Make a visit with student to the nearby farm around the school to learn how to identify features of good quality tubers Activity: Lead the students in manageable	The student should be able to: •Select farm tools, equipment and machines •Select good quality tubers •Determine recommended length of planting materials. •Determine spacing •Determine planting depth •Determine planting method •Plant the selected plant material •Clean the tools and equipment Store the tools and equipment	Features of good quality tuber identified according to crop husbandry practices	materials requirements for various horticultural crops Knowledge Evidence Detailed knowledge of: Method used: The student should explain how to identify features of good quality tubers Principles: The student should explain principles of: •Select relevant quality planting materials for each variety or type of crop Theories: The student should	The following tools, equipments and safety gears are to be available: • Hand hoes • Gum boots • Overalls • Gloves • Caps • Containers • Tape measures/rulers • Ropes • knives • Digging shovel • Net bags	
			groups to identify good quality tubers			explain: •Types of planting materials •Planting		

Module Title			Suggested	Asses	ssment Criteria			Number
(Main Competence)	Unit Title (Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Teaching and Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge assessment	Training Requirements/ Suggested Resources	of Periods per Unit
						methods •Identify tools, equipment and machines used for planting materials •Plant population determination •Determination of spacing •Determination of planting depth Circumstantial knowledge: Detailed knowledge about: •planting material requirements of various horticultural crops		
		(c) Identifying features of good quality suckers	Buzz group: Lead the students in small groups to define, list and identify features of good	The student should be able to: •Select farm tools, equipment and machines •Select good quality vines •Determine recommended length of planting	Features of good quality suckers identified according to crop husbandry practices	Evidence Detailed knowledge of: Method used: The student should explain	The following tools, equipments and safety gears are to be available: • Hand hoes • Gum boots • Overalls • Gloves	

Module Title			Suggested	Asses	ssment Criteria			Number
(Main Competence)	Unit Title (Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Teaching and Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge assessment	Training Requirements/ Suggested Resources	of Periods per Unit
			quality suckers Demonstration: Demonstrate to the student how to identify good quality suckers Activity: Guide the students in manageable groups to identify equipment and materials for identifying good quality suckers	materials. •Determine spacing •Determine planting depth •Determine planting method •Plant the selected plant material •Clean the tools and equipment • Store the tools and equipment		how to Identify features of good quality suckers Principles: The student should explain principles of selecting relevant quality planting materials for each variety or type of crop Theories: The student should explain: •Types of planting materials •Planting methods •Identify tools, equipment and machines used for planting materials •Plant population determination •Determination	 Caps Containers Tape measures/rulers Ropes knives Digging shovel Bags Water 	

Module Title			Suggested	Asses	ssment Criteria			Number
(Main Competence)	Unit Title (Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Teaching and Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge assessment	Training Requirements/ Suggested Resources	of Periods per Unit
		(d) Identifying features of good quality cuttings	Discussion: Lead the students to define, list, and identify features of quality cuttings Role play: Guide the student how to identify features of good quality cuttings Activity: Organise the	The student should be able to: •Select farm tools, equipment and machines •Select good quality vines •Determine recommended length of planting materials. •Determine spacing •Determine planting depth •Determine planting method •Plant the selected plant material •Clean the tools and equipment Store the tools and	Features of good quality cutting identified according to crop husbandry practices	of spacing •Determination of planting depth Circumstantial knowledge: Detailed knowledge about planting material requirements of various horticultural crops Knowledge Evidence Detailed knowledge of: Method used: The student should explain how to identify features of good quality cuttings Principles: The student should explain principles of: •Select relevant quality planting	The following tools, equipments and safety gears are to be available: • Hand hoes • Gum boots • Overalls • Gloves • Caps • Containers • Tape measures/rulers • Ropes • knives • Digging shovel	

Module Title			Suggested	Asse	ssment Criteria			Number
(Main Competence)	Unit Title (Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Teaching and Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge assessment	Training Requirements/ Suggested Resources	of Periods per Unit
			students in manageable groups to identify equipment and materials used in sorting good quality cuttings	equipment		materials for each variety or type of crop Theories: The student should explain: •Types of planting materials •Planting methods •Identify tools, equipment and machines used for planting materials •Plant population determination •Determination of spacing •Determination of planting depth Circumstantial knowledge: Detailed knowledge about planting material requirements of		

Module Title			Suggested	Asses	ssment Criteria			Number
(Main Competence)	Unit Title (Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities) Teaching and Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge assessment	Training Requirements/ Suggested Resources	of Periods per Unit	
		(e) Identifying features of good quality mushroom spawns	Brainstorm: Guide the students to define, list, and identify features of good quality mushroom spawns Demonstration: Demonstrate to the student how to identify features of good quality mushroom spawns Activity: Organise the students in manageable groups to identify equipment and materials used for identification of	The student should be able to: •Select farm tools, equipment and machines •Select good quality vines •Determine recommended length of planting materials. •Determine spacing •Determine planting depth •Determine planting method •Plant the selected plant material •Clean the tools and equipment Store the tools and equipment	Features of good quality mushroom spawns identified according to crop husbandry practices	various horticultural crops Knowledge Evidence Detailed knowledge of: Method used: The student should explain how to identify features of good quality mushroom spawns Principles: The student should explain principles of: •Selecting relevant quality planting materials for each variety or type of crop Theories: The student should explain: •Types of planting	The following tools, equipments and safety gears are to be available: • Hand hoes • Gum boots • Overalls • Gloves • Caps • Containers • Tape measures/rulers • Ropes • knives • Digging shovel • Net bags • trays	
			good quality			materials		

Module Title			Suggested	Asse	ssment Criteria			Number
(Main Competence)	Unit Title (Specific Competences)	(Learning Activities)	Teaching and Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge assessment	Training Requirements/ Suggested Resources	of Periods per Unit
			mushroom spawns			•Planting methods •Identify tools, equipment and machines used for planting materials •Plant population determination •Determination of spacing •Determination of planting depth Circumstantial knowledge: Detailed knowledge about planting material requirements of various horticultural crops		
	4.3 Performing seed sowing	(a) Performing broadcastin g	Group work: Lead the students to define, list, and identify broadcasting	The student should be able to: •Select farm tools, equipment and machines •Calculate seed rate of different vegetables	Broadcasting performed according to crop husbandry practices	Knowledge evidence: Detailed knowledge of: Method used: The student	The following tools, equipments and safety gears are to be available:	78

Module Title			Suggested	Asse	ssment Criteria			Number
(Main Competence)	Unit Title (Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Teaching and Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge assessment	Training Requirements/ Suggested Resources	of Periods per Unit
			Demonstration: Demonstrate to the student how to perform broadcasting Practical work: Organise the students in manageable groups to identify equipment and materials used on perming broadcasting	•Calculate seed rate of different spices •Calculate seed rate of different ornamental •Determine planting method (direct seeding, hill, and drilling) •Sow the selected seed •Observe safety precautions when handling tools and equipment •Clean tools and equipment •Store tools and equipment		should explain how to: •Perform broadcasting Principles: The student should explain the principles of •determining the seeding rate of different crops Theories: The student should explain: •Importance of broadcast •Sowing methods for vegetables •Sowing methods for spices •Sowing methods for ornamental plants •Tools, machines and equipment used for sowing	 Caps Containers Tractor Bags Seed drill planter Seed spreader 	

Module Title			Suggested	Asses	ssment Criteria			Number
(Main Competence)	Unit Title (Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	(Learning Learning	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge assessment	Training Requirements/ Suggested Resources	of Periods per Unit
		(b) Performing drilling	Question and answer: Guide the students to define drilling, list and illustrate procedures to perform drilling Demonstration: Demonstrate to the student how to perform drilling Practical work: Organise the students in	The student should be able to: •Select farm tools, equipment and machines •Calculate seed rate of different vegetables •Calculate seed rate of different spices •Calculate seed rate of different ornamentals •Determine spacing •Determine planting depth •Determine planting method (direct seeding, hill planting, and drilling) •Sow the selected seed •Observe safety precautions when	Drilling performed according to crop husbandry practices	•Seed rate and plant population determination Circumstantial knowledge: Detailed knowledge about seed sowing requirements of different seeds Knowledge evidence: Detailed knowledge of: Method used: The student should explain how to pperform drilling Principles: The student should explain the explain the principles of •determining the seeding rate of different	The following tools, equipments and safety gears are to be available:	
			manageable group to identify	handling tools and equipment		crops Theories:		

Module Title			Suggested	Asse	ssment Criteria			Number
(Main Competence)	Unit Title (Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Teaching and Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge assessment	Training Requirements/ Suggested Resources	of Periods per Unit
			equipment and materials to perform drilling	•Clean tools and equipment •Store tools and equipment		The student should explain: Importance of seed sowing Sowing methods for vegetables Sowing methods for spices Sowing methods for spices Sowing methods for ornamental plants Tools, machines and equipment used for sowing Seed rate and plant population determination Determination Indicate the control of spacing Indicate the control of planting depth Circumstantial knowledge: Detailed knowledge about		

Module Title			Suggested	Asses	ssment Criteria			Number
(Main Competence)	Unit Title (Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	g Learning	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge assessment	Training Requirements/ Suggested Resources	of Periods per Unit
		(c) Performing dibbling	Discussion: Lead the student to define dibbling Demonstration: Demonstrate to the student how to perform dibbling Activity: Guide the student in manageable groups to identify equipment and materials used to perform dibbling	The student should be able to: •Select farm tools, equipment and machines •Calculate seed rate of different vegetables •Calculate seed rate of different fruits •Calculate seed rate of different spices •Calculate seed rate of different ornamentals •Determine spacing •Determine planting depth •Determine planting method (direct seeding, hill, and drilling) •Sow the selected seed •Observe safety precautions when handling tools and equipment •Clean tools and equipment •Store tools and equipment	Dibbling performed according to crop husbandry practices	seed sowing requirements of different seeds Knowledge evidence: Detailed knowledge of: Method used: The student should explain how to perform dibbling Principles: The student should explain the principles of determining the seeding rate of different crops Theories: Student should explain: Importance of seed sowing Sowing methods for vegetables Sowing methods for fruits	The following tools, equipments and safety gears are to be available:	

Module Title			Suggested	Asse	ssment Criteria			Number
(Main Competence)	Unit Title (Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	earning Learning	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge assessment	Training Requirements/ Suggested Resources	of Periods per Unit
						•Sowing methods for spices •Sowing methods for ornamental plants •Tools, machines and equipment used for sowing •Seed rate and plant population determination •Determination of spacing •Determination of planting depth Circumstantial knowledge Detailed knowledge about seed sowing requirements of different seeds		
	4.4 Performing planting of vegetative	(a) Performing planting of suckers	Question and answer: Guide the students to	The student should be able to: •Select farm tools, equipment and machines	Planting of suckers are performed according to	Knowledge evidence: Detailed knowledge of:	The following tools, equipments and safety gears are to be available: • Hand hoes	120

Module Title			Suggested	Asse	ssment Criteria			Number
(Main Competence)	Unit Title (Specific Competences)	ecific (Learning Activities)	rring Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge assessment	Training Requirements/ Suggested Resources	of Periods per Unit
	materials		identify, list, and illustrate procedures of planting suckers Field visit: Organise a trip to visit the field in order to learn how to perform planting of suckers Practical work: Guide the students in manageable groups to identify equipment and materials used on planting suckers	•Select the quality vegetative materials •Prepare suitable suckers •Prepare suitable bulbs •Prepare recommended planting holes •Plant vegetative materials •Observe safety precautions when handling tools and equipment •Clean the tools and equipment •Store the tools and equipment	crop husbandry practices	Method used: The student should explain how to perform planting of suckers Principles: The student should explain the principles of planting different vegetative materials of varieties/crops. Theories: The student should explain: • different types of planting materials • Characteristics of rootstock for fruit crop • Characteristics of scion for fruit crop • Characteristics of bud for fruit crop • Advantages of grafting and	 Gum boots Overalls Gloves Caps Containers Tape measures/rulers Ropes knives Digging shovel Secateurs Forks Spades Dibblers Garden trowel/shovel Garden trowel/shovel Pegs 	

Module Title			Suggested	Asse	ssment Criteria			Number
(Main Competence)	Unit Title (Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Teaching and Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge assessment	Training Requirements/ Suggested Resources	of Periods per Unit
						budding •Budding techniques •Procedure of making a grafting cut •Effects of plant spacing Circumstantial knowledge: Detailed knowledge about transplanting seedlings as requirements of various horticultural crops		
		(b) Performing planting of roots and tubers	Buzz group: Lead the students in small groups to define root, tuber, and identify and illustrate procedures of planting roots and tubers Demonstration:	The student should be able to: •Select farm tools, equipment and machines •Select the quality vegetative materials •Prepare suitable tubers •Prepare recommended planting hole •Plant vegetative materials •Observe safety precautions when	Planting of root and tuber performed according to crop husbandry practices	Knowledge evidence: Detailed knowledge of: Method used: The student should explain how to perform planting of root and tuber Principles: The student should	The following tools, equipments and safety gears are to be available: • Hand hoes • Gum boots • Overalls • Gloves • Caps • Containers • Ropes • knives • Digging shovel • Hand forks	

Module Title			Suggested	Asses	ssment Criteria			Number
(Main Competence)	Unit Title (Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Teaching and Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge assessment	Training Requirements/ Suggested Resources	of Periods per Unit
			Demonstrate to the student how to perform planting of roots and tubers Activity: Guide the students in manageable groups to identify equipment and materials for planting of roots and tubers crops	handling tools and equipment •Clean the tools and equipment •Store the tools and equipment		explain the principles of planting different vegetative materials of varieties/crops. Theories: The student should identify: •different types of planting materials •Characteristics of rootstock for root and tuber crop •Effects of plant spacing Circumstantial knowledge: Detailed knowledge about •transplanting seedlings as requirements of various horticultural crops	 Spades Dibblers Garden trowel/shovel Garden hand rake Garden trowel/shovel Pegs 	
		(c) Performing	Brainstorm:	The student should be	Planting of	Knowledge	The following tools,	

Module Title			Suggested	Asse	ssment Criteria			Number
(Main Competence)	Unit Title (Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Teaching and Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge assessment	Training Requirements/ Suggested Resources	of Periods per Unit
		planting of cuttings	Guide the student to identify and illustrate procedures of planting cuttings Practical work: Guide the student to participate on planting of cuttings Activity: Organise the students in manageable groups to identify equipment and materials used during planting of cuttings	able to: •Select farm tools, equipment and machines •Select the quality vegetative materials •Prepare suitable cuttings •Prepare recommended planting hole •Plant vegetative materials •Observe safety precautions when handling tools and equipment •Clean the tools and equipment •Store the tools and equipment	cuttings performed according to crop husbandry practices	evidence: Detailed knowledge of: Method used: The student should explain how to perform planting of cuttings Principles: The student should explain the principles of planting different vegetative materials of varieties/crops. Theories: The student should explain: •Identify different type of planting materials •Characteristics of rootstock for cutting crop •Characteristics of bud for fruit crop	equipments and safety gears are to be available: • Hand hoes • Gum boots • Overalls • Gloves • Caps • Containers • Tape measures/rulers • Ropes • knives • Digging shovel • Secateurs • Hand forks • Spades • Dibblers • Garden trowel/shovel	

Module Title			Suggested	Asse	ssment Criteria			Number
(Main Competence)	Unit Title (Specific Competences)	c (Learning	Teaching and Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge assessment	Training Requirements/ Suggested Resources	of Periods per Unit
						•Advantages of grafting and budding •Budding •Budding techniques •Procedure of making a grafting cut •Effects of planting spacing Circumstantial knowledge: Detailed knowledge about: •Transplanting seedlings as requirements of various horticultural crops		
		(d) Performing planting of vines	Discussion: Assign the students to Define vines, list tools, identify, and illustrate the procedures of planting vines	The student should be able to: •Select farm tools, equipment and machines •Select the quality vegetative materials •Prepare suitable vines •Prepare recommended planting hole •Plant vegetative	Planting of vine are performed according to crop husbandry practices	Knowledge evidence: Detailed knowledge of: Method used: The student should explain how to: perform planting of	The following tools, equipments and safety gears are to be available: • Hand hoes • Gum boots • Overalls • Gloves • Caps • Containers • Ropes	

Module Title			Suggested	Asses	ssment Criteria			Number
(Main Competence)	Unit Title (Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Teaching and Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge assessment	Training Requirements/ Suggested Resources	of Periods per Unit
			Demonstration: Demonstrate to the student how to perform planting of vines Practical work: Organise the students in manageable groups to identify equipment and materials of planting vines	materials •Observe safety precautions when handling tools and equipment •Clean the tools and equipment •Store the tools and equipment		vines Principles: The student should explain the principles of planting different vegetative materials of varieties/crops. Theories: The student should explain: •Identify different types of planting material •Characteristics of scion for fruit crop •Effects of planting spacing Circumstantial knowledge: Detailed knowledge about: •Transplanting seedlings as requirements of various	 knives Digging shovel Hand forks Spades Garden trowel/shovel Garden hand rake 	

Module Title			Suggested	Asses	ssment Criteria			Number
(Main Competence)	Unit Title (Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Clements Teaching and Learning Learning		Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge assessment	Training Requirements/ Suggested Resources	of Periods per Unit
						horticultural crops		

Form Two

 Table 4: Detailed Contents for Form Two

Module Title	Unit Title		Suggested		Assessment Crit	eria	Training	Number
(Main Competence)	(Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Teaching and Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge Assessment	Requirements/ Suggested Resources	of Periods per Unit
1.0 Managing ornamental gardens	1.1 Designing landscape	(a) Preparing sketch map of an area	Discussion: Lead the students in manageable groups to illustrate on procedures to draw a sketch map of the landscapes of ornamental gardens Demonstration: Demonstrate to the student how to use tools and equipment to prepare a sketch map of the ornamental gardens. Practical work: Organise the	The student should be able to: Select tools, equipment and instruments Prepare the sketch map of the school area Draw the sketch maps of different garden styles Use landscape design manuals to prepare different sketch maps Clean the working area	Sketch maps are prepared according to required rules and regulations.	Knowledge evidence: Detailed knowledge of: Method used: The student should explain how to prepare different types of sketch maps of landscapes Principles: The student should explain the principles: Drawing sketch maps of garden landscapes Theories: The student should explain: Types of sketch maps Uses of sketch map in landscape design Advantages of	The following tools, equipments and safety gears are to be available: Pens Pencils Drawing papers Ropes Rulers Compass Flip chart Marker pens Colour pencils Pencil sharpener Drawing compass set Eraser	150

Module Title	Unit Title		Suggested		Assessment Crit	eria	Training	Number of
(Main Competence)	(Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Teaching and Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge Assessment	Requirements/ Suggested Resources	Periods per Unit
			students in manageable group to prepare different types of the sketch maps of ornamental gardens	Store tools and equipment		preparing a sketch map		
		(b) Performing map drawing	Discussion: Lead the students to discuss on procedures of drawing map Demonstration: Illustrate to the students how to draw garden maps Practical work: Guide the students to draw different types of the garden maps	The student should be able to: Select tools, equipment and instruments Draw the actual map of the landscape plan of a garden Draw the map of layout of different garden styles with variety of ornamental plants Draw maps of gardens	Maps are drawn according to required rules and regulations.	Knowledge evidence: Detailed knowledge of: Method used: The student should explain how to draw different types of maps of gardens Principles: The student should explain the principles of: Drawing maps of landscapes Theories: The students should explain: Types of landscapes maps Uses of map in designing gardens Importance of	The following tools, equipments and safety gears are to be available: Pens Pencils Drawing papers Ropes Rulers Compass Flip chart Marker pens Colour pencils Pencil sharpener Drawing compass set Eraser Angle protractor	

Module Title	Unit Title		Suggested		Assessment Crit	eria	Training	Number of
(Main Competence)	(Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Teaching and Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge Assessment	Requirements/ Suggested Resources	Periods per Unit
		(c) Making different landscapes	Questions and Answers: Guide the student to define, exemplify and list types of landscapes Demonstration: Demonstrate to the students how	surrounding the school premises Draw the gardens of the community residential or town areas Clean the working area Store tools and equipment Select tools, equipment and instruments Plan and utilize different types of plants in designing landscapes Estimate the	Prepare different landscapes according to required standards, rules and regulations.	Knowledge evidence: Detailed knowledge of: Method used: The student should explain how to design different types of landscapes Principles: The student should explain the principles	The following tools, equipments and safety gears are to be available: Pens Pencils Drawing paper Spades Ropes Shovels Pots Wheelbarrow	
			to make different landscapes Field visit: Lead students to	cost for landscape projects • Prepare the landscape plan		 Landscape designs Theories: The student should explain: Types of 	 Mattocks Pruning saws Machetes Pruning shears Ropes 	

Module Title	Unit Title		Suggested		Assessment Crit	eria	Training	Number of
(Main Competence)	(Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Teaching and Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge Assessment	Requirements/ Suggested Resources	Periods per Unit
			visit nearby farms to observe different land landscapes	 Layout of different landscapes for garden styles Select suitable plants for landscaping Carry out different designs of landscapes Use landscape design manual Handle machines Use safety gear Clean tools, equipment and work Store tools and equipment 		landscapes Site analysis in landscaping Advantages of landscaping gardens Usage of natural features in landscaping Usage of different species of plants for landscaping Essence of hard landscaping and soft landscape Circumstantial knowledge: Detailed knowledge about designing landscapes and maintaining natural features in landscapes.	 Rakes Carts Garden knife Overalls Rubber gloves Safety boots Safety clear glasses Helmet Gloves Masks 	
		(d) Planting ornamental plants	Group work: Lead the students' discussion on identifying	The student should be able to: • Select tools,	Ornamental plants are planted according to required	Knowledge evidence: Detailed knowledge of:	The following tools, equipments and safety gears are to be available: • Spades	

Module Title	Unit Title		Suggested		Assessment Crit	eria	Training	Number of
(Main Competence)	(Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Teaching and Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge Assessment	Requirements/ Suggested Resources	Periods per Unit
			types of ornamental plants, planting methods, and how to prepare ornamental planting materials for planting Practical work: Demonstrate to the student how to use tools, equipment and machines to plant different ornamental plants Activity: Organise the students in manageable groups to plant different ornamental crops in the garden	equipment and instruments Plan and utilize different types of ornamental plants Design layout of different garden styles and plant ornamental plants Select suitable plants planting Handle machines Use safety gear Clean tools, equipment and work Store tools and equipment	standards and procedures	Method used: The student should explain how to plant different types of ornamental plants Theories: The student should explain: Usage of different species of plants for decorating gardens	 Ropes Pegs Tape measure Shovels Pots Wheelbarrow Mattocks Pruning saws Machetes Pruning shears Ropes Rakes Carts Garden knife Overalls Rubber gloves Safety boots Safety clear glasses Helmet Leather cloves Manure Secateurs Masks 	

Module Title	Unit Title		Suggested		Assessment Crit	eria	Training	Number of
(Main Competence)	(Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Teaching and Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge Assessment	Requirements/ Suggested Resources	Periods per Unit
	1.2 Establishing ornamental garden	(a) Designing different types of gardens	Group works: Demonstrate the students to design different types of gardens Practical work: Guide student how to use tools, equipment and machines to establish different types of flower gardens Activity: Organise the students in manageable groups to prepare different ornamental gardens	The student should be able to: Select working tools, equipment and safety gear Design different types of gardens for decorating premises Arranging different plants in ornamental gardens Maintain structure of ornamental gardens Mobserve safety precautions in handling garden tools Clean tools and	Different ornamental gardens are designed according to required standards, rules and regulations	Knowledge evidence: Detailed knowledge of: Method used: The student should explain how to design an ornamental garden Principles: The student should explain the principles of: Ornamental garden design Theories: The student should explain: Different types of ornamental gardens Importance of ornamental gardens Importance of ornamental gardens Timportance of ornamental gardens Different designs of gardens Different designs of gardens	The following tools, equipments and safety gears are to be available: Overcalls Overcoats Masks Hoes Pegs Ropes Rakes Hand slasher Mowers Secateurs Vatering cans Secateurs Pruning shear Garden hose pipes Sprinkler Hand hoes Forked hoes Spades Wheelbarrows	156

Module Title	Unit Title		Suggested		Assessment Crit	eria	Training	Number
(Main Competence)	(Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Teaching and Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge Assessment	Requirements/ Suggested Resources	of Periods per Unit
				equipment • Store tools and equipment		landscapes • Planting residential and recreational gardens		
		(b) Maintaining ornamental gardens	Questions and Answers: Guide the student to explain how to maintain ornamental plants in the garden Demonstration: Guide the students to maintain different ornamental gardens at school environment Practical: Guide the student to practice how to maintain different	The student should be able to: Select tools, equipment and instruments Prune different types of ornamental plants Control insect pests in garden crops Control garden crops diseases Control weeds in garden crops Arranging different plants in	Maintain different ornamental gardens according to required standards, rules and regulations	Knowledge evidence: Detailed knowledge of: Method used: The student should explain how to maintain an ornamental garden Principles: The student should explain the principles how to: Maintain ornamental gardens Theories: The student should explain: Importance of maintaining ornamental gardens Important tools in managing ornamental gardens	The following tools, equipments and safety gears are to be available: Overalls Overcoats Masks Hoes Manure Water Rakes Hand slasher Mowers Secateurs Watering cans Pruning shear Garden hose Sprinkler Hand hoes Forked hoes Spades Knapsack sprayers Watering can	

Module Title	Unit Title		Suggested		Assessment Crit	eria	Training	Number of
(Main Competence)	(Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Teaching and Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge Assessment	Requirements/ Suggested Resources	Periods per Unit
			ornamental gardens at school environment	ornamental gardens • Maintain ornamental gardens by applying manures and fertilizers • Irrigating gardens • Handle machines • Use safety gear • Clean tools, equipment and work • Store tools and equipment		Circumstantial knowledge: Detailed knowledge about: Designing landscapes Proper ways of maintaining residential and recreational gardens	• Pesticides	
2.0 Managing soil fertility	2.1 Preparing organic fertilizers	(a) Preparing farm yard manure (FYM)	Discussion: Guide the students in manageable groups to define, identify types of farm yard manure, and list	The student should be able to: • Select working tools, equipment and safety	Prepare FYM according to required procedures	Knowledge evidence: Detailed knowledge of: Method used: The student should explain how to prepare Farm Yard Manure (FYM)	The following tools, equipments and safety gears are to be available: Dry grass Farm yard manure Hoes Pegs	145

Module Title	Unit Title		Suggested		Assessment Crit	eria	Training	Number of
(Main Competence)	(Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Teaching and Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge Assessment	Requirements/ Suggested Resources	Periods per Unit
			procedures to prepare farm yard manure (FYM) in the farm Demonstration: Guide the student to use tools and equipment to prepare farm yard manure (FYM) at school environment Activity: Organise the students in manageable groups to prepare, preserve, and apply farm yard manure in the field at school environment	 gear Select materials required for preparing FYM Prepare different types farm yard manure (FYM) Observe safety precautions when making organic manure Preserve the collected boma manure Clean the tools and equipment Store the tools and equipment 		Principles: The student should explain the principles of preparation of FYM Theories: The student should explain: Types of Farm Yard Manure Procedure of preparing different types of Farm Yard Manure Advantages of organic manure over inorganic manure on horticultural production Importance of using FYM fertilizers to horticultural crops Materials used for making farm yard manure Procedure used to prepare FYM Reasons for preserving farm yard manures	 Tarpaulin sheets Net bags/hessian cloths Sulphate bags Garbage bins Water Overalls Garden fork Forked hoe Gum boots Spades Watering can Pruning shears Water 	

Module Title	Unit Title		Suggested		Assessment Crit	eria	Training	Number of
(Main Competence)	(Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Teaching and Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge Assessment	Requirements/ Suggested Resources	Periods per Unit
						Circumstantial knowledge: Detailed knowledge about: safe ways of handling and use of organic fertilizers		
		(b) Preparing compost manure	Brainstorming: Guide the students to define Compost manure, list materials and procedures used to make compost manure Practical demonstration: Demonstrate to the student how to use tools and equipment to prepare compost Manure Group work: Organise the students in manageable groups to prepare compost	The student should be able to: Select working tools, equipment and safety gear Select materials required for making compost Prepare compost manure Observe safety precautions when making compost manure. Preserve the	Prepare compost manure according to required procedures	Knowledge evidence: Detailed knowledge of: Method used: The students should explain how to prepare compost manure Principles: The student should explain the principles of preparing compost manure Theories: The students should explain: Procedure of preparing compost Manure Advantages of compost manure over inorganic manure on horticultural production.	The following tools, equipments and safety gears are to be available:	

Module Title	Unit Title		Suggested		Assessment Crit	eria	Training	Number
(Main Competence)	(Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Teaching and Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge Assessment	Requirements/ Suggested Resources	of Periods per Unit
			manure	collected compost manure Clean the tools and equipment Store the tools and equipment		Importance of using compost manure to horticultural crops Materials used for making compost manure Procedure used to prepare compost manure Reasons for preserving farm yard manures. Circumstantial knowledge Detailed knowledge about safe ways of handling a compost manure pit to reserve nutrients		
		(c) Incorporating green manure	Discussion: Define, list and illustrate procedures to prepare green manure Practical demonstration: Demonstrate to the student how to prepare green manure	The student should be able to: • Select working tools, equipment and safety gear • Select materials	Green manure is prepared according to required procedures and standards	Knowledge evidence: Detailed knowledge of: Method used: The student should explain how to prepare green manure Principles: The student should explain the principles of	The following tools, equipments and safety gears are to be available: Hoes Pegs Straws of crop remains Overalls Gum boots Leather cloves Leguminous	

Module Title	Unit Title		Suggested		Assessment Crit	eria	Training	Number of
(Main Competence)	(Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Teaching and Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge Assessment	Requirements/ Suggested Resources	Periods per Unit
			Practical work: Organise the students in manageable groups to prepare green manure	required for making of green manure Prepare a green manure Prepare green manure Incorporating the green manure by ploughing under Observe safety precautions when making green manure Clean the tools and equipment Store the tools and equipment		preparation of green manure Theories: The student should explain: Types of green Manure plant species Procedure of preparing different types of green manure Advantages of green manure in horticultural crop production. Importance of using green manure to horticultural crops Materials used for making green manure Procedure used to prepare green manure Reasons for including green manures in horticultural farms. Circumstantial	crops (vetches, pigeon peas, cow peas) seeds Spades Watering can Pruning shears Water Ox plough Tractor Disc plough Racks Chisel plough	

Module Title	Unit Title		Suggested		Assessment Crit	eria	Training	Number of
(Main Competence)	(Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Teaching and Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge Assessment	Requirements/ Suggested Resources	Periods per Unit
						knowledge: Detailed knowledge about safe ways of handling and use of green manure fertilizers		
2.0 Managing soil fertility	2.1 Preparing organic fertilizers	(a) Preparing liquid manure	Discussion: Lead the students in manageable groups to define liquid manure, and list types of liquid manure Demonstration: Demonstrate to the student how to use tools, equipment to prepare liquid manure Activity: Organise the students in manageable groups to prepare liquid manure in the field	The student should be able to: Select working tools, equipment and safety gear Select materials required for making liquid manure Prepare materials for preparing liquid manure Prepare different types of liquid manure	Liquid manures are prepared according to required procedures	Knowledge evidence: Detailed knowledge of: Method used: The student should explain how to prepare liquid manure Principles: The student should explain the principles of Preparation of liquid manure Theories: The student should explain: Types of liquid manure plant species Procedure of preparing different types of liquid manure Advantages of	The following tools, equipments and safety gears are to be available: • Hoes • Pegs • PVC pipes • Buckets • Leguminous plants • Leaves chopper • Rabbit urine • Overcalls • Overcoats • Knapsack sprayers • Hand sprayers • Gum boots • Forked hoes • Spades	48

Module Title	Unit Title		Suggested		Assessment Crit	eria	Training	Number of
(Main Competence)	(Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Teaching and Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge Assessment	Requirements/ Suggested Resources	Periods per Unit
				 Clean the tools and equipment Store the tools and equipment 		liquid manures in horticultural production. • Procedure used to prepare liquid manure Circumstantial knowledge: Detailed knowledge about: use of liquid manure in organic agriculture		
	2.2 Applying the fertilizer	(a) Establishing fertilizer application rate	Lead the student to define and calculate fertilizers application rates Group work: Coordinate the students in manageable groups to calibrate fertilizers use rate Practical activity: Guide the students in	The student should be able to: Select tools and equipment Identify different types of fertilizer Select method of fertilizer calibration Determine amount of fertilizer per unit area Observe	Fertilizer application rate calculations performed according to required procedures	Knowledge evidence: Detailed knowledge of: Method used: The student should explain different ways of fertilizers calibration Principles: The student should explain the principles of fertilizers calibrations Theories: The students should explain: Importance of calibration of fertilizers Benefits of fertilizers	The following tools, equipments and safety gears are to be available: Overalls Plastic cloves Gum boots Overcoats Mouth masks Caps Hand hoes Plastic basins Small plastic containers Weighing balance Fertilizer (bag) Hand sprayer Wheel barrow Hand trowels	149

Module Title	Unit Title		Suggested		Assessment Crit	eria	Training	Number of
(Main Competence)	(Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Teaching and Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge Assessment	Requirements/ Suggested Resources	Periods per Unit
			manageable groups to use the calibrated fertilizers use rate in the horticultural field	safety precaution. Clean the tools and equipment Store the tools and equipment		calibration Circumstantial knowledge: Detailed knowledge about the impacts of fertilizers to water sources	SpadesWatering canGarden hoes	
		(b) Performing foliar application	Brainstorming: Guide the student to list procedures for performing foliar fertilizer application Practical work: Guide the student in manageable groups how to use tools, equipment and machines to prepare foliar fertilizers Practical activity: Organise the students in manageable groups to	The student should be able to: Select tools and equipment Identify different types of foliar fertilizer Select method of foliar fertilizer application Determine amount of foliar fertilizer per specific crops Apply foliar	Foliar application of fertilizers performed according to required procedures	Knowledge evidence: Detailed knowledge of: Method used: The student should explain how to apply fertilizer to the plant by foliar application. Principles: The students should explain the principles of foliar fertilizer application. Theories: The student should explain: • Methods of foliar fertilizer application • Procedure of foliar fertilizer application	The following tools, equipments and safety gears are to be available: Overalls Cloves Gum boots Caps Overcoats Hand hoes Small containers Fertilizer (bag)/Bottles Liquid volume measuring bottles Weighing	

Module Title	Unit Title		Suggested		Assessment Crit	eria	Training	Number of
(Main Competence)	(Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Teaching and Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge Assessment	Requirements/ Suggested Resources	Periods per Unit
			prepare and apply foliar fertilizers at school environment	fertilizer using different methods Observe safety precaution. Clean the tools and equipment Store the tools and equipment		Circumstantial knowledge::Detailed knowledge about proper precautions in foliar fertilizers application	 balance Hand sprayer Knapsack sprayer Wheel barrow Hand trowels Buckets Spades Water 	
		(c) Performing basal application	Discussion: Lead the students in manageable groups to define basal application, and identify methods of basal application Practical demonstration: Demonstrate to the student how to use tools and equipment to prepare basal	The student should be able to: Select tools and equipment Identify different types of basal fertilizers Select method of basal fertilizer application Practice	Basal fertilizer application performed according to required procedures	Knowledge evidence: Detailed knowledge of: Method used: The student should explain how to apply basal fertilizers to the plant. Principles: The students should explain the principles of basal fertilizer application. Theories: The student should explain: • Importance of using basal	The following tools, equipments and safety gears are to be available: Overalls Overcoats Masks Eye glasses Gloves Gum boots Caps Hand hoes	

Module Title	Unit Title		Suggested		Assessment Crit	eria	Training	Number of
(Main Competence)	(Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Teaching and Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge Assessment	Requirements/ Suggested Resources	Periods per Unit
			fertilizers Practical activity: Organise the students in manageable groups to practice basal application to horticultural field at school environment	basal application by using different methods Observe safety precaution. Clean the tools and equipment Store the tools and equipment		fertilizers Types of basal fertilizers Methods of basal fertilizers application Procedure of applying basal fertilizers Basal fertilizer recommendations to crops Circumstantial knowledge: Detailed knowledge about precautions to consider in handling basal fertilizers	 Small containers Fertilizer (bag) Hand sprayer Wheel barrow Hand trowels Spades 	
		(d) Performing topdressing	Brainstorming: Guide the students to define and list topdressing fertilizers Field visit: Guide the students to visit a nearby field and train them how to use	The student should be able to: • Select tools and equipment • Identify different types of topdressing fertilizer • Select	Apply topdressing fertilizers according to required procedures	Knowledge evidence: Detailed knowledge of: Method used: The student should explain how to perform topdressing to the plants in the field Principles: The student should explain the principles of	The following tools, equipments and safety gears are to be available: Overalls Gloves Overcoats Masks Eye glasses	

Module Title	Unit Title		Suggested		Assessment Crite	eria	Training Requirements/	Number of
(Main Competence)	(Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Teaching and Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge Assessment	Suggested Resources	Periods per Unit
			tools, equipment and machines to perform topdressing. Practical activity: Organise the students in manageable groups to perform topdressing on the vegetable field at school environment	method of topdressing fertilizer application Determine amount of topdressing fertilizer Apply topdressing fertilizer using different methods Observe safety precaution. Clean the tools and equipment Store the tools and equipment		topdressing fertilizers application. Theories: The student should explain: Importance of topdressing fertilizer Types of topdressing fertilizers Methods of topdressing fertilizers application Procedure of applying topdressing fertilizer Topdressing Fertilizer Topdressing Fertilizer Factors to take into account during topdressing Advantages of topdressing fertilizers Advantages of topdressing Circumstantial knowledge: Detailed	 Gum boots Caps Small bags Hand hoes Small containers Fertilizers Hand sprayer Wheel barrow Hand trowels Spades Fertilizer spreaders Hand sprayer Knapsack sprayer 	

Module Title	Unit Title		Suggested		Assessment Crit	eria	Training	Number of
(Main Competence)	(Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Teaching and Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge Assessment	Requirements/ Suggested Resources	Periods per Unit
						knowledge prober precautions to consider in handling of topdressing fertilizers		
		(e) Performing broadcast application	Discussion: Guide the students in manageable groups to define broadcast application Demonstration: Demonstrate to the students how to use tools, equipment and machines to perform broadcast application Role play: Guide the students in manageable groups to perform broadcast application	The student should be able to: Select tools and equipment Identify different types of broadcast fertilizers Select method of broadcasting fertilizers Determine amount of broadcast fertilizer Apply fertilizer using broadcasting methods Observe safety	Perform broadcast fertilizer application according to required procedures	Knowledge evidence: Detailed knowledge of: Method used: The student should explain how to perform broadcasting of fertilizers to the field Principles: The student should explain the principles of broadcasting fertilizers. Theories: The student should explain: Importance of using broadcasting fertilizer application Methods of broadcasting fertilizers application Procedure of applying fertilizers	The following tools, equipments and safety gears are to be available: Overcoats Masks Eye glasses Gloves Gum boots Caps Tarpaulin Hand hoes Small containers Fertilizers (bag) Tractor Fertilizers spreader	

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(Main Competence)	(Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Teaching and Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge Assessment	Requirements/ Suggested Resources	Periods per Unit
				precaution. Clean the tools and equipment Store the tools and equipment		by broadcasting Factors to consider in applying fertilizers by broadcasting method Advantages of broadcasting application Broadcasting fertilizer recommendations to plants Circumstantial knowledge Detailed knowledge about precautions to consider in handling broadcasting fertilizers	Wheel barrowHand trowelsSpades	
3.0 Harvesting of horticultural crops	3.1 Estimating yield of a given crop	(a) Determining maturity indices	Brainstorming: Guide the student to define, list and exemplify the maturity indices of the crops Observation: Guide the student to observe how to	The student should be able to: • Select tools and equipment • Identify indicators for maturity signs for horticultural	Maturity indices for horticultural crops are determined by applying the different techniques according to required procedures	Knowledge evidence: Detailed knowledge of: Method used: The student should determine maturity indices for horticultural crops Principles: The student should explain the	The following tools, equipments and safety gears are to be available: Pens Note book Gumboots Caps Ladder Bags Knife Overcoats	120

Module Title	Unit Title		Suggested		Assessment Crite	eria	Training	Number of
(Main Competence)	(Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Teaching and Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge Assessment	Requirements/ Suggested Resources	Periods per Unit
			detect maturity indices of horticultural crops Practical work: Organise the students in manageable groups to determine maturity indices of crops in the field	crops Identify different plants and check for maturity indices Observe safety precautions Store tools and equipment		principles of determining maturity signs of a given crop. Theories: The student should explain: Importance of identifying the maturity signs of a given crop Identifying maturity signs for fruit crop Identifying maturity signs for vegetables Factors to consider in identifying maturity indices Identifying maturity signs for vegetables Tools used to identify maturity signs for spices Tools used to identify maturity indices Circumstantial knowledge: Detailed knowledge about accurate timing of maturity signs of the	 Gloves Gum Boots Plastic crates 	

Module Title	Unit Title		Suggested		Assessment Crit	eria	Training	Number of
(Main Competence)	(Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Teaching and Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge Assessment	Requirements/ Suggested Resources	Periods per Unit
						fruit crops harvesting.		
		(a) Performing yield estimation by random quadrant method	Discussion: Guide the students in manageable groups to define yield estimation by quadrant Group work: Guide the students in manageable groups how to use tools, equipment and machines to perform yield estimation by quadrant Practical activity: Organise the students in manageable groups to perform yield estimation by quadrant at school	The student should be able to: Select tools and equipment Select an area which is a representative of the farm Measure an area of 1m² Measure the number of plants as per square metre Calculate average yield of the crop Convert average yield of 1m² to obtain the estimate yield of the whole farm Randomly selection of	Yield estimation by random quadrant method is performed according to required procedures	Knowledge evidence: Detailed knowledge of: Method used: The student should explain how to estimate yield of a given horticultural crop by random quadrant. Principles: The student should explain the principles of estimating the yield of a given crop by quadrant Theories: The student should explain: The importance of estimating yield of a given crop by quadrant Estimating yield for fruit crop Estimating yield for vegetables Estimating yield for spices Estimating yield	The following tools, equipments and safety gears are to be available: Pegs (to make 1m² quadrant) Calculator Pens Notebook Nails Tape measures Ropes Weighing balance Gumboots Overcoats Caps Tape measures Gum Boots	

Module Title	Unit Title		Suggested		Assessment Crit	eria	Training	Number
(Main Competence)	(Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Teaching and Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge Assessment	Requirements/ Suggested Resources	of Periods per Unit
			environment	plants and weigh the yield Observe safety precautions Store tools and equipment		for ornamentals Procedure for carry out yield estimation The procedures for selection of representative farm area Tools used in yield estimation Circumstantial knowledge: Detailed knowledge about accurate measurement of the yield estimates		
		(b) Performing yield estimation by observation	Brainstorming: Guide the students to define yield estimation by observation Field Visit: Organise the students to visit nearby horticultural field and guide them how to use tools and equipment to	The student should be able to: • Select tools and equipment • Select an area which is a representative of the farm • Count the number of plants that shows	Perform yield estimation by observation according to required procedures	Knowledge evidence: Detailed knowledge of: Method used: The student should explain how to perform yield estimation for a given horticultural crop. Principles: The student should explain the principles related to estimating the yield of a given crop by	The following tools, equipments and safety gears are to be available: Calculator Pens Notebook Tape measures Ropes Weighing balance Gumboots Sulphate bags Caps Tape measures	

Module Title	Unit Title		Suggested		Assessment Crit	eria	Training	Number of
(Main Competence)	(Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Teaching and Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge Assessment	Requirements/ Suggested Resources	Periods per Unit
			perform yield estimation by observation Group work: Organise the students in manageable groups to perform yield estimation by observation in a horticultural crop	maturity signs Observe safety precautions Store tools and equipment		observation. Theories: The student should explain: Importance of estimating yield of a given crop by observation Estimating yield for flowers Procedures for selection of representative farm area by observation Tools used in yield estimation Circumstantial knowledge: Detailed knowledge about accurate measurement of the estimated yield	Weighing scale Gum Boots	
	3.2 Performing harvesting of horticulture crops	(a) Harvesting roots and tubers vegetable	Discussion: Guide the students in manageable groups to list and illustrate the procedures to harvest root and	The student should be able to: • Select tools, equipment and machines	Roots and tuber crops are harvested according to required practices	Knowledge evidence: Detailed knowledge of: Method used: The student should be able to explain how to harvest root and tuber	The following tools, equipments and safety gears are to be available: Overalls Gum boots Caps Plastic/gunny	150

Module Title	Unit Title		Suggested		Assessment Crit	eria	Training Requirements/	Number of
(Main Competence)	(Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Teaching and Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge Assessment	Suggested Resources	Periods per Unit
			ruber vegetable crops Practical demonstration: Demonstrate to the student how to use tools, equipment and machines to perform harvesting of root and tuber vegetables Group work: Organise the students in manageable groups to perform harvesting of root and tuber vegetables at school environment	 Identify harvesting methods for roots and tuber crops Harvest vegetables Harvest root and tuber spices Dig the root and tubers Pack the harvested horticultural crop Observe safety precaution Clean the tools and equipment Store the tools and equipment 		vegetable horticultural crops. Principles: The student should explain principles of harvesting roots and tuber vegetable crops Theories: The student should explain: Describe different methods of harvesting roots and tuber vegetable crops Harvesting methods for roots crops Proper handling of roots and tuber crops Factors to consider during harvesting of roots and tuber vegetable crops Importance of harvesting mature tuber crops Harvesting of root vegetable with	bags Sickle/knife Hand hoes Containers Plastic buckets Net bags Diggers Reapers Combine harvester Mats Plastic sheets Baskets Fork hoes Machete	

Module Title	Unit Title		Suggested		Assessment Crite	eria	Training	Number of
(Main Competence)	(Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Teaching and Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge Assessment	Requirements/ Suggested Resources	Periods per Unit
						similar maturity • Effect of harvesting roots and tuber crop under unfavourable conditions Circumstantial knowledge: Detailed knowledge about safe handling of harvested crop		
		(b) Harvesting leaf vegetable crops	Discussion: Guide the students to harvest leaf vegetable crops Demonstration: Guide the students how to use tools, equipment and machines to harvest leaf vegetable crops Practical work: Organise the students in manageable	The student should be able to: Select tools, equipment and machines Identify harvesting methods for leaf vegetables Pick the vegetables Cut the leaves Harvest vegetables	Leaf vegetable crops is harvested according to required practices	Knowledge evidence: Detailed knowledge of: Method used: The student should explain how to harvest leaf vegetable crops Principles: The students should explain principles of harvesting leaf vegetable crops Theories: The students	The following tools, equipments and safety gears are to be available: Overalls Gum boots Caps Plastic/gunny bags Sickle/knife Hand hoes Containers Plastic buckets Diggers Reapers Combine harvester Mats	

Module Title	Unit Title		Suggested		Assessment Crit	eria	Training	Number of
(Main Competence)	(Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Teaching and Learning Methods	Process Assessment Assessment Assessment	Knowledge Assessment	Requirements/ Suggested Resources	Periods per Unit	
			group to harvest and pack leaf vegetable crops	 Pack the harvested crop Observe safety precaution Clean the tools and equipment Store the tools and equipment 		 Maturity indices for fruits, leafy vegetable, fruit vegetable crops, spices and ornamental plants Importance of harvesting mature leaf crop Describe how to keep the vegetable leaves fresh Harvesting methods Harvesting of leafy vegetables that have similar maturity Harvesting leafy and fruit vegetables which do not mature at the same time. Effect of harvesting leaf crop under unfavourable conditions Circumstantial knowledge: Detailed knowledge about safe 	 Plastic sheets Baskets Fork hoes Machete 	

Module Title	Unit Title		Suggested		Assessment Crit	eria	Training	Number of
(Main Competence)	(Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Teaching and Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge Assessment	Requirements/ Suggested Resources	Periods per Unit
						handling of harvested leaves to maintain nutrient		
		(c) Harvesting berry horticultural crops	Plenary discussion: Guide the students to define and list berry horticultural crops Demonstration: Demonstrate to the student how to use tools, equipment and machines to harvest berry horticultural crops Practical activity: Organise the students in manageable groups to practice harvesting of	The student should be able to: Select tools, equipment and machines Identify harvesting methods Pick the berry fruits Harvest berry crops Cut the berry crops Cut the berry crops Pack the harvested horticultural crop Observe safety precaution Clean the tools and equipment	Berry horticultural crops are harvested according to required practices	Knowledge evidence: Detailed knowledge of: Method used: The students should explain how to harvest berry horticultural crops Principles: The student should explain principles of harvesting berry horticultural crops Theories: The student should explain: Techniques of harvesting berry horticultural crops Importance of harvesting mature berries crop Harvesting methods for berry crops Effect of harvesting	The following tools, equipments and safety gears are to be available: Overalls Gum boots Caps Plastic/gunny bags Sickle/knife Hand hoes Containers Plastic crates Wooden crates Paper boxes Plastic buckets Diggers Reapers Combine harvester Mats Plastic sheets Baskets Fork hoes Machete	

Module Title	Unit Title		Suggested		Assessment Crite	eria	Training Requirements/	Number of
(Main Competence)	(Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Teaching and Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge Assessment	Suggested Resources	Periods per Unit
			berry horticultural crops	Store the tools and equipment		berry crop under unfavourable conditions Circumstantial knowledge: Detailed knowledge about safe handling of harvested berry crop		
		(d) Harvesting stem horticultural crops	Discussion: Guide the students in manageable groups to list procedures of harvesting stem horticultural crops Practical demonstration: Demonstrate to the student how to use tools, equipment and machines to harvest stem horticultural crops	The student should be able to: Select tools, equipment and machines Identify harvesting methods for stem vegetables Harvest the stem ornamental crops Cut the stem and flowers Pack the harvested	The stem horticultural crops are harvested according to required practices	Knowledge evidence: Detailed knowledge of: Method used: The student should explain how to perform harvesting of stem horticultural crops Principles: The student should explain principles of harvesting stem horticultural crops Theories: The student should explain: • Importance of harvesting mature stem horticultural crop	The following tools, equipments and safety gears are to be available: Overalls Gum boots Caps Plastic/gunny bags Sickle/knife Hand hoes Containers Plastic buckets Diggers Reapers Combine harvester Mats Plastic sheets Baskets Fork hoes	

Module Title	Unit Title		Suggested		Assessment Crit	eria	Training Requirements/	Number of
(Main Competence)	(Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Teaching and Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge Assessment	Suggested Resources	Periods per Unit
			Practical activity: Guide the student to harvest stem horticultural crops at school environment	horticultural crop Observe safety precaution Clean the tools and equipment Store the tools and equipment		Factors to take into account during harvesting of stem horticultural crops Effect of harvesting stem horticultural crops under unfavourable conditions Circumstantial knowledge: Detailed knowledge about safe handling of harvested stem crop	• Machete	
		(e) Harvesting flower crops	Questions and Answers: Ask the student to define flower and list flower crops Practical demonstration: Demonstrate to the student how to use tools, equipment and machines to harvest flower crops	The student should be able to: Select tools, equipment and machines Identify flower harvesting methods Pick the flowers Cut the stem and flowers Pack the	Flower crops are harvested according to required practices	Knowledge evidence: Detailed knowledge of: Method used: The student should explain how to harvest flower crops. Principles: The student should explain principles of harvesting flower crops Theories: The student should explain:	The following tools, equipments and safety gears are to be available: Overalls Gum boots Caps Plastic/gunny bags Masking tape Polythene sheet Sickle/knife Hand hoes Containers Plastic buckets Mats Plastic sheets	

Module Title	Unit Title		Suggested		Assessment Crit	eria	Training	Number of
(Main Competence)	(Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Teaching and Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge Assessment	Requirements/ Suggested Resources	Periods per Unit
			Practical activity: Guide the students in manageable groups to harvest and pack flower crops	harvested flower crop Observe safety precaution Clean the tools and equipment Store the tools and equipment		Techniques used to keep harvested ornamental plants fresh Importance of harvesting mature flower crop Proper timing of flower harvesting Effect of harvesting crop under unfavourable conditions Circumstantial knowledge Detailed knowledge about safe handling of harvested flower crop	BasketsFork hoesMachete	
		(f) Harvesting pod crops	Peer teaching: Guide the student to list procedures of harvesting pod crops Practical demonstration: Demonstrate to the student how to use tools, equipment and	The student should be able to: Select tools, equipment and machines Identify harvesting methods for pod crops Pick the pods	Pod crops are harvested according to required practices	Knowledge evidence: Detailed knowledge of: Method used: The student should explain how to harvest pod crops. Principles: The students should explain principles of	The following tools, equipments and safety gears are to be available: Overalls Gum boots Caps Plastic/gunny bags Sickle/knife Hand hoes Containers Plastic buckets	

Module Title	Unit Title		Suggested		Assessment Crit	eria	Training	Number of
(Main Competence)	(Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Teaching and Learning Methods machines to	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge Assessment	Requirements/ Suggested Resources	Periods per Unit
			machines to harvest pod crops Practical activity: Organise the students in manageable group to harvest pod crops	Cut the stem and flowers Pre-cool the harvested pod crops Pack the harvested horticultural pod crop Observe safety precaution Clean the tools and equipment Store the tools and equipment		harvesting horticultural pod crops Theories: The student should explain: Importance of harvesting mature pod horticultural crop Proper timing of the harvesting of pod crops Harvesting methods of pod crop Factors to consider during harvesting of pod crops Effect of harvesting pod crop under unfavourable conditions Circumstantial knowledge: Detailed knowledge about safe handling of harvested crop	 Diggers Reapers Combine harvester Mats Plastic sheets Baskets Fork hoes Machete 	
		(g) Harvesting fruit crops	Brainstorming: Guide the student to list procedures of	The student should be able to:	Harvest the fruit crops according to required	Knowledge evidence: Detailed knowledge	The following tools, equipments and safety gears are to be available:	

Module Title	Unit Title		Suggested		Assessment Crit	eria	Training	Number of
(Main Competence)	(Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Teaching and Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge Assessment	Requirements/ Suggested Resources	Periods per Unit
			Practical work: Guide the students how to use tools, equipment and machines to harvest fruit crops Practical activity: Organise the students in manageable group to harvest fruit crops	 Select tools, equipment and machines Identify harvesting methods for fruit crops Pick the fruits Harvest fruit crops Pack the harvested fruit crop Observe safety precaution Clean the tools and equipment Store the tools and equipment 	practices	of: Detailed knowledge of: Method used: The student should explain how to harvest fruit crops Principles: The students should explain principles of harvesting fruit crops Theories: The students should explain: Proper timing of harvesting of fruits Differences of Climacteric and tropical fruits Importance of harvesting mature fruit crops Harvesting mature fruit crops Factors to consider during fruit harvesting Ripening of fruits	 Overalls Gum boots Caps Plastic/gunny bags Sickle/knife Hand hoes Containers Plastic buckets Diggers Reapers Combine harvester Mats Plastic sheets Baskets Fork hoes Machete 	

Module Title	Unit Title		Suggested		Assessment Crit	eria	Training	Number of
(Main Competence)	(Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Teaching and Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge Assessment	Requirements/ Suggested Resources	Periods per Unit
						by using hormones Effect of harvesting fruit crop under unfavourable conditions Circumstantial knowledge Detailed knowledge about Safe handling of harvested crop		
		(h) Harvesting nut crops	Plenary discussion: Guide the student to define nut crops and illustrate the procedures to harvest nut crops Demonstration: Demonstrate to the student how to use tools, equipment and machines to harvest nut crops Group work: Guide the	The student should be able to: Select tools, equipment and machines Identify harvesting methods for nut crops Harvest nut crops pick the nut crop Pack the nut crop Observe safety	Nut crops are harvested according to required procedures	Knowledge evidence: Detailed knowledge of: Method used: The student should explain how to harvest nut crops Principles: The student should explain principles of harvesting nut crops Theories: The student should explain: • Importance of harvesting mature horticultural nut crops	The following tools, equipments and safety gears are to be available: Overalls Gum boots Caps Plastic/gunny bags Sickle/knife Hand hoes Containers Plastic buckets Diggers Reapers Combine harvester Mats Plastic sheets Baskets	

Module Title	Unit Title		Suggested		Assessment Crit	eria	Training	Number of
(Main Competence)	(Specific Competences)	Activities) Learning Methods	_	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge Assessment	Requirements/ Suggested Resources	Periods per Unit
			students in manageable groups to harvest nut crops at school environment	precaution Clean the tools and equipment Store the tools and equipment		Harvesting methods of nut crops Factors to consider during harvesting nut crops Effect of harvesting nut crop under unfavourable conditions Circumstantial knowledge Detailed knowledge about safe handling of harvested nut crop	Fork hoesMachete	

Form Three

 Table 5: Detailed Contents for Form Three

Module Title			Suggested		Assessment Criter	ria		Number
(Main Competence)	Unit Title (Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	(Learning Learning Activities) Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Service s Assessment	Knowledge Assessment	Training Requirements/ Suggested Resources	Number of Periods per Unit
1.0 Managing water for horticultural crops	1.1 Harvesting water for irrigation	(a) Performing surface water harvesting	Question and answer: Ask the student to identify and list procedures of harvesting surface water Guest speaker: Invite the irrigation technician to demonstrate to the student how to harvest surface water Practical activity: Guide the students in manageable groups to identify equipment and materials for harvesting	The student should be able to: • Select tools and equipment • Determine pH, turbidity and amount salinity • Determine amounts of physical and chemical impurities • Determine the crop to be grown • Determine soil types • Make water storage facilities • Maintain water storage facilities • Estimate quantity of water • Observe safety precaution • Clean the tools and equipment • Store the tools	Surface water harvested according to water rules and regulations knowledge evidence	Knowledge evidence: Detailed knowledge of: Method used: The student should explain how to harvest surface water Principles: The student should explain the principles of Harvesting surface water from different sources Theories: The student should explain: •Importance of surface water harvesting •Sources of harvested water •Methods of harvesting surface water •Surface runoff	The following tools, equipments and safety gears are to be available:	73

 •				
	Organise the	•Clean the tools	harvesting	
	students in	and equipment	underground water	
	manageable	•Store the tools	•Determination of	
	groups to	and equipment	quality of harvested	
	identify	and equipment	water	
	equipment and		vv atter	
	materials for			
			G: 4 4 1	
	harvesting		Circumstantial	
	underground		knowledge:	
	water		Detailed knowledge	
			about:	
			 Suitable methods 	
			of harvesting water	
			•Regulations of	
			water bodies and	
			rules for water	
			harvesting	
			nai vesting	

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	(c) Performing	Discussion:	The student	Roof tapping	Knowledge	The following tools,
	roof	Lead the	should be able	performed	evidence:	equipments and safety
	tapping	students to	to:	according to	Detailed	gears are to be available:
		define roof	•Select tools and	water rules and	knowledge of:	Gum boots
		tapping,	equipment	regulations	Method used: The	 Overalls
		identify, list,	•Determine pH,		student should be	 Plastic gloves
		and illustrate	turbidity and		able to explain	• Spades
		procedures of	amount salinity		how to:	Hand hoes
		roof tapping	•Determine		harvest roof tapping	pH meter
			amounts of		water	PVC pipes
		Practical	physical and		Principles: The	Ranging poles
		demonstration	chemical		student should	Tape measures
		:	impurities		explain the	• Ropes
		Demonstrate to	•Determine the		principles of:	Line level
		the student how	crop to be grown		Harvesting from	Automatic level
		to perform roof	•Determine soil		different sources	Staff bar
		tapping	types		Theories: The	Note book and
		11 6	•Make water		student should	Pen
		Practical	storage facilities		explain:	Calculator
		activity:	•Maintain water		•Importance of roof	Spirit level
		Organise the	storage facilities		tapping water	T. C. C. C.
		student in	•Estimate		•Sources of	
		manageable	quantity of water		harvested water	
		groups to	•Observe safety		•Types of water	
		identify	precaution		harvesting	
		equipment and	•Clean the tools		•Surface runoff	
		materials for	and equipment		water harvesting	
		roof tapping	•Store the tools		•Rooftop rainwater	
		roor tapping	and equipment		harvesting	
			and equipment		•Determination of	
					quality of harvested	
					water	
					Circumstantial	
					knowledge:	
					Detailed knowledge	
					about:	
					•Suitable methods	
					of harvesting water	
]		 Regulations of 	

1.2 Performing irrigation	(a) Performing furrow/surf ace irrigation	Group work: Guide the students in manageable groups to define furrow/surface irrigation, identify, list, and illustrate procedure for conducting furrow/surfaces irrigation Practical work Organise the students in manageable groups to identify equipment and materials for conducting furrow/surface irrigation	The student should be able to: Organise working tools, equipment and machineries Perform furrows/surface irrigation Maintain irrigation tools, equipment and machineries Maintain water storage facilities Maintain irrigation canals Observe safety precautions in handling tools and equipment Clean irrigation facilities Store irrigation facilities	Furrow/surface irrigation are designed according to the required horticultural crop practices	water bodies and rules for water harvesting Knowledge evidence: Detailed knowledge of: Method used: The student should explain how to carryout furrow/surface irrigation Principles: The student should explain the principles of Irrigating field/farms. Theories: The student should explain: •Importance of furrow/surface irrigation method •Type of water storage facilities •How to construct irrigation canals	The following tools, equipments and safety gears are to be available:	94
		equipment and materials for conducting furrow/surface	handling tools and equipment •Clean irrigation facilities •Store irrigation		furrow/surface irrigation method •Type of water storage facilities •How to construct		
		Practical demonstration: Demonstrate to the student how to carry out furrow/surface irrigation	lacinues		Circumstantial knowledge Detailed: Knowledge about observing farm/field irrigation facilities rules and regulations		
	(b)	Discussion:	The student	Sprinkler	Knowledge	The following tools,	

Г	D. C. :	T 1.1	T 111 11	,.	• 1	
	Performing	Lead the	should be able	irrigation	evidence:	equipments and safety
	sprinkler	students in	to:	designed	Detailed	gears are to be available:
	irrigation	manageable	•Organise	according to the	knowledge of:	Gum boots
		groups to	working tools,	required	Method used:	Overalls
		define sprinkler	equipment and	horticultural	The student should	Water storage
		irrigation,	machineries	crop practices	explain how to carry	facilities
		identify, and	•Perform		out sprinkler	 Hose pipes
		illustrate	sprinkler		irrigation	 Water pumps
		procedures of	irrigation		Principles: The	Sprinkler
		conducting	•Maintain		student should	irrigation kit
		sprinkler	irrigation tools,		explain the	• Toolbox
		irrigation	equipment and		principles of	Hand hoes
			machineries		Irrigating	• Misters
		Guest	•Operate and		field/farms.	PVC pipes
		speaker:	maintain different		Theories: The	Screw driver
		Invite the	types of water		student should	• Filters
		irrigation	pumps		explain:	 Forks
		technician to	•Maintain water		•Importance of	 Spanners
		demonstrate to	storage facilities		sprinkler irrigation	_
		the student how	•Maintain		method	
		to carry out	sprinklers		•How to conduct	
		sprinkler	•Observe safety		sprinkler irrigation	
		irrigation	precautions in		•Advantages of	
		U	handling tools		sprinkler irrigation	
		Activity:	and equipment		•How to maintain	
		Organise the	•Clean irrigation		different types of	
		students in	facilities		water pumps.	
		manageable	•Store irrigation		•Type of water	
		groups to	facilities		storage facilities	
		identify	1401111105		•How to construct	
		equipment and			irrigation sprinkler	
		materials for			irrigation	
		sprinkler			Circumstantial	
		irrigation			knowledge	
		11116411011			Detailed:	
					Knowledge about	
					observing farm/field	
					irrigation facilities	
					rules and	

						regulations.		
2.0 Transplanting	2.1 Performing	(c) Performing drip irrigation	Brainstorming : Guide the student to define drip irrigation, identify, and list procedures of drip irrigation Practical work: Demonstrate to the student how to carry out drip irrigation Practical activity: Organise the student in manageable groups to identify equipment and materials for drip irrigation Group work:	The student should be able to: Organise working tools, equipment and machineries Perform drip irrigation Maintain irrigation tools, equipment and machineries Operate and maintain different types of water pumps Maintain water storage facilities Maintain drippers Observe safety precautions in handling tools and equipment Clean irrigation facilities Store irrigation facilities	Drip irrigation Designed according to the required horticultural crop practices	Knowledge evidence: Detailed knowledge of: Method used: The student should explain how to carry out drip irrigation Principles: The student should explain the principles of Irrigating field/farms. Theories: The student should explain: •Importance of different irrigation methods •Advantages of drip irrigation •How to maintain different types of water pumps. •Type of water storage facilities Circumstantial knowledge Detailed knowledge about observing farm/field irrigations Knowledge	The following tools, equipments and safety gears are to be available:	104
seedling	transplanting of	hardening	Assign the	should be able	the seedling	evidence:	equipments and safety	101

seedlings	of the seedling	students in manageable groups to define hardening of	to: •Select farm tools, equipment and machines •Select good	performed according to horticultural crop practices	Detailed knowledge of: Method used: The student should explain the process	gears are to be available: • Hand hoes • Gum boots • Overalls • Gloves
		seedling, and illustrate procedures of hardening of seedlings	quality seedlings -Hardening of seedlings -Reduction of watering in the		of hardening of the seedlings Principles: The student should explain the	CapsknifeHand forksSpadesGarden
		Practical work: Demonstrate to the student how to perform hardening of the seedlings	seedling -Remove shading in the seedlings •Clean the tools and equipment •Store the tools and equipment		principles of hardening of seedlings Theories: The student should explain: •Importance of hardening seedling	trowel/shovel
		Practical activity: Guide the students in manageable groups to identify			•Types of seedlings •Procedure for transplanting seedlings Circumstantial knowledge: Detailed knowledge about:	
		equipment and materials of hardening the seedlings			•Transplanting seedlings requirements of various horticultural crops. •Rules and regulation of transplanting	
	(b) Preparing primary nursery	Groupwork: Lead the students in manageable	The student should be able to: •Select farm	Primary nursery prepared according to horticultural	Knowledge evidence: Detailed knowledge of:	The following tools, equipments and safety gears are to be available: • Hand hoes

	groups to	tools, equipment	crop practices	Method used: The	Gum boots
	define primary	and machines		student should	 Overalls
	nursery,	•Prepare materials		explain how to	• Gloves
	identify, and	for seedbed		prepare primary	• Caps
	illustrate	preparation		nursery	 Containers
	procedures of	 Prepare fruit 		Principles: The	• Tape
	preparing	plant nursery		student should	measure/ruler
	primary	•Prepare		explain the	• Ropes
	nursery	vegetable plant		principles of nursery	 Hand forks
	-	nursery		management	• Spades
	Practical	•Prepare		Theories: The	• Garden
	work:	ornamental plant		student should	trowel/shovel
	Demonstrate to			explain:	Garden hand rake
	the student how	1 1		•Importance of	• Pegs
	to prepare	medicinal and		primary nursery	
	primary	aromatic plant		•Identification of	
	nursery	nursery		different types of	
	_	 Prepare primary 		nurseries	
	Practical	nursery		 Types of seedlings 	
	activity:	•Clean the tools		•Procedure for	
	Organise the	and equipment		transplanting	
	students in	•Store the tools		seedlings	
	manageable	and equipment			
	groups to				
	identify			Circumstantial	
	equipment and			knowledge:	
	materials for			Detailed knowledge	
	preparation of			about:	
	primary			•preparing primary	
	nursery			nursery	
	_			requirements of	
				various horticultural	
				crops.	
				•Rules and	
				regulation of	
				nursery	
(c)) Preparing Discussion:	The student	Secondary	Knowledge	The following tools,
	secondary Guide the	should be able	nursery	evidence:	equipments and safety
	nursery students to	to:	prepared	Detailed	gears are to be available:
	nursery students to	to:	prepared	Detailed	gears are to be available:

	T	1	T	T	
	define, list,	•Select farm	according to	knowledge of:	Hand hoes
	identify, and	tools, equipment	horticultural	Method used: The	Gum boots
	illustrate	and machines	crop practices	student should	 Overalls
	procedures of	•Prepare materials		explain how to	• Gloves
	secondary	for seedbed		prepare secondary	• Caps
	nursery	preparation		nursery	 Containers
		 Prepare fruit 		Principles: The	• Tape
	Practical	plant nursery		student should	measure/ruler
	work:	•Prepare		explain the	• Ropes
	Demonstrate to	vegetable plant		principles of nursery	 Digging shovel
	the student how	nursery		management	Hand forks
	to prepare	•Prepare		Theories: The	• Spades
	secondary	ornamental plant		student should	• Garden
	nursery	nursery		explain:	trowel/shovel
		•Prepare		•Importance of	 Garden hand rake
	Practical	medicinal and		nursery	• Pegs
	activity:	aromatic plant		•Identification of	
	Organise the	nursery		different types of	
	student in	•Prepare		nurseries	
	manageable	secondary		 Advantages of 	
	groups to	nursery		secondary nursery	
	identify	•Select good		 Types of seedlings 	
	equipment and	quality seedlings		 Planting spacing 	
	materials for	•Clean the tools		•Procedure for	
	secondary	and equipment		transplanting	
	nursery	•Store the tools		seedlings	
		and equipment		Circumstantial	
				knowledge:	
				Detailed knowledge	
				about:	
				•Transplanting	
				seedlings	
				requirements of	
				various horticultural	
				crops.	
				•Rules and	
				regulation of	
				transplanting	
(d) Preparing	Brainstorming	The student	Portable	Knowledge	The following tools,

	portable	:	should be able	nursery	evidence:	equipments and safety	
	nursery	Guide the	to:	prepared	Detailed	gears are to be available:	
	-	student to	 Select farm 	according to	knowledge of:	Hand hoes	
		define portable	tools, equipment	horticultural	Method used: The	 Gum boots 	
		nursery,	and machines	crop practices	student should	 Overalls 	
		identify, and	 Prepare materials 	1 1	explain how to	 Gloves 	
		illustrate	for seedbed		prepare portable	• Caps	
		procedures of	preparation		nursery	Containers	
		preparing	•Prepare fruit		Principles: The	• Tape	
		portable	plant nursery		student should	measure/ruler	
		nursery	•Prepare		explain the	 Ropes 	
		,	vegetable plant		principles of nursery	• knife	
		Simulation:	nursery		management	Digging shovel	
		Guide student	•Prepare		Theories: The	Hand forks	
		to watch Video	ornamental plant		student should	• Spades	
		displaying	nursery		explain:	• Garden	
		preparation of	•Prepare		•Importance of	trowel/shovel	
		portable	medicinal and		portable nursery	 Hand fork 	
		nursery	aromatic plant		•Identification of	 Garden hand rake 	
		•	nursery		different types of	Laptop computer	
		Practical	•Prepare portable		nurseries	Projector	
		activity:	nursery		Circumstantial	• Speakers	
		Organise the	•Select good		knowledge:		
		students in	quality seedlings		Detailed knowledge		
		manageable	•Clean the tools		about:		
		groups to	and equipment		•Transplanting		
		identify	•Store the tools		seedlings		
		equipment and	and equipment		requirements of		
		materials for	1 1		various horticultural		
		preparation of			crops.		
		portable			•Rules and		
		nursery			regulation of		
		,			transplanting		
2.2 Perform (a)) Conductin	Peer teaching:	The student	Fruit tree	Knowledge	The following tools,	126
pruning and	g fruit tree	Guide the	should be able	pruning	evidence:	equipments and safety	
training	pruning	students in	to:	conducted	Detailed	gears are to be available:	
		manageable	 Select farm 	according to	knowledge of:	Gum boots	
		groups to	tools, equipment	horticultural	Method used:	 Overalls 	
		define pruning,	and machines	crop practices	The student should	 Leather gloves 	

	identify, and	•Select fruit trees		explain how to	• Caps
	illustrate	to be pruned		prune and train	 Secateurs
	procedures of	•Select vegetable		plants using	 Pruning shear
	fruit tree	fruit to be pruned		required tools,	 Rakes
	pruning	•Disinfect		equipment and	 Aerial pruners.
		pruning tool		machines.	 Handsaws.
	Demonstratio	before and after		Principles:	 Hedge shears.
	n:	every pruning.		The student should	 Pruning knife
	Demonstrate to	•Perform pruning		explain principles of	Pruning scissors
	the student how	of fruit trees		pruning and training	• Ladder
	to conduct fruit	•Perform training		of different plants	Disinfectant
	tree pruning	of fruit crops		Theories:	Wheel barrow
		•Observe safety		The student should	
	Practical	precautions when		explain:	
	activity:	handling tools		•Identify fruit crops	
	Organise the	and equipment		for pruning	
	students in	•Clean the tools		•Identify different	
	manageable	and equipment		types of pruning	
	groups to	•Store the tools		•Advantages of	
	identify	and equipment		pruning	
	equipment and			•Difference between	
	materials for			pruning	
	pruning fruit			•Reasons for	
	tree available at			pruning	
	school			•System of pruning	
	environment			•Pruning techniques	
				•Time of pruning	
				•Proper way of	
				pruning fruit trees	
				•Maintain fruit trees	
				Circumstantial	
				knowledge:	
				Detailed knowledge	
				about	
				techniques for	
				pruning	
(b) Conductin	Brainstorming	The student	Vegetable crops	Knowledge	The following tools,
g vegetable	:	should be able	pruning	evidence:	equipments and safety
crops	Lead the	to:	conducted	Detailed	gears are to be available:

 Т	-	T	T	T	1	
	pruning	student to	•Select farm	according to	knowledge of:	Gum boots
		Identify	tools, equipment	horticultural	Method used:	 Overalls
		procedures for	and machines	crop practices	The student should	• Gloves
		pruning	 Select vegetable 		explain how to	• Caps
		vegetable crops	crop to be pruned		prune and train	 knife
			•Disinfect		plants using	 Pruning shear
		Practical	pruning tool		required tools,	 Pruning knife
		work:	before and after		equipment and	 Garden hand rake
		Guide the	every pruning.		machines.	 Pruning scissors
		student to	•Perform pruning		Principles:	 Disinfectant
		conduct	of vegetables		The student should	 Wheel barrow
		vegetable crop	•Observe safety		explain principles of	
		pruning at the	precautions when		pruning and training	
		school	handling tools		of different plants	
		environment	and equipment		Theories:	
			•Clean the tools		The student should	
		Practical	and equipment		explain:	
		activity:	•Store the tools		•Identify vegetables	
		Organise the	and equipment		crops for pruning	
		student in	1 1		•Identify vegetables	
		manageable			crops for training	
		group to			•Identify different	
		identify			types of pruning	
		equipment and			•Advantages of	
		materials for			pruning and training	
		pruning			•Difference between	
		vegetable crop			pruning and training	
		vegetasie erop			•Reasons for	
					pruning	
					•System of pruning	
					•Pruning techniques	
					•Time of pruning	
					•Proper way of	
					pruning vegetable	
					•Maintain	
					vegetables crops	
					Circumstantial	
					knowledge:	
					Detailed knowledge	
					Detailed kilowiedge	

 T			Т		Г	Г	
					about		
					rules and regulation		
					for pruning		
	(c) Conductin	Discussion	The student	Pruning of	Knowledge	The following tools,	
	g pruning	Lead the	should be able	hedges, shrubs	evidence:	equipments and safety	
	of the	students to	to:	and ornamental	Detailed	gears are to be available:	
	hedges,	Define pruning,	 Select farm 	trees conducted	knowledge of:	Gum boots	
	shrubs and	identify and	tools, equipment	according to	Method used:	• Overalls	
	ornamental	illustrate	and machines	horticultural	The student should	• Gloves	
	trees	procedures of	•Disinfect	crop practices	explain how to	• Caps	
		pruning	pruning tool		prune and train	 Pruning shear 	
		hedges, shrubs	before and after		plants using	 Aerial pruners. 	
		and ornamental	every pruning.		required tools,	 Hedge shears. 	
		trees	•Perform training		equipment and	 Pruning knife 	
			of ornamental		machines.	 Garden hand rake 	
		Practical	crops		Principles:	 Pruning scissors 	
		demonstration	•Observe safety		The student should	• Ladder	
		:	precautions when		explain principles of		
		Demonstrate to	handling tools		pruning and training	Wheel barrow	
		the student how	and equipment		of different plants		
		to conduct	•Clean the tools		Theories:		
		pruning of	and equipment		The student should		
		hedges, shrubs	•Store the tools		explain:		
		and ornamental	and equipment		•Identification of		
		trees			parts of ornamental		
					crops for pruning		
		Practical			•Identification of		
		activity:			different types of		
		Organise the			pruning		
		students in			•Advantages of		
		manageable			pruning		
		groups to			•Differences		
		identify			between pruning		
		equipment and			and training		
		materials for			•Reasons for		
		hedges, shrubs			pruning		
		and ornamental			•System of pruning		
		trees			•Pruning techniques		
					•Time of pruning		

(d) Conductin g training of vine vegetables	Discussion: Guide the students in manageable groups to define training, and, vine vegetables, identify, list, and illustrate	The student should be able to: •Select farm tools, equipment and machines •Perform training of vine vegetables •Observe safety precautions when	Training of vine vegetables conducted according to horticultural crop practices	•How to Maintain ornamental crops Circumstantial knowledge: Detailed knowledge about rejuvenation pruning Knowledge evidence: Detailed knowledge of: Method used: The student should explain how to prune and train plants using required tools,	The following tools, equipments and safety gears are to be available:	
	the procedures of training vine vegetables	handling tools and equipment •Clean the tools		equipment and machines. Principles:	claw hammer Wheel barrow	
		and equipment		The student should		
	Practical demonstration	•Store the tools and equipment		explain principles of training of different		
	:			plants		
	Show to the			Theories:		
	student how to			The student should:		
	conduct			•Identify vegetables		ļ
	training of vine vegetables			crops for training •Identify different		ļ
	, 550,0000			types training		
	Practical			•Explain advantages		
	activity:			of training		
	Organise the			•Differentiate		
	student in			between pruning		
	manageable			and training		
	group to			•Explain reasons for		
	identify			training		ļ
	equipment and			•Explain training		
	materials for			techniques		

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		training vine			•Explain the		
		vegetables			importance of		
					training		
					•Maintain		
					vegetables crops		
					Circumstantial		
					knowledge:		
					Detailed		
					knowledge about:		
					Rules and		
					regulation for		
					training		
	(e)	Group work:	The student	Training of	Knowledge	The following tools,	
	Conductin	Assign the	should be able	fruits crop	evidence:	equipments and safety	
	g training	students in	to:	conducted	Detailed	gears are to be available:	
	of fruits	manageable	•Select farm	according to	knowledge of:	• Gum boots	
	crops	groups to	tools, equipment	horticultural	Method used:	Overalls	
	or ops	identify, list,	and machines	crop practices	The student should	• Gloves	
		and illustrate	•Perform training	crop practices	explain how to	• Caps	
		procedures of	of fruit crops		prune and train	• Ropes	
		training fruit	•Observe safety		plants using	• knife	
		crops	precautions when		required tools,	• wire	
		Practical	handling tools		equipment and	• Ladder	
		demonstration	and equipment		machines.	Wheel barrow	
		demonstration .	•Clean the tools		Principles:	wheel ballow	
		Damas a stanta ta					
		Demonstrate to	•Store the tools		The student should		
		the student how			explain principles of		
		to conduct	and equipment		training of different		
		training of fruit			plants		
		crops			Theories:		
					The student should:		
		Practical			•Identify fruits		
		activity:			crops for training		
		Organise the			•Identify different		
		students in			types training		
		manageable			•Explain advantages		
		groups to			of training		
		identify			•Differentiate		
		equipment and			between pruning		

trainin	to: eable to: •Select farm	Exp trair •De imp trai. •Ex mai •Ex trair •De imp trair •Ex mai crop Cir kno Det abo reg trair Training of ornamental crops conduct according to kno Det	rcumstantial nowledge: etailed knowledge out rules and gulation for ining of grapes nowledge idence: etailed nowledge of:	The following tools, equipments and safety gears are to be available: Gum boots Overalls	
crops define ornam crops, list, an illustra procec trainin ornam crops Practi work: Guide	and machines •Perform training of ornamental crops •Observe safety precautions when handling tools and equipment •Clean the tools and equipment •Store the tools and equipment the the thow to ct gg of	crop practices The exp orns usin equ mass Pri The exp trair plan The -Ide crop -Ide type	ne student should plain how to train namental plants ing required tools, uipment and achines. rinciples: ne student should plain principles of ining of different	 Gloves Caps Ropes knife wire pole Ladder Wheel barrow 	

			Practical activity: Organise the student in manageable group to identify equipment and materials for training ornamental crops			Differentiate between pruning and training Explain the reasons for training Explain importance of training Explain how to maintain ornamental crops Circumstantial knowledge: Detailed knowledge about rules and regulation for training		
3.0 Controlling pests	3.1 Controlling weeds	(a) Identifying types of weeds	Guide the student to define, list and identify types of weeds, and illustrate procedures of controlling weeds Field visit: Organise the students to visit around the near farm and guide them to identify types of weeds Practical	The student should be able to: •Select tools and equipment •Identify different types of weeds •Classify types of weeds •Observe safety precaution on using herbicides •Clean tools and equipment •Store tools and equipment	Weeds identified and controlled as per recommended standards	knowledge evidence: Detailed knowledge of: Method used: The student should explain how to control different types of weeds Principles: The student should explain the principles of •identification and classification of weed Theories: The student should explain: •Characteristics of different weeds •Types of weeds	The following tools, equipments and safety gears are to be available:	84

	activity:			•Effects of weeds to		
	Organise the			horticultural		
	students in			production.		
	manageable			•Importance of		
	groups to			weed control		
	identify			Circumstantial		
	equipment and			knowledge Detailed		
	materials			knowledge about		
	for controlling			identification and		
	weeds			classification of		
				weeds		
(b) Performing	Brainstorming	The student	Cultural weed	Knowledge	The following tools,	
cultural	:	should be able	control	evidence:	equipments and safety	
weed	Guide the	to:	performed as	Detailed	gears are to be available:	
control	students to	 Select tools and 	per	knowledge of:	• Gloves	
	define cultural	equipment	recommended	Method used: The	• Gumboots	
	weed control	•Carry out	standards	student should	• Caps	
		mulching		explain how to	• Masks	
	Practical	 Observe safety 		control weed by	Safety glasses	
	activity:	precautions when		cultural method	• Overalls	
	Guide the	using herbicides		Principles:	• Shovels	
	students in	•Clean tools and		The student should	• rake	
	manageable	equipment		explain the	• tractor	
	groups to	•Store tools and		principles of	• mower	
	perform	equipment		observing rules and	Hand hoes	
	cultural weed			regulations		
	control			regarding using of		
				cultural techniques		
	Group work:			in weed control		
	Organise the			Theories:		
	students into			The student should		
	manageable			explain:		
	groups to			•The importance of		
	identify			cultural weed		
	equipment and			control		
	materials for			•Cultural control		
	cultural weed			measures.		
	control			Circumstantial		
				knowledge:		

Co Performing Performing mechanical weed control weed control define dentify, and list procedures of mechanical weed control learning dentify and list procedures of mechanical weed control weed control weed control define Practical Practical Practical Practical Practical Practical Performed as should be able to:				Detailed knowledge about the identification and classification of weeds	
demonstration: Store tools and equipment equipment Store tools and equipment regarding the use of mechanical methods in weed control Theories: The student should explain: The importance of mechanical weed control Store tools and regulations regarding the use of mechanical methods in weed control Theories: The student should explain: The importance of mechanical weed control Mechanical control Mechanical control measures Circumstantial knowledge: Detailed knowledge about identification and	Performing mechanical weed student to define mechanical weed control, identify, and list procedure of mechanical weed control Practical demonstration: Demonstrate to the student hot to perform mechanical weed control Practical activity: Organise the students in manageable groups to identify equipment and materials for	should be able to: •Select tools and equipment •Carryout mechanical control •Observe safety precautions when using mechanical methods •Clean tools and equipment •Store tools and equipment	weed control performed as per recommended	evidence: Detailed knowledge of: Method used: The student should explain how to control weed mechanically Principles: The student should explain the principles of observing rules and regulations regarding the use of mechanical methods in weed control Theories: The student should explain: •The importance of mechanical weed control •Mechanical control measures Circumstantial knowledge: Detailed knowledge about	equipments and safety gears are to be available: Gloves Gumboots Caps Masks Safety glasses Overalls Weeders Harrows Disc ploughs Mould ploughs Hand hoes Garden forks Rakes Mowers

				weeds	
(d) Performing chemical weed control	Group work: Guide the students in manageable groups to define chemical weed	The student should be able to: •Select tools and equipment • Calibrate herbicide rates	Chemical weed control performed as per recommended standards	Knowledge evidence: Detailed knowledge of: Method used: The student should explain how to	The following tools, equipments and safety gears are to be available: Gloves Gumboots Caps Masks
	control, identify, and illustrate procedures for chemical weed control	Apply herbicide to horticultural crop fields Carry out chemical control Observe safety precautions when		control weeds using chemicals Principles: The student should explain the principles of observing rules and	 Safety glasses Overalls Knapsack sprayer Weed herbariums Note books Herbicides Boom sprayer
	Practical Demonstratio n: Demonstrate to the student how to perform chemical weed control	using herbicides •Clean tools and equipment •Store tools and equipment		regulations regarding using of chemicals in weed control Theories: The student should explain: •Chemical control	• tractor
	Practical activity: Organise the student in manageable group to identify equipment and materials for			measures • Types of herbicides Circumstantial knowledge: Detailed knowledge about identification and classification of weeds	
(e) Performing manual	chemical weed control Group work: Lead the students in	The student should be able to:	Manual weed control performed as	Knowledge evidence: Detailed	The following tools, equipments and safety gears are to be available:

	weed	manageable	•Select tools and	per	knowledge of:	• Gloves	
	control	groups to	equipment	recommended	Method used: The	• Gumboots	
		define manual	•Perform manual	standards	student should	• Caps	
		weed control,	weeding	Starrour	explain how to	• Masks	
		and identify	•Carry out		control weed by	Safety glasses	
		procedures for	mulching		manual method	Overalls	
		manual weed	•Carryout		Principles:	• Shovels	
		control	biological control		The student should	Hand hoe	
		Control	•Observe safety		explain the	Note books	
		Practical	precaution on		principles of	Garden forks	
		work:	using manual		•observing rules and	Wheel barrows	
		Guide the	•Clean tools and		regulations	Wheel bullows	
		student to	equipment		regarding using of		
		perform	•Store tools and		manual in weed		
		manual weed	equipment		control		
		control in a	quipinent		Theories:		
		nearby			The student should		
		horticultural			explain:		
		field.			•Importance of		
		nera.			manual weed		
		Practical			control		
		activity:			Circumstantial		
		Organise the			knowledge Detailed		
		students in			knowledge about		
		manageable			Noxious weeds		
		groups to			TVOXIOUS WCCUS		
		identify					
		equipment and					
		materials for					
		manual weed					
		control					
3.2 Controlling	(a) Identifying	Discussion:	The student	Types of insect	Knowledge	The following tools,	90
insect pests	types of	Lead the	should be able	pests identified	evidence:	equipments and safety	70
msect pests	insect pests	students to	to:	as per	Detailed	gears are to be available:	
	msect pests	define insect	•Select tools and	recommended	knowledge of:	Masks	
		pests, and	equipment and	standards	Method used: The	• Gloves	
		identify types	machineries	Stanuarus	student should	• Gumboots	
		of insect pests	•Identify different		explain how to	• Overalls	
		of fisect pests	•		identify crop insect		
			types of vegetable		identity crop insect	Safety glasses	

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	Practical	crop insect pests		pests.	 Samples of 	
d	emonstration	•Identify different		Principles:	common crop insect pests	
		types of fruit crop		The student should		
	show the	insect pests		explain the		
	tudent how to	•Identify different		principles		
	dentify types	types of spices		observing rules and		
of	f insect pests	crop insect pests		regulations		
		•Identify different		regarding		
	Practical	types of		controlling of		
ae	ctivity:	ornamental crop		horticultural insect		
	Organise the	insect pests		pest		
st	tudents in	Identify		Theories:		
m	nanageable	symptom		The student should		
gı	roups to	infestation		explain:		
id	dentify	•Calibrate amount		•Classes of crop		
ec	quipment and	of insecticide		pests		
m	naterials used	•Apply		•Common insect		
fc	or identifying	insecticide to the		pests in horticultural		
	ypes of insect	infested		crops		
pe	ests	horticultural crops		•Identification		
		•Observe safety		method of insect		
		precautions		pests		
		•Clean tools and		•Insect pest control		
		equipment		•Effects of insect		
		•Store tools and		pests on		
		equipment		horticultural		
		• •		production		
				•Insect pest		
				forecasting		
				•Types of		
				insecticides		
				Damages/effects		
				caused by crop		
				insect pests in		
				different		
				horticultural crops.		
				Circumstantial		
				knowledge		
				Detailed		

						knowledge about Different methods of insect pest's control.		
Control Countrol Countrol		insect pest	students to define mechanical insect pest control, identify, and illustrate procedures for mechanical insect pest control Practical demonstration : Demonstrate to the student how to perform mechanical insect pest control in the horticultural crops at school environment Practical work: Organise the students in manageable groups to	to: •Select tools and equipment and machineries •Classify crop pests •Calibrate amount of insecticide •Apply insecticide to the infested horticultural crops •Carry out mechanical control method •Observe safety precautions •Clean tools and equipment •Store tools and	control performed as per recommended	Detailed knowledge of: Method used: The student should explain how to control mechanically crop insect pests. Principles: The student should explain the principles observing rules and regulations regarding controlling of horticultural insect pest Theories: The student should: •Classify crop pests •Identify methods of insect pests •Explain control measures for using mechanical insect pest control •Explain importance of mechanical insect pest control. Circumstantial	gears are to be available: Masks Gloves Gumboots Overalls Safety glasses Insect traps Containers Collection jars Knapsack sprayer	

equipment ar materials for mechanical insect pest control			Detailed knowledge about: Different methods of insect pest control.		
(c) Performing biological insect pest control Simulation: Show to the student short video clip ho to perform biological insect pest control Practical activity: Organise the students in manageable group to identify equipment ar materials for biological insect pest	should be able to: •Select tools and equipment and machineries •Carry out biological control method •Observe safety precautions •Clean tools and equipment •Store tools and equipment	Biological insect pest control performed as per recommended standards	Knowledge evidence: Detailed knowledge of: Method used: The student should explain how to control insect pests biologically Principles: The student should explain the principles observing rules and regulations regarding controlling of horticultural insect pest Theories: The student should explain: • Methods of insect pest control • Control measure by using biological control • Importance of biological insect pest control Circumstantial knowledge Detailed	The following tools, equipments and safety gears are to be available:	
control			knowledge about		

T		ı	T	1	1:00	T	
					different methods of		
					insect pest's control.		
	(d) Performi		The student	Chemical insect	Knowledge	The following tools,	
	chemical		should be able	control	evidence:	equipments and safety	
	insect pe	st students to	to:	performed as	Detailed	gears are to be available:	
	control	define	•Select tools and	per	knowledge of:	• Masks	
		chemical	equipment and	recommended	Method used: The	• Gloves	
		insect, identify,	machineries	standards	student should	• Gumboots	
		and illustrate	•Classify crop		explain how to	• Overalls	
		procedures of	pests		control crop insect	Safety glasses	
		chemical insect	•Calibrate amount		pests by using	• Containers	
		pest control	of insecticide		chemical method	Knapsack sprayer	
		methods	•Apply		Principles:	Hand sprayer	
		memous	insecticide to the		The student should	• Samples of	
		Demonstratio	infested		explain the	common crop insect pests	
		n:	horticultural crops		principles	Insecticide	
		Demonstrate to	•Carry out		observing rules and	- Insecticide	
		the student how	chemical insect				
					regulations		
		to perform	control		regarding		
		chemical insect	•Observe safety		controlling of		
		pest control	precautions		horticultural insect		
			•Clean tools and		pest		
		Practical	equipment		Theories:		
		activity:	•Store tools and		The student should		
		Organise the	equipment		explain:		
		student in			•Control measure by		
		manageable			using chemical		
		groups to			control		
		identify			•Importance of		
		equipment and			chemical insect		
		materials for			controlling method		
		chemical insect			Circumstantial		
		pest control			knowledge Detailed		
		r			knowledge about		
					Different methods		
					of insect pest's		
					control		
	(e) Performi	ng Discussion:	The student	Integrated pest	Knowledge	The following tools,	
	Integrate	_	should be able	management	evidence:	equipments and safety	
	Integrate	d Guide the	Should be able	management	evidence.	equipments and safety	

		T	ı		T	1	ı
	Pest	students in	to:	method (IPM)	Detailed	gears are to be available:	
	Manageme	manageable	•Select tools and	performed as	knowledge of:	• Masks	
	nt method	groups to	equipment and	per	Method used: The	• Gloves	
	(IPM)	define	machineries	recommended	student should	• Gumboots	
		Integrated Pest	•Carry out	standards	explain how to	 Overalls 	
		Management	Integrated Pest		control crop insect	 Safety glasses 	
		(IPM), identify	Management		pests by using	 Containers 	
		and list	(IPM) method		(IPM)	 Collection jars 	
		procedures for	•Observe safety		Principles:	Samples of	
		performing	precautions		The student should	damaged plants or plant	
		Integrated Pest	•Clean tools and		explain the	parts	
		Management	equipment		principles of	• Samples of	
		(IPM)	•Store tools and		observing rules and	common crop insect pests	
		` ′	equipment		regulations	r r r	
		Practical	T. I		regarding		
		demonstration			controlling of		
		:			horticultural insect		
		Demonstrate to			pest		
		the student how			Theories:		
		to perform			The student should		
		Integrated Pest			explain:		
		Management			•Control measure by		
		method (IPM)			using integrated pest		
		method (11 W)			management control		
		Practical			•Importance of		
		activity:			integrated pest		
		Organise the			management		
		students in			Circumstantial		
		manageable			knowledge:		
		_			Detailed knowledge		
		groups to			_		
		identify			about different methods of		
		equipment and					
		materials for			insect pest's control.		
		Integrated Pest					
		Management					
	() 71 - 12 1	method (IPM)	701 4 3 4	TT 1	77 1 1	TT1 C 11	0.1
3.3 Controlling	(a) Identifying	Brainstorming	The student	Horticultural	Knowledge	The following tools,	81
crop diseases	type of	:	should be able	type of diseases	evidence:	equipments and safety	
	disease	Lead the	to:	identified as per	Detailed	gears are to be available:	

	T	T	1	
students to	•Select tools and	recommended	knowledge of:	• Gloves
define crop	equipment	standards	Method used: The	Gumboots
disease, and list	•Collect samples		student should	Overalls
examples of	of infected plants		explain how to	• Masks
crop diseases	or plant parts.		identify type of	Hand lens
	•Identify crop		diseases.	Safety glasses
Field visit:	disease		Principles:	Microscope
Organise the	 Classify crop 		The student should	Samples of
students to	diseases		explain processes	infected plants
make trip to	•Identify common		involved in	
learn how to	signs and		Identification and	
identify types	symptoms of		classification of	
of crop	infected		crop diseases.	
diseases	horticultural		Theories:	
	plant/plant parts.		The student should	
Practical	•Clean tools and		explain:	
activity:	equipment		 Types of diseases 	
Organise the	 Store tools and 		in fruits	
student in	equipment		 Types of diseases 	
manageable			in vegetables	
groups to			 Types of diseases 	
identify			in Flowers	
equipment and			 Types of diseases 	
materials for			in Spices	
identification			•Disease causing	
of types of crop			agents in	
diseases			vegetables, fruits,	
			spices and	
			ornamental crops	
			•Effects of crop	
			diseases to	
			horticultural crop	
			production	
			•Signs and	
			symptoms of crop	
			disease in fruits	
			•Signs and	
			symptoms of fungal	
			diseases in	

				vegetable, fruits, spices and ornamental crops •Signs and symptoms of bacterial diseases in ornamental, vegetable, fruits and spices • Signs and symptoms of viral disease in spices, vegetables, fruits and ornamental crops •Disease prevention measures •Disease control measures • Disease triangle Circumstantial		
				identification and classification of horticultural		
(h) Parforming Disco-	ussion: Tl	he student	Chemical	diseases Knowledge	The following tools	
chemical Guide	e the sh ents in to	hould be able	control disease performed as	Knowledge evidence: Detailed	The following tools, equipments and safety gears are to be available:	
			per	knowledge of:	• Gloves	
group define		1 1	recommended standards	Method used: The student should	GumbootsOveralls	
chemi		hemical diseases	standards	explain how to use	OveransMasks	
contro		Control		chemical measures	Safety glasses	
		Clean tools and		of controlling	 Knapsack sprayer 	
		quipment		diseases.	• Samples of	
illustr	rate •S	Store tools and		Principles:	infected plants	

1	1 6	T .	1			
	procedures of	equipment		The student should	• Pesticides	
	chemical			explain process	(Fungicides, Bactericides	
	control of			involved in	and Nematicides	
	disease			Identification and		
				classification of		
	Practical			crop diseases.		
	demonstration			Theories:		
	:			The student should		
	Demonstrate to			explain:		
	the student how			production		
	to perform			•Disease control		
	chemical			measures		
	control of			Disease triangle		
	disease			Circumstantial		
	discuse			knowledge:		
	Practical			Detailed knowledge		
				about		
	activity:					
	Organise the			dentification and		
	students in			classification of		
	manageable			horticultural		
	groups to			diseases.		
	identify					
	equipment and					
	materials for					
	chemical					
	control of					
	disease					
(c)	Brainstorming	The student	Cultural and	Knowledge	The following tools,	
Performing	:	should be able	biological	evidence:	equipments and safety	
cultural	Guide the	to:	control disease	Detailed	gears are to be available:	
and	students to	•Select tools and	performed as	knowledge of:	• Gloves	
biological	identify	equipment	per	Method used: The	Gumboots	
control of	examples of	•Collect samples	recommended	student should	Overalls	
disease	cultural and	of infected plants	standards	explain how to use	• Masks	
discuse	biological	or plant parts.	Swiited 40	cultural and	• water	
	control of	•Carry out		biological measures	watering can	
	disease	cultural and		of controlling	• ICT clip	
	discuse	biological disease		diseases.	ici cup	
	Simulation	control method		Principles:		
	Simulation	control method		r inicipies:		

		Guide students to observe a short Video clip showing how to perform cultural and biological control of disease Practical activity: Organise the student in manageable group to identify equipment and materials for cultural control of disease	•Clean tools		The student should explain process involved in Identification and classification of crop diseases. Theories: The student should explain: •Disease prevention measures •Disease control measures • Disease triangle Circumstantial knowledge: Detailed knowledge about identification and classification of horticultural diseases.		
3.4 Controlling vertebrate (vermin) pests	(a) Identifying types of vertebrate pests	Discussion: Lead the students in manageable groups to define vertebrate pests, and identify types of vertebrate pests Field visit: Organise the student trip around the	The student should be able to: •Select tools and equipment •Classify vertebrate pests •Select tools, equipment and for vertebrate control •Clean tools and equipment •Store tools and equipment	Types of vertebrate pests identified as per recommended standards	Knowledge evidence: Detailed knowledge of: Method used: The student should explain how to control different types of vertebrates. Principles: The student should explain the principles of controlling vermin as per rules and regulations.	The following tools, equipments and safety gears are to be available: Masks Gloves Gumboots Safety glasses Overalls Traps Repellents Bait boxes Samples of common crop vermins	81

1	T		T	T	-	T	1
		farm and guide			Theories:		
		them to			The student should		
		identify types			explain:		
		of vertebrate			•Importance of		
		pests available			identifying		
					vertebrate		
		Practical			•Damages/effects		
		activity:			caused by vertebrate		
		Organise the			pests		
		student in			•		
		manageable			Circumstantial		
		groups to			knowledge;		
		identify			Detailed knowledge		
		equipment and			about identification		
		materials for			and classification of		
		identification			crop vermin pests.		
		of types of			orop (orinin posts)		
		vertebrate pests					
	(b) Performing	Discussion:	The student	Mechanical	Knowledge	The following tools,	
	mechanical	Lead the	should be able	vertebrate pest	evidence:	equipments and safety	
	vertebrate	students to	to:	control	Detailed	gears are to be available:	
	pest	define	•Select tools and	performed as	knowledge of:	• Masks	
	control	mechanical	equipment	per	Method used: The	• Gloves	
	Control	vertebrate pest	•Identify common	recommended	student should	Gumboots	
		control	horticultural	standards	explain how to	Safety glasses	
		Control	vertebrate pests	Standards	control different	Overalls	
		Practical	•Classify		types of vertebrate	• Traps	
		work:	vertebrate pests		pests.	• Repellents	
		Guide the	•Select tools,		Principles:	Repellents Bait boxes	
		students in	equipment and for		The student should	• Samples of	
		manageable	vertebrate control		explain the	common crop vertebrate.	
		groups to	•Carry out		principles	common crop vericulate.	
		practice how to	mechanical		of controlling		
		perform	vertebrate control		vertebrate as per		
		mechanical	•Clean tools and		rules and		
		vertebrate pest	equipment		regulations. Theories:		
		control	•Store tools and				
		Duo ati a - 1	equipment		The student should		
		Practical			explain:		

(c) Performing chemical vermin pest control con ider and proceed and proceed and proceed and proceed and proceed and proceed and procede a	emonstrate to e student how perform emical ermin pest ontrol	control e-Impolidenti vertebe Circu know Detail about and cl crop v Chemical vermin pest control performed as per recommended standards Rnow Meth recommended standards Princ The st explai princi of cor vermi and re Theol The st explai -Type pests • Vern control -Com pest in	anicals used to ol vertebrate ortance of affying brate instantial vledge; led knowledge identification lassification of vermin pests. vledge ence: ledd wledge of: ledd wledge of: ledd wied. The int should in how to ol different of vermins. Eiples: letudent should in the liples in as per rules egulations. ries: letudent should in: les of vermin min pest ol amon vermin in horticultural	ety lable: sses
	ractical ctivity:	crops		

Organis students manage groups to identify equipme material chemical vermin control	s in eable to ent and ls for al pest		pests on horticultural production •Signs of vermin infestation •Types of chemicals used to control vermin •Importance of identifying vermin •Damages/effects caused by vermin pests Circumstantial knowledge; Detailed knowledge about identification and classification of crop vermin pests.		
vermin in a manage group to Define overmin method, identify procedu perform	students should be able to: Select tools and equipment Identify common horticultural vermin pests Control vermin by cultural method Vermin method Clean tools and equipment Store tools and equipment see	control method performed as per recommended standards	Knowledge evidence: Detailed knowledge of: Method used: The student should explain how to control different types of vermin by cultural method Principles: The student should explain the principles of controlling vermin as per rules and regulations.	The following tools, equipments and safety gears are to be available: • Masks • Gloves • Gumboots • Safety glasses • Overalls • Traps • Repellents • Bait boxes • Samples of common crop vermins • ICT clip	

4.0 Managing	4.1 Preparing	(a) Determinin	manageable groups and display to them a video clip showing cultural vermin control method Practical activity: Organise the students in manageable groups to identify equipment and materials for cultural vermin control method Brainstorming :	The student should be able	Farm input determined as	Theories: The student should explain: • Vermin pest control •Common vermin pest in horticultural crops •Importance of identifying vermin pests Circumstantial knowledge; Detailed knowledge about identification and classification of crop vermin pests. Knowledge evidence:	The following tools,	36
farm inputs	farm input	g farm input	Lead the students to Define farm input, and list examples of farm inputs. Practical activity: Organise the students in manageable groups to identify farm input equipment and	• Select working tools and safety gear • Identify farm inputs • Classify farm inputs • Interpret manufacturers manuals • Determine type of horticultural crops to be grown. • Identify types of fertilizers • Identify types of	per recommended procedures and guidelines	betailed knowledge of: Method used: The student should explain how to determine farm input Principles: The student should explain the principles of determine farm inputs. Theories: The student should explain: •Types of farm inputs	equipments and safety gears are to be available: Overcoats Overall Gum boots Gloves Masks Fertilizer/manure Spades Seeds Pesticides Manufacturer's manual	

T	T	Г			ı	1
	materials	seeds		•Preparation of farm		
		•Identify types of		inputs		
		pesticides		•Recommended		
		 Observe safety 		applications of farm		
		precautions when		inputs		
		handling farm		•Farm inputs per		
		inputs		element area		
		•Clean tools and		•Interpretation of		
		equipment		Manufacturers		
		•Store tools and		manual		
		equipment		Circumstantial		
		1 1		knowledge:		
				Detailed		
				knowledge about:		
				•Safety precautions		
				of using farm inputs		
				•Manufactures		
				instructions of		
				various farm inputs		
(b) Calculating	Brainstorming	The student	Amount inputs	Knowledge	The following tools,	
amounts of		should be able	required per	evidence:	equipments and safety	
inputs	Lead the	to:	unit area for	Detailed	gears are to be available:	
required	students to	•Select working	fruit as per	knowledge of:	• Overcoats	
-	define, list,	tools and safety	recommended	Method used: The	• Overall	
per unit				student should	• Gum boots	
area for	identify and	gear •Calculate the	procedures and			
fruit crops	illustrate		guidelines	explain how to		
	procedures of	amount of		calculate amount of	• Masks	
	amount of	fertilizer per unit		input per unit area	Fertilizer/manure	
	input required	area		Principles: The	• Seeds	
	per unit area	•Calculate the		student should	• Pesticides	
		amount of		explain the	Manufacturer's	
	Peer teaching:	pesticides per unit		principles	manual	
	Review	area		of preparing farm		
	sessions where	•Calculate the		inputs		
	students work	amount of seeds		Theories: The		
	together to	per unit area.		student should		
	calculate the	•Observe safety		explain:		
	required inputs	precautions when		•Recommended		
	for different	handling farm		applications of farm		

	fruit crops under specific conditions	inputs •Clean tools and equipment		inputs •Farm inputs per unit area		
	Practical work: Organise the students in manageable groups to identify equipment and materials for amount of input required per unit area	•Store tools and equipment		•Interpretation of Manufacturers manual Circumstantial knowledge: Detailed knowledge about: •Safety precautions of using farm inputs •Manufactures instructions of various farm inputs		
(c) Calculating amount of inputs required per unit area for leafy vegetable crops	Discussion: Guide the students in manageable groups to define, list, identify, and illustrate the procedures of calculating amount of input required per unit area of leafy vegetable crops Collaborative learning: Pair students with different knowledge levels and	The student should be able to: •Select working tools and safety gear •Interpret manufacturers manuals •Calculate the amount of fertilizer per unit area. •Calculate the amount of pesticides per unit area. •Calculate the amount of seeds per unit area. •Observe safety precautions when	Amount of input required per unit area for leafy vegetable calculated as per recommended procedures and guidelines	Knowledge evidence: Detailed knowledge of: Method used: The student should be able explain how to store various crops Principles: The student should explain the principles of preparing farm inputs. Theories: The student should explain: •Preparation of farm inputs •Recommended applications of farm	The following tools, equipments and safety gears are to be available: Overcoats calculator Gum boots Gloves Masks Fertilizer/manure container Seeds Pesticides Manufacturer's manual	

		T =	1	Τ.	, ,	1
	encourage	handling farm		inputs		
	them to	inputs		•Farm inputs per		
	calculate	•Clean tools and		unit area		
	amount of	equipment		•Interpretation of		
	input required	 Store tools and 		Manufacturers		
	per unit area	equipment		manual		
	leafy vegetable			Circumstantial		
				knowledge:		
	Practical			Detailed knowledge		
	activity:			about:		
	Organise the			•Safety precautions		
	student in			of using farm inputs		
	manageable			•Manufactures		
	groups to			instructions of		
	identify			various farm inputs		
	equipment and			P		
	materials for					
	amount of					
	input					
(d) Calcu		The student	Amount input	Knowledge	The following tools,	
amou		should be able	required per	evidence:	equipments and safety	
inputs		to:	unit area for	Detailed	gears are to be available:	
requir		•Select working	spices as per	knowledge of:	Overcoats	
per	unit define, list,	tools and safety	recommended	Method used: The	• Container	
area	for identify and	gear	procedures and	student should	Gum boots	
spices	,	•Interpret	guidelines	explain how to	• Gloves	
spices	procedures of	manufacturers	Suidennes	calculate amount	Masks	
	amount of	manuals		input required per	Fertilizer/manure	
	input required	•Determine type		unit area of spices	Calculator	
	per unit area of	of horticultural		Principles: The	• Seeds	
	spice crops	crops to be		student should	Pesticides	
	spice crops	grown.		explain the	Manufacturer's	
	Collaborative	•Calculate the		principles	manual	
	learning:	amount of		of preparing farm	IIIIIIIIIII	
	Pair students	fertilizer per unit		inputs.		
	with different	area.		Theories: The		
	With Gillorellt	urcu.	1			
	knowledge	•Calculate the		student should		
	knowledge	•Calculate the		student should		
	knowledge levels and	•Calculate the amount of		student should explain:		

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		them to	area.		inputs		
		calculate	 Calculate the 		 Recommended 		
		amount of	amount of seeds		applications of farm		
		input required	per unit area.		inputs		
		per unit area	•Observe safety		•Farm inputs per		
		for spice crops	precautions when		unit area		
		1 1	handling farm		•Interpretation of		
		Practical	inputs		Manufacturers		
		work:	•Clean tools and		manual		
		Organise the	equipment		Circumstantial		
		students in	•Store tools and		knowledge:		
		manageable	equipment		Detailed knowledge		
		group to	1a-1b		about:		
		identify			•Safety precautions		
		equipment and			of using farm inputs		
		materials			•Manufactures		
		amount of			instructions of		
		input			various farm inputs		
	(e)	Peer teaching:	The student	Amount input	Knowledge	The following tools,	
	Calculating	Lead the	should be able		evidence:		
	amounts of	students to	to:	required per unit area for	Detailed	equipments and safety gears are to be available:	
						C	
	inputs	define, list,	•Select working	ornamental as	knowledge of: Method used: The	OvercoatsContainer	
	required	identify and	tools and safety	per			
	per unit	illustrate	gear	recommended	student should	• Gum boots	
	area for	procedures of	•Interpret	procedures and	explain how to	• Gloves	
	ornamental	amount of	manufacturers	guidelines	calculate amount	• Masks	
	•	input required	manuals		input required per	Fertilizer/manure	
		per unit area	•Calculate the		unit area of	• Calculator	
		for ornamental	amount of		ornamental	• Seeds	
			fertilizer per unit		Principles: The	• Pesticides	
		Hands-On	area.		student should	• Manufacturer's	
		work:	•Calculate the		explain the	manual	
		Allow students	amount of		principles		
		to work on a	pesticides per unit		of preparing farm		
		physical garden	area.		inputs.		
		where they	Calculate the		Theories: The		
		need to	amount of seeds		student should		
		calculate the	per unit area.		explain:		
		inputs required	•Observe safety		•Preparation of farm		

1		per unit area	precautions when		immuta		
		for ornamental	handling farm		inputs •Recommended		
		101 Offiamental	<u> </u>				
		Practical	inputs •Clean tools and		applications of farm		
					inputs		
		activity:	equipment		•Farm inputs per		
		Organise the	•Store tools and		unit area		
		students in	equipment		•Interpretation of		
		manageable			Manufacturers		
		groups to			manual		
		identify			Circumstantial		
		equipment and			knowledge:		
		materials			Detailed knowledge		
		amount of			about:		
		input			•Safety precautions		
					of using farm inputs		
					•Manufactures		
					instructions of		
					various farm inputs		
4.2 Managing	(a) Performing	Brainstorming	The student	Seeds stored as	Knowledge	The following tools,	18
storage of farm	storage of	:	should be able	per	evidence:	equipments and safety	
inputs	seeds	Lead the	to:	recommended	Detailed	gears are to be available:	
		students to	 Select working 	procedures	knowledge of	• Overalls	
		identify, and	tools, equipment		Method used: The	Gum boots	
		illustrate	and safety gear		student should	• Masks	
		procedures of	•Determine		explain how to store	• Gloves	
		storage seeds	storage method		different types of	• Pallets	
			for different		seeds	 Gunny bags 	
		Practical	inputs		Principles:	 Plastic bags 	
		demonstration	•Clean the storage		The student should	 Bags of seeds 	
		:	facility		explain the	Bottles of	
		: Demonstrate to	facility •Fumigate the		explain the principles of:	• Bottles of pesticides	
		Demonstrate to the student how					
			•Fumigate the		principles of:	pesticides	
		the student how to perform storage of	•Fumigate the storage facility •Keep labels of stored inputs		principles of: •Handling different types of farm inputs. •Observing farm	pesticides • Fumigation	
		the student how to perform	•Fumigate the storage facility •Keep labels of		principles of: •Handling different types of farm inputs.	pesticides • Fumigation	
		the student how to perform storage of	•Fumigate the storage facility •Keep labels of stored inputs		principles of: •Handling different types of farm inputs. •Observing farm	pesticides • Fumigation	
		the student how to perform storage of	•Fumigate the storage facility •Keep labels of stored inputs •Make inventory		principles of: •Handling different types of farm inputs. •Observing farm inputs rules and	pesticides • Fumigation	
		the student how to perform storage of seeds	•Fumigate the storage facility •Keep labels of stored inputs •Make inventory of stored inputs		principles of: •Handling different types of farm inputs. •Observing farm inputs rules and regulations	pesticides • Fumigation	

		1	·		1	
	students in	•Clean working		•Importance of		
	manageable	tools and		storing farm inputs		
	groups to	equipment		safely		
	identify	 Store working 		 Methods of farm 		
	equipment and	tools and		input storage		
	materials for	equipment		•Causes of input		
	seed storage			quality deterioration		
				in store		
				•Different types of		
				farm inputs		
				•Conditions for safe		
				storage of inputs		
				•Safe disposal of		
				input packages		
				Circumstantial		
				knowledge:		
				Detailed knowledge		
				about:		
				•Safety precautions		
				in storing farm		
				inputs		
				•Safe disposal of		
				containers and bags		
(b) Performing	Discussion:	The student	Storage of	Knowledge	The following tools,	
		should be able	pesticides	evidence:	equipments and safety	
storage o	students to			Detailed	gears are to be available:	
pesticides		to:	performed as			
	identify ways	•Select working	per	knowledge of	• Overalls	
	of storing	tools, equipment	recommended	Method used: The	Gum boots Maclas	
	pesticides	and safety gear	procedures	student should	• Masks	
	D (*)	•Determine		explain how to store	• Gloves	
	Practical	storage method		different types of	• Pallets	
	work:	for different		pesticides	Gunny bags	
	Set up a	inputs		Principles:	Plastic bags	
	physical	•Clean the storage		The student should	Bags of seeds	
	storage area	facility		explain the	Bottles of	
	where students	•Keep labels of		principles of:	pesticides	
	practice	stored inputs		 Handling different 	Fumigation	
	arranging	•Make inventory		types of farm inputs.	facilities	
	pesticides	of stored inputs		•Observing farm		

		T				
	according to	•Observe expiring		inputs rules and		
	safety	dates of inputs		regulations		
	standards	•Clean working		Theories:		
		tools and		The student should		
	Practical	equipment		explain:		
	activity:	•Store working		•Importance of		
	Organise the	tools and		storing farm inputs		
	students in	equipment		safely		
	manageable	oquipinon:		•Methods of farm		
	groups to			input storage		
	identify			•Conditions for safe		
	•					
	equipment and			storage of inputs		
	materials for			•Safe disposal of		
	storage of			input packages		
	pesticides			Circumstantial		
				knowledge:		
				Detailed knowledge		
				about:		
				 Safety precautions 		
				in storing farm		
				inputs		
				•Safe disposal of		
				containers and bags		
(c)	Group work:	The student	Storage of	Knowledge	The following tools,	
Performing	Assign students	should be able	fertilizer as per	evidence:	equipments and safety	
storage of	in manageable	to:	recommended	Detailed	gears are to be available:	
fertilizers	groups to	•Select working	procedures.	knowledge of:	Overalls	
Tertifizers	identify	tools, equipment	procedures.	Method used: The	Gum boots	
	procedures of	and safety gear		student should	Guill boots Masks	
	•	•Determine				
	storing			explain how to store	• Gloves	
	fertilizers	storage method		different types of	• Pallets	
	= , , ,	for different		fertilizer	Gunny bags	
	Interactive	inputs		Principles:	Plastic bags	
	field visits:	•Clean the storage		The student should	Bags of seeds	
	Organise field	facility		explain the	Bottles of	
	trips/village	•Fumigate the		principles of:	pesticides	
	outreach to	storage facility		 Handling different 	 Fumigation 	
	agricultural	•Keep labels of		types of farm inputs.	facilities	
	facilities	stored inputs		•Observing farm		

				-M-1 : +		:		
			storage units to	•Make inventory		inputs rules and		
			observe proper	of stored inputs		regulations		
			fertilizer	•Store farm inputs		Theories: The		
			storage	•Observe expiring		student should		
			practices in	dates of inputs		explain:		
			action	•Clean working		•Importance of		
				tools and		storing farm inputs		
			Practical	equipment		safely		
			activity:	 Store working 		 Methods of farm 		
			Organise the	tools and		input storage		
			student in	equipment		•Different types of		
			manageable			farm inputs		
			groups to			•Conditions for safe		
			identify			storage of inputs		
			equipment and			•Safe disposal of		
			materials for			input packages		
			storage of			Circumstantial		
			fertilizer			knowledge:		
						Detailed knowledge		
						about:		
						•Safety precautions		
						in storing farm		
						inputs		
						•Safe disposal of		
						containers and bags		
5.0 Performing	5.1 Handling	(a) Performing	Discussion:	The student	Drying of	Knowledge	The following tools,	110
post-harvest	harvested	drying of	Lead the	should be able	horticultural	evidence:	equipments and safety	110
activities	horticultural crops	horticultur	students to	to:	crops	Detailed	gears are to be available:	
activities	norticultural crops	al crops	define, list,	•Select and	performed	knowledge of:	Overcoats	
		ai crops	identify and	prepare tools,	according to	Method used: The	Baskets	
			illustrate	equipment and	required	student should	• Gloves	
				materials				
			procedures of	•Sort harvested	procedures	explain how to	TraysWash basins	
			dry			drying horticultural		
			horticultural	vegetables		crops	• Cushioning	
			crops	•Sort fruits		Principles: The	material	
			D	•Grade fruits Dry		student should	• Polyshrink	
			Practical	horticultural crops		explain the	containers	
			demonstration	Grade harvested		principles	Small trailer	
			:	crops		pre-harvest handling	• Trolleys	

	Conduct live	of perishable	• Driers
	demonstrations	horticultural crops	Packing cartons
	to the students	Theories: The	Plastic containers
	how to dry	student should	• Wooden
	different types	explain:	containers
	of horticultural	•Importance of	
	crops	drying horticultural	
		crops	
		•Pre harvest factors	
	Practical	affecting quality	
	activity:	crops	
	Organise the	•The quantitative	
	student in	and qualitative	
	manageable	losses in perishables	
	groups to	•Types of containers	
	identify	for handling crops	
	equipment and	•Methods of	
	materials for	reduction of	
	drying	metabolic rates of	
	horticultural	crops	
	crops	•Methods of	
		reducing water loss	
		in fruits and	
		vegetables	
		Circumstantial	
		knowledge Detailed	
		knowledge about:	
		handling of the	
		harvested	
		horticultural crops	
(b) Performing	Discussion: The student	Sorting and Knowledge	The following tools,
sorting and	Guide the should be able	grading evidence:	equipments and safety
grading	students in to:	performed Detailed	gears are to be available:
horticultur	manageable •Select and	according to knowledge of:	Overcoats
al crops	groups to prepare tools,	required Method used: The	Baskets
0.000	define, identify equipment and	practices student should	• Gloves
	tools and materials	explain how to sort	• Trays
	illustrate •Sort harvested	and grade	Wash basins

procedures of sorting and grading horticultural crops Simulation: Apply computer visual system to provides a hands-on experience in a classroom or workshop setting to the student how to sort and grade horticultural crops Practical activity: Organise the students in manageable groups to identify equipment and materials for sorting and grading horticultural crops (c) Performing Discussion:	vegetables •Sort fruits •Grade fruits The student	Packing	horticultural crops Principles: The student should explain the principles pre-harvest handling of perishable horticultural crops Theories: The student should explain: •Importance handling harvested of horticultural crops •Types of containers for handling crops •Distinguish between the climacteric and non- climacteric fruits and vegetable Circumstantial knowledge about handling of the harvested horticultural crops	 Cushioning material Polyshrink containers Washing area Small trailer Trolleys Packing cartons Fruit graders Plastic containers Wooden containers Automated Sorting Machines The following tools,
packing border packin	should be able to: •Select and prepare tools,	performed according to required procedures	evidence: Detailed knowledge of: Method used: The	equipments and safety gears are to be available: Overcoats Baskets

1			· .				T
		materials and	equipment and		student should	• Gloves	
		illustrate	materials		explain how to pack	• Trays	
		procedures of	Pack harvested		harvested	Cushioning	
		packing	horticultural crops		horticultural crops	material	
		horticultural			Principles:	 Polyshrink 	
		crops			The student should	containers	
		•			explain the	Small trailer	
		Guest			principles	• Trolleys	
		speaker:			pre-harvest handling	Packing cartons	
		Invite the			of perishable	Fruit graders	
		industry expert			horticultural crops	Plastic containers	
		to train the			Theories:	• Wooden	
		student how to			The student should	containers	
		pack			explain:	Containers	
		horticultural			•Importance		
		crops			handling harvested		
		crops			of horticultural		
		Practical					
					crops		
		activity:			•Various packing		
		Organise the			materials and		
		student in			transport		
		manageable			•Types of containers		
		group to			for handling crops		
		identify			Circumstantial		
		equipment and			knowledge:		
		materials for			Detailed knowledge		
		packing			about		
		horticultural			handling of the		
		crops			harvested		
					horticultural crops		
5.2 Performing	(a) Conductin	Question and	The student	Heat treatment	Knowledge	The following tools,	91
post-harvest	g heat	answer:	should be able	conducted	evidence:	equipments and safety	
treatments	treatment	Lead the	to:	according to	Detailed	gears are to be available:	
		students to	•Select working	required	knowledge of:	Overcoats	
		define, identify	tools, equipment	procedures	Method used: The	Overalls	
		tools, and	and safety gear	1	student should	Rubber gloves	
		illustrate	•Apply Pre		explain how to:	Safety boots	
		procedures of	cooling		perform heat	Safety clear	
		heat treatment	treatments in		treatment for	glasses	
1		neat treatment	treatments in		treatment for	Siasses	L

			T		Ţ	
		harvested crops		different	• Gloves	
	Interactive	 Apply heat 		horticultural crops	• Masks	
	Tutorials:	treatments in		Principles: The	• Refrigerators	
	Instructors can	harvested crops		student should	Cold rooms	
	integrate	 Observe safety 		explain the	Cold boxes	
	interactive	precaution		principles		
	tutorials that	•Clean tools,		postharvest		
	allow students	equipment and		treatments of the		
	to conduct the	workplace		horticultural crops		
	heat treatment	•Store tools and		Theories: The		
	process	equipment		student should		
	1	1 1 1		explain:		
	Practical			•Importance of heat		
	activity:			treatment of		
	Organise the			harvested crops		
	students in			•Different types of		
	manageable			heat treatments		
	groups to			•Importance of pre		
	identify			cooling of the		
	equipment and			harvested crops		
	materials for			narvested crops		
	heat treatment			Circumstantial		
	neat treatment			knowledge:		
				Detailed knowledge		
				_		
				about		
				safety precautions		
				while performing		
				post-harvest		
	D	[F] 4 1 4	CI : 1	treatments	771 C.11 : 1	
(b) Conduct		The student	Chemical	Knowledge	The following tools,	
g chemi		should be able	treatment	evidence:	equipments and safety	
treatmen		to:	conducted	Detailed	gears are to be available:	
	define, list	•Select working	according to	knowledge of:	• Overcoats	
	types of	tools, equipment	required	Method used: The	• Overalls	
	chemical	and safety gear	procedures	student should	Rubber gloves	
	treatment,	 Apply different 		explain how to:	Safety boots	
	illustrate	types of		conduct chemical	Safety clear	
	procedures of	hormones in		treatment for	glasses	
	chemical	harvested crops		different	• Masks	

	treatment	•Use different		horticultural crops	Debi relic acid
		chemicals to treat		Principles:	Ethelyne
		harvested crops		The student should	
	Practical	•Handle different		explain the	
	demonstration	machines		principles	
	:	•Observe safety		postharvest	
	Demonstrate to	precaution		treatments of the	
	the student how	•Clean tools,		horticultural crops	
	to conduct	equipment and		Theories:	
	chemical	workplace		The student should	
	treatment	•Store tools and		explain:	
		equipment		•Importance of	
	Practical	- 1h		chemical heat	
	activity:			treatment of	
	Organise the			harvested crops	
	students in			•Suitability of	
	manageable			various treatment of	
	groups to			the harvested crops	
	identify			•Chemicals	
	equipment and			treatment on	
	materials for			harvested	
	chemical			horticultural crops	
	treatment			Circumstantial	
				knowledge:	
				Detailed knowledge	
				about	
				handling chemicals	
				while performing	
				post-harvest	
				treatments	
(c) Conductin	Group work:	The student	Cold treatment	Knowledge	The following tools,
g cold	Assign the	should be able	conducted	evidence:	equipments and safety
treatment	students to	to:	according to	Detailed	gears are to be available:
	define cold	•Select working	required	knowledge of:	Overcoats
	treatment, list	tools, equipment	procedures	Method used: The	• Overalls
	tools and	and safety gear	_	student should	Rubber gloves
	identify	•Apply Pre		explain how to	Safety boots
	method of cold	cooling		conduct cold	Safety clear
	treatment	treatments in		treatment for	glasses

		Practical demonstration: Demonstrate to the student how to conduct cold treatment Practical work: Organise the students in manageable groups to identify equipment and materials for cold treatment	harvested crops •Handle different machines •Observe safety precaution •Clean tools, equipment and workplace •Store tools and equipment		different horticultural crops Principles: The student should explain the principles postharvest treatments of the horticultural crops Theories: The student should explain: •Importance of cold treatment of the harvested crops •Suitability of various treatment of the harvested crops •Importance of pre cooling of the	 Masks Refrigerators Cold rooms Cold boxes 	
5.3 Storing different	(a) Practicing traditional	Brainstorming :	The student should be able	Traditional storage	harvested crops •Factors influencing quality of the harvested products Circumstantial knowledge: Detailed knowledge about safety handling while performing post-harvest treatments. Knowledge evidence:	The following tools, equipments and safety	101
horticultural cro		Lead the student to efine and identify	to: •Importance of storage of harvested crops	practiced according to required rules and regulations	Detailed knowledge of: Method used: The student should	gears are to be available: Overcoats Overalls Rubber gloves	

methods of traditional of storage structures • Different types of traditional of storage storage • Qualities of good Video clip: storage structures • Different types of different types of horticultural products by using traditional method • Refrigerator • Atmospheric
storage structures of good products by using traditional method video clip: storage structures storage stru
Video clip:•Qualities of good storage structuresproducts by using traditional method• Refrigerator • Atmospheric
Video clip: storage structures traditional method • Atmospheric
Show step-by- for horticultural Principles: storage equipment's
step crops The student should • Charcoal
instructions to •Suitability of explain • Pieces of wood
the students to various methods techniques of • Polythene sheet
learn how to to store the storing the • Wire mesh
practise horticultural horticultural • Nails
traditional harvested crops products
storage •Factors causing Theories:
deterioration of The student should
Practical horticultural crops explain:
activity: •Ripening of •Importance of
Organise the fruits for proper storage of harvested
students in storage crops
manageable •Procedure of •Different types of
groups to making charcoal storage structures
identify cooler •Qualities of good
equipment and storage structures
materials for for horticultural
traditional crops
storage •Procedure of
making charcoal
cooler
•Factors causing
deterioration of
horticultural crops
•Ripening of fruits
for proper storage
•Techniques used in
delaying ripening of
fruits
Circumstantial
knowledge:
Detailed knowledge
about

1			T	T			
					storing of		
					horticultural		
					produce and		
					products		
	(b) Performing	Question and	The student	Canning	Knowledge	The following tools,	
	canning of	answer:	should be able	performed	evidence:	equipments and safety	
	horticultur	Guide the	to:	according to	Detailed	gears are to be available:	
	al products	student to	•Importance of	required rules	knowledge of:	 Overcoats 	
		define, identify	storage of	and regulations	Method used: The	 Overalls 	
		method, and	harvested crops		student should	 Rubber gloves 	
		illustrate	 Different types 		explain how to store	 Safety boots 	
		procedures of	of storage		different types of	Safety clear	
		canning in	structures		horticultural	glasses	
		horticultural	•Qualities of good		products by canning	 Refrigerator 	
		products	storage structures		method	 Polythene sheet 	
			for horticultural		Principles:		
		Field visit:	crops		The student should		
		Organise a trip	•Importance of		explain		
		visit of any	reducing		techniques of		
		horticultural	respiration in		storing the		
		industry unit	storage of crops		horticultural		
		the student to	•Usage of		products		
		learn how to	disinfectants in		Theories:		
		perform	storage structures		The student should		
		canning of	of the		explain:		
		horticultural	horticultural crops		•Importance of		
		products	•Factors causing		storage of harvested		
			deterioration of		crops		
		Practical	horticultural crops		•Different types of		
		activity:			storage structures		
		Organise the			•Qualities of good		
		student in			storage structures		
		manageable			for horticultural		
		group to			crops		
		identify			•Suitability of		
		equipment and			various methods to		
		materials for			store the		
		canning of			horticultural		
		horticultural			harvested crops		

products			•Importance of reducing respiration in storage of crops •Usage of disinfectants in storage structures of the horticultural crops •Factors causing deterioration of horticultural crops Circumstantial knowledge: Detailed knowledge about storing of horticultural produce and products		
(c) Performing bottling storage Storage Discussion: Lead the students to define, identify types and illustrate procedures of bottling storage Video-based Learning: Video clip	The student should be able to: •Importance of storage of harvested crops •Different types of storage structures •Qualities of good storage structures for horticultural	Bottling storage performed according to required rules and regulations	Knowledge evidence: Detailed knowledge of: Method used: The student should explain how to store different types of horticultural products by using bottling storage Principles:	The following tools, equipments and safety gears are to be available: Overcoats Overalls Rubber gloves Safety boots Safety clear glasses -Paper boxes Refrigerator Atmospheric	
showing to the students how to perform bottling storage	disinfectants in		The student should explain techniques of storing the	storage equipmentbottlesPolythene sheettrays	

			Practical activity: Organise the student in manageable group to identify equipment and materials for bottling storage	of the horticultural crops •Ripening of fruits for proper storage	horticultural products Theories: The student should explain: •Importance of storage of harvested crops •Different types of storage structures •Qualities of good storage structures for horticultural crops •Suitability of various methods to store the horticultural harvested crops •Usage of disinfectants in storage structures of the horticultural crops •Ripening of fruits for proper storage •Techniques used in delaying ripening of fruits Circumstantial knowledge: Detailed knowledge about storing of horticultural crops	pallets	
Implementing a project	Designing and carrying out a	Carrying out a			storing of		

1				1	r	
	project work	project				
		work				

Form Four

 Table 6: Detailed Contents for Form Four

					Assessment Crite	eria		
Module Title (Main Competence)	Unit Title (Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Suggested Teaching and Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge Assessment	Training Requirements/ Suggested Resources	Number of Periods per Unit
1.0 Performing processing of horticulture crops	1.1 Processing different horticultural crops	(a) Preparing horticultural crop products	Discussion: Guide the students to define methods of horticultural crop products preparation Practical demonstration: Show the students how to use tools, equipment and machines to prepare horticultural crop products Role play: Organise the students in manageable groups to practice how to prepare horticultural crop products	The student should be able to: Select working tools and equipment Identify techniques to prepare horticultural crop products Perform pre- cooling of horticultural products Pack the prepared crop produce Observe safety precautions Clean tools	Horticultural crops are prepared by using recommended practices.	Knowledge evidence: Detailed knowledge of: Method used: The student should explain how to prepare horticultural crop produce using available tools, equipment, machineries and materials Principles: The students should explain the principles of preparing horticultural crop products. Theories: The students should explain: Importance of preparing horticultural crop productes.	The following tools, equipments and safety gears are to be available: • Laboratory coats • Caps • Gum boots • Fridges/freezers • Crates • Boxes (Plastic/wooden) • Sacks • Gunny bags • Plastic bags • Bucket • Cold rooms • Ventilated rooms • Salt • Sugar • Vinegar • Smoke • Containers • Polythene sheets	90

					Assessment Crite	eria		
Module Title (Main Competence)	Unit Title (Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Suggested Teaching and Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge Assessment	Training Requirements/ Suggested Resources	Number of Periods per Unit
				and equipment		Different horticultural preserving methods Circumstantial knowledge: Detailed knowledge about: Safe handling of prepared crops tools, equipment and machineries Safe handling of preserving tools, equipment and machineries	 Sterilizers Preservatives Portable water Electric/solar driers Choppers Knives Sieve Mats Pots Tray Pressing machine Weighing scale 	
		(b) Preparing juice	Group work: Organise the students to describe tips of juice preparation from various crops Practical demonstration: Demonstrate to the student how to use tools, equipment and machines to prepare juice from various crops	The student should be able to: Select working tools and equipment Identify juice preparing methods Determine procedure for juice making from horticultural	Prepare juice from horticultural crops according to required practices.	Knowledge evidence: Detailed knowledge of: Method used: The students should explain how to prepare juice from horticultural crop produce using available tools, equipment, machineries and materials Principles: The student should	The following tools, equipments and safety gears are to be available: Laboratory coats Caps Gum boots Overcoats Fridges/freezers Crates Glasses / Cups Boxes (Plastic/wooden) Filters Sacks	

					Assessment Crite	ria		
Module Title (Main Competence)	Unit Title (Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Suggested Teaching and Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge Assessment	Training Requirements/ Suggested Resources	Number of Periods per Unit
			Practical activity: Organise the students in manageable groups to prepare juice	crops Determine preservation methods Preserve fruits and vegetables by using chemicals. Pack prepared juice Observe safety precautions Clean tools and equipment		explain the principles of preparing juice from horticultural crop produce. Theories: The students should explain: Types of juice from horticultural crops Method of preparing juice from horticultural crops Factors to consider in juice making Procedure of making juice from horticultural crops Preserving method for juice Circumstantial knowledge: Detailed knowledge about: Safe handling of processing tools, equipment and machineries Observe hygiene	 Gunny bags Plastic bags Bucket Cold rooms Ventilated rooms Salt Sugar Vinegar Containers Polythene sheets Sterilizers Preservatives Water Electric/solar driers Choppers Blenders Knives Sieve Mats Pots Tray Pressing machine Weighing scale 	

Module Title (Main Competence) Unit Title (Specific Competences) Unit Title (Unit Title (Specific Competences) Unit Title (Unit Ti						Assessment Crite	ria		
(c) Preparing tomato paste and tomato sauce and tomato sauce and tomato paste and tomato paste and tomato sauce. (d) Preparing tomato paste and tomato sauce with a video tutorial showing the step-by-step process of preparing tomato paste and tomato sauce. (e) Preparing tomato tomato sauce with a video tutorial showing the step-by-step process of preparing tomato paste and tomato sauce. (e) Preparing tomato tomato sauce with a video tutorial showing the step-by-step process of preparing tomato paste and tomato sauce and tomato paste and tomato sauce and tomato paste tomato sauce. (guide the students how to use tools, cutipment and machines to prepare tomato sauce and tomato paste to more tomato sauce and tomato paste the students in manageable groups to prepare (g) Preparing tomato sauce tomato paste and tomato sauce and tomato sauce and tomato paste by using preservatives processing methods for tomato sauce tomato sauce and tomato paste by using recommended methods, practices and equipment sauce and tomato sauce and tomato paste and tomato sauce and tomato sauce and tomato sauce and tomato paste tomato sauce and tomato paste and tomato sauce and tomato paste tomato sauce and tomato sauce and tomato paste and tomato sauce and t	(Main	(Specific	, ,	Teaching and					of Periods
Pack tomato paste and tomato sauce Pack processed and processing methods preservatives preserved tomato paste and tomato pas			tomato paste and tomato	Provide students with a video tutorial showing the step-by-step process of preparing tomato paste and tomato sauce. Simulations: Guide the students how to use tools, equipment and machines to prepare tomato sauce and tomato paste Project: Organise the students in manageable groups to prepare and preserve tomato paste and	should be able to: Select working tools and equipment Identify processing methods for tomato paste Prepare tomato sauce Maintain hygiene of the products Preserve tomato sauce and tomato paste by using preservatives / chemicals. Pack processed and preserved	paste and tomato sauce by using recommended methods, practices and	preserved juice Knowledge evidence: Detailed knowledge of: Method used: The student should explain how to prepare tomato sauce and tomato paste using available tools, equipment, machineries and materials Principles: The students should explain the principles of preparing tomato sauce and tomato paste Theories: The students should explain: Procedure of processing different types of crops. Different horticultural processing methods Different	equipments and safety gears are to be available: • Laboratory coats • Caps • Gum boots • Fridges/freezers • Crates • Boxes • Plastic/wooden) • Sacks • Gunny bags • Plastic bags • Plastic bags • Bucket • Cold rooms • Ventilated rooms • Salt • Sugar • Vinegar • Smoke • Containers • Polythene sheets • Sterilizers • Preservatives • Portable water	

					Assessment Crite	eria		
Module Title (Main Competence)	Unit Title (Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Suggested Teaching and Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge Assessment	Training Requirements/ Suggested Resources	Number of Periods per Unit
				sauce Observe safety precautions Clean tools and equipment		preserving methods Drying of fruits and vegetables Processing method for leafy vegetable Processing method for fruit vegetable Preserving method for tomato paste Circumstantial knowledge: Detailed knowledge about: Safe handling of tomato sauce processing tools, equipment and machineries Safe handling of preserving tools, equipment and machineries	 Knives Sieve Mats Pots Tray Pressing machine Weighing scale 	
		(d) Preparing spice powder	Discussion: Lead the students to identify the procedures for	The student should be able to: • Select	Prepare spice powder according to required	Knowledge evidence: Detailed knowledge of: Method used: The	The following tools, equipments and safety gears are to be available:	

					Assessment Crite	ria		
Module Title (Main Competence)	Unit Title (Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Suggested Teaching and Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge Assessment	Training Requirements/ Suggested Resources	Number of Periods per Unit
			preparation of spice powder Live Demos: Arrange for a guest chef (either virtually or in person) who specializes in spice-based cuisine to demonstrate how to make a spice powder sauce. Project work: Organise the students in manageable groups to prepare spice powder	working tools and equipment Pprepare spice powder Practice traditional preparation of spice powder Preserve spice powder Observe safety precautions Clean tools and equipment	practices and recommended methods.	students should explain how to: prepare spice powder by using available tools, equipment, machineries and materials Principles: The students should explain the principles of preparing spice powder Theories: The students should explain: • Importance of spices • Factors to consider in selecting the method of preparing spice powder • Procedures involved in preparing different types of spice powders • Preserving method for fruits and vegetables	 Laboratory coats Caps Gum boots Fridges/freezers Crates Boxes (Plastic/wooden) Sacks Gunny bags Plastic bags Bucket Cold rooms Ventilated rooms Salt Sugar Vinegar Smoke Containers Polythene sheets Sterilizers Preservatives Portable water Electric/solar driers Choppers Knives Sieve Mats Pots Tray Pressing machine 	

					Assessment Crite	ria		
Module Title (Main Competence)	Unit Title (Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Suggested Teaching and Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge Assessment	Training Requirements/ Suggested Resources	Number of Periods per Unit
	1.2 Performing packaging of horticultural products	(a) Identifying different packaging materials	Interactive Case Studies and Scenarios: Ask the students to identify different	The student should be able to: • Select	Identify different packaging materials for Horticultural	Circumstantial knowledge: Detailed knowledge about Safe handling of spice powder preparing tools, equipment and machineries Knowledge evidence: Detailed knowledge of: Method used: The students should	• Weighing scale The following tools, equipments and safety gears are to be available:	60
			packaging materials for different crops Practical work: Guide the students in manageable groups to identify suitable different packaging materials	working tools and equipment's Select types of packaging materials Prepare fruit crops to be packaged Prepare vegetable crops to be packaged Prepare spice crop to be packaged Prepare spice crop to be packaged Perform packaging of	crops	explain different packaging methods applied to fresh horticultural crops Principles: The students should explain the principles of packaging horticultural crops. Theories: The students should explain: Importance of packaging horticultural products Advantages of	 Laboratory coats Caps Gum boots Fridges Freezers Plastic Crates Paper crates Wood Crates Moisture proof container Wooden boxes Sacks Gunny bags Plastic bags Bucket Plastic bottles Glass bottles 	

					Assessment Crite	ria		
Module Title (Main Competence)	Unit Title (Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Suggested Teaching and Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge Assessment	Training Requirements/ Suggested Resources	Number of Periods per Unit
				vegetables Perform packaging to fruit crop Perform packaging to spices crop Observe safety precautions Clean tools and equipment Store tools and equipment		packaging vegetables Advantages of packaging spices Packaging vegetable crops Packaging of fruit crops Disadvantages of each packaging materials Types of packaging materials Circumstantial knowledge: Detailed knowledge about safe handling of packaging materials	 Jars Cold rooms Ventilated rooms Salt Sugar Vinegar Plastic containers Thermometers Polythene sheets Sterilizers Preservatives Electric drier solar driers Choppers Knives Sieve Mats Tray Baskets Cans 	
		(b) Preparing labels and logos	Team-Based Branding Projects: Divide students into small groups, each tasked with	The student should be able to: • Select working tools and	Prepare different labels and logos for Horticultural crops produce and products	Knowledge evidence: Detailed knowledge of: Method used: The students should explain preparation of	The following tools, equipments and safety gears are to be available: • Laboratory coats • Caps	

					Assessment Crite	eria		
Module Title (Main Competence)	Unit Title (Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Suggested Teaching and Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge Assessment	Training Requirements/ Suggested Resources	Number of Periods per Unit
			developing a label and logo e.g., organic tomatoes, herbal teas, or farm-fresh vegetables Guest Speaker Invite a professional graphic designer or marketing expert specializing in agricultural or horticultural products to give a talk on creating labels and logos for such products. Practical activity: Organise the students in manageable groups to prepare labels and logos	equipment's Select types of labels and logos for branding packaged horticulture products Perform labelling of packaged spices Observe safety precautions Clean tools and equipment Store tools and equipment		different labels for packaged fresh horticultural crops Principles: The students should explain the principles of preparing labels and logos Theories: The students should explain: • Importance of packaging labels and logos for horticultural products • Advantages of labels and logos • Disadvantages of unlabelled products • Important information in labelling a product Circumstantial knowledge: Detailed knowledge about safety precautions to check for labeled products	 Gum boots Crates Moisture proof container Wooden boxes Sacks Gunny bags Plastic bags Bucket Plastic bottles Glass bottles Jars Plastic containers Polythene sheets Preservatives Glue Masking tape Knives Sieve Mats Tray Baskets Cans 	

					Assessment Crite	ria		
Module Title (Main Competence)	Unit Title (Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Suggested Teaching and Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge Assessment	Training Requirements/ Suggested Resources	Number of Periods per Unit
		(c) Performing traditional packaging	Brainstorming: Guide the students to perform traditional packaging of horticultural crops Hands-On Designs Workshops: Guide the students how to use tools, equipment and machines to perform traditional packaging of horticultural crops Activity: Organise the students in manageable groups to perform traditional packaging of horticultural crops	The student should be able to: Select working tools and equipment's Select types of packaging materials Perform packaging to fruit crop Perform packaging to spices crop Observe safety precautions Clean tools and equipment Store tools and equipment	Perform traditional packaging for horticultural crops produce and products	Knowledge evidence: Detailed knowledge of: Method used: The students should explain different packaging methods applied to fresh horticultural crops Principles: The students should explain the principles of packaging horticultural crops. Theories: The students should explain: Importance of packaging horticultural products Advantages of packaging vegetables Advantages of packaging vegetables Packaging vegetable crops Packaging vegetable crops Packaging of fruit crops Disadvantages of	The following tools, equipments and safety gears are to be available: • Laboratory coats • Caps • Gum boots • Fridges • freezers • Crates • Moisture proof container • Wooden boxes • Sacks • Gunny bags • Plastic bags • Plastic bottles • Glass bottles • Jars • Cold rooms • Ventilated rooms • Salt • Sugar • Vinegar • Plastic containers • Thermometers • Polythene sheets • Sterilizers • Preservatives	

					Assessment Crite	ria		
Module Title (Main	Unit Title	Elements (Learning	Suggested Teaching and				Training Requirements/	Number of Periods per Unit
Competence)	(Specific Competences)	Activities)	Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge Assessment	Suggested Resources	Periods
						each packaging method • Factors to take into account in performing traditional packaging of horticultural crops Circumstantial knowledge: Detailed knowledge about safe handling of traditional packaging materials	 Electric drier solar driers Choppers Knives Sieve Mats Tray Baskets Cans 	
	1.3 Marketing the horticultural products	Preparing crop calendar	Interactive Quizzes: Create quizzes that test students' knowledge of crop cycles, weather patterns, and pest management in preparing crop calendar Case Study Exploration: Present students with real-world case studies of farms or	The student should be able to: Select working tools and equipment Collect market information Determine market product chain Prepare crop calendar Determine type of consumers preference Determine types of producers	Set a cropping calendar for growing different horticultural crops using recommended procedures.	Knowledge evidence: Detailed knowledge of: Method used: The students should explain how to prepare a crop calendar for horticultural crops. Principles: The students should explain the principles of preparing a crop calendar for horticultural crops. Theories: The students should explain:	The following tools, equipments and safety gears are to be available: Gum boots Overalls Overcoats Pens Note books Caps Calculator Computer Consumers	75

					Assessment Crite	ria		
Module Title (Main Competence)	Unit Title (Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Suggested Teaching and Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge Assessment	Training Requirements/ Suggested Resources	Number of Periods per Unit
			agricultural organizations that use crop calendars Collaborative Group Projects: Divide students into groups, each assigned to plan a crop calendar for different crops or farming systems	Determine the crop seasonality of the product Perform SWOT analysis Observe safety and precautions Clean tools and equipment Store tools and equipment		Importance of prepare a crop calendar for horticultural crops production. Use of Crop Calendar in selecting Crop seasonality in marketing Importance of Crop Calendars in Marketing activities Circumstantial knowledge: Detailed knowledge about fluctuation marketing of horticultural products		
		Developing a business plan	Peer Review and Feedback: Assign students in groupwise to analyse the business plan and present it to another group for feedback Collaborative Group Projects: Divide students into small groups and have each	The student should be able to: Select working tools and equipment Collect market information for preparing a business plan Identify types of market information system	Prepare a business plan for horticultural business as per the recommended procedures.	Knowledge evidence: Detailed knowledge of: Method used: The students should explain how to develop a business plan for horticultural business Principles: The students should explain the principles for making a business plan for horticultural	The following tools, equipments and safety gears are to be available: Gum boots Overalls Overcoats Horticultural crops/products Pens Note books Caps Calculator Computer	

					Assessment Crite	eria		
Module Title (Main Competence)	Unit Title (Specific Competences)			Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge Assessment	Training Requirements/ Suggested Resources	Number of Periods per Unit
			group work on a different business idea Business Plan Competitions: Organise a business plan competition where students present their plans to a panel of judges, and the best plans receive recognition or rewards.	Identify market channels Select type of products to be marketed Determine market chain Determine type of consumers preference Determine product quality Determine types of producers Select location of horticulture crop production and it's the market Perform SWOT analysis Observe safety and precautions Store tools and equipment		business Theories: The students should explain: Importance of a business plan for horticultural business Key horticultural enterprises, services or products for a business a plan Circumstantial knowledge: Detailed knowledge about types of horticultural business plans	Consumers	
		Determining marketing information, channels and market mix	Brainstorm: Ask students to define the marketing information, channels and market mix	The student should be able to: Select working tools and equipment Collect market	Determine marketing information, channels and market mix for horticultural enterprises by	Knowledge evidence: Detailed knowledge of: Method used: The students should explain how to Market different horticultural	The following tools, equipments and safety gears are to be available: Gum boots Overalls Overcoats	

					Assessment Crite	ria		
Module Title (Main Competence)	Unit Title (Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Suggested Teaching and Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge Assessment	Training Requirements/ Suggested Resources	Number of Periods per Unit
			Hands-On Data Collection and Analysis: Engage students in collecting primary marketing data through surveys. providing them with hands-on experience in collecting valuable marketing insights. Market Research Field Trips: Organise field trips where students can observe businesses in real-world settings, such as a retail store or a pop-up shop, and gather firsthand data on customer behavior, product placement, and promotions and prepare a report	information Identify types of market information system Identify market channels Select type of products to be marketed Determine market information Determine market chain Prepare crop calendar Manage market information system Determine type of consumers preference Determine product quality Determine types of producers Select location of the market Determine the crop seasonality of the product	using the recommended procedures.	products. Principles: The students should explain the principles of marketing of horticultural products Theories: The student should explain: Importance of marketing Types of market Traditional methods of marketing Sources of market information Marketing segmentation Components of marketing: Product, Place Price and Promotion (4P's) Competitors in business Establish market opportunities Crop seasonality in marketing Market research Market cycle Marketing activities Circumstantial	Fliers and leaflets Pens Note books Caps Calculator Computer Consumers Bins Crates Pallets	

					Assessment Crite	eria		
Module Title (Main Competence)	Unit Title (Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Suggested Teaching and Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge Assessment	- Training Requirements/ Suggested Resources	Number of Periods per Unit
				Perform SWOT analysis Observe safety and precautions Clean tools and equipment Store tools and equipment		knowledge: Detailed knowledge about marketing of horticultural products in local markets		
2.0 Managing farm activities	2.1 Managing farm practices	Preparing format for implements service and repairs form	Discussion: Guide the students to prepare format for implements form service and repairs for horticultural farm Group-Based Service Form Design: Have students work in groups to design a service and repair form for a specific type of service (e.g., tractor repair, farm machinery maintenance) Practical work: Guide the students	The student should be able to: Select working tools and equipment Identify different farm practices Prepare format implements form Prepare format for horticultural crop production data collection form Observe safety precaution Clean tools and equipment. Store tools and equipment.	Different formats for various implements are prepared using recommended procedures.	Knowledge evidence: Detailed knowledge of: Method used: The student should explain how to prepare format for implements service and repairs form Principles: The student should explain the principles for implements service and repairs Theories: The student should explain: Important information to be included in implements repair form The importance of horticultural garden devices management	The following tools, equipments and safety gears are to be available: Pens Note books Caps Gum boots Calculator Computer Hoes Rakes Wheelbarrows	84

					Assessment Crite	ria		
Module Title (Main Competence)	Unit Title (Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Suggested Teaching and Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge Assessment	Training Requirements/ Suggested Resources	Number of Periods per Unit
			how to prepare a format for implements form service and repairs for horticultural farm			and movement form Circumstantial knowledge: Detailed knowledge about managing daily farm practices for vegetable garden		
		Preparing format for crop calendar control form	assignments: Assign the students to prepare format for crop calendar control form Peer Review and Collaborative Feedback: Assign the students to create their service and repair forms format, and encourage them to share their forms with peers for review Practical activity: Organise the students in	The student should be able to: Select working tools and equipment Identify different farm practices Prepare format for crop calendar Prepare format for horticultural crop production data Observe safety precaution Clean tools and equipment. Store tools and equipment.	Make different formats for various crop calendar data using recommended procedures.	Knowledge evidence: Detailed knowledge of: Method used: The students should explain how to plan, monitor and analyse farm practices by using the crop calendar control form Principles: The student should explain the principles of preparing format for crop calendar control form Theories: The student should explain: Advantages of ppreparing format for crop calendar control form for farm activities Important activities to	The following tools, equipments and safety gears are to be available: Pens Note books Caps Gum boots Calculator Computer Hoes Rakes Wheelbarrows	

					Assessment Crite	ria		
Module Title (Main	Unit Title	Elements (Learning	Suggested Teaching and				Training Requirements/	Number of
Competence)	(Specific Competences)	Activities)	Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge Assessment	Suggested Resources	Periods per Unit
			manageable groups to prepare format for crop calendar control form			consider for setting weeding time in crop calendar control form Nutrient management proper timing Tracking input usage quantities, costs and working hours per activity. Pest detection and crop protection calendar Harvesting practices calendar Circumstantial knowledge: Detailed knowledge about managing farm practices in accordance to crop calendar control form		
		Preparing format for crop production data form	Questions and Answers: Guide the students to define the information to be placed in format for crop	The student should be able to: Select working tools and equipment Identify different	Make different formats for various crop production data using recommended procedures	Knowledge evidence: Detailed knowledge of: Method used: The student should explain how to make different formats for	The following tools, equipments and safety gears are to be available: Pens Note books Printer	
			production data form	formats for crop production data form		various crop production data using recommended	Caps Gum boots Calculator	

					Assessment Crite	ria		
Module Title (Main Competence)	Unit Title (Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Suggested Teaching and Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge Assessment	Training Requirements/ Suggested Resources	Number of Periods per Unit
			Service Form Creation Workshops: Organise workshops where students collaboratively design and prepare service and repair forms. This can be done using both physical forms (paper) and digital tools (e.g., Google Forms, Microsoft Word, or specialized software) Practical activity: Organise the students in manageable groups to prepare format for crop production data form	Prepare format for highly value horticultural crop production data Observe safety precaution Clean tools and equipment Store tools and equipment.		procedures. Principles: The student should explain the principles of making different formats for various crop production data using recommended procedures. Theories: The student should explain: Types of different formats for various crop production data using recommended procedures. Advantages of managing farm activities by using formats for crop production data collection Factors to consider in planning the frequency of weeding Importance nutrient management scheduling data form Usage of input control data form Essence of working	Computer Hoes Rakes Computer Printers Wheelbarrows	

					Assessment Crite	ria		
Module Title	Unit Title		Suggested				Training Requirements/	Number
(Main Competence)	(Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Teaching and Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge Assessment	Suggested Resources	of Periods per Unit
	2.2 Managing various farm records	Preparing format for different farm records	Discussion: Provide illustration for tips to make format for different farm records for horticultural farm Hands-On Practice: Using Spreadsheet Software (Excel/Google Sheets) to introduce students to using	The student should be able to: Select working tools and equipment. Identify types of farm record Collect farm reports Prepare farm records for inputs Prepare farm implements and equipment usage records	Prepare format for different farm records for horticultural farm data using recommended procedures	hours control data form Important aspects to consider in pest protection control data form Harvesting practices control form Circumstantial knowledge: Detailed knowledge about managing farm practices in accordance to planned calendar Knowledge evidence: Detailed knowledge of: Method used: The students should explain how to Identify farm records Manage different farm records Principles: The students should explain the principles of: Collecting different farm records Manage farm records	The following tools, equipments and safety gears are to be available: Pens Note books Folders Papers Files Caps Calculator Computer Printers Farm record book	70

					Assessment Crite	ria		
Module Title (Main Competence)	Unit Title (Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Suggested Teaching and Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge Assessment	Training Requirements/ Suggested Resources	Number of Periods per Unit
			spreadsheet software like Microsoft Excel or Google Sheets for creating different types of farm records, such as financial records, crop yields, and labor logs Activity: Organise the students in manageable group to prepare format for different farm records for horticultural farm	Prepare agricultural inputs record Prepare production record. Prepare farm expenditure record Prepare workers records Prepare vehicle records Prepare sales records Clean tools and equipment Store tools and equipment		Theories: The students should explain: Importance of good farm record keeping. Types of farm records Methods of collecting farm record Uses of farm records Farm inventory Analyse farm record Circumstantial knowledge: Detailed knowledge about managing various farm records		
		Collecting farm reports	Role Play: Organise students to role-play as farm managers, workers, or field officers. They will collect data from various areas of the farm (e.g., crop management soil conditions) and	The student should be able to: Select working tools and equipment Identify types of farm record for daily reporting Collect farm reports Prepare farm	Prepare reports for horticultural farm crop production using recommended procedures	Knowledge evidence: Detailed knowledge of: Method used: The students should explain how to: Identify farm different reports Present different farm reports Principles: The students should	The following tools, equipments and safety gears are to be available: Pens Pencils Note books Files Folders Caps Calculator Computer	

					Assessment Crite	ria		
Module Title (Main Competence)	Unit Title (Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Suggested Teaching and Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge Assessment	Training Requirements/ Suggested Resources	Number of Periods per Unit
			prepare farm reports based on their role Hands-On Practical Sessions: Guide the students how to prepare a report for horticultural farm crop production Activity: Organise the students in manageable group to prepare a report for horticultural farm crop production	implements and equipment record reports Prepare agricultural inputs reports Prepare crop production reports Prepare farm expenditure reports Prepare workers reports Prepare vehicle reports Prepare sales reports Clean tools and equipment Store tools and equipment		explain the principles of: Collecting different crop data and reporting Theories: The students should explain: Identification of farming production reports Importance of daily farm Types of farm records Methods of collecting farm reports Uses of farm reports Farm inventory reports Farm inventory reports Circumstantial knowledge: Detailed knowledge about managing financial farm reports auditing and evaluation	Farm record book	
		Preparing farm reports	Farm Management Simulations: Use interactive simulation to give	The student should be able to: Select working tools and	Prepare horticultural farm reports for various crop data using	Knowledge evidence: Detailed knowledge of: Method used: The students should	The following tools, equipments and safety gears are to be available: Pens	

					Assessment Crite	ria		
Module Title (Main Competence)	Unit Title (Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Suggested Teaching and Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge Assessment	Training Requirements/ Suggested Resources	Number of Periods per Unit
			students a virtual farming experience Role-Based Report Preparation: Assign students different roles within a farm (e.g., farm manager, financial officer, agronomist, or livestock manager) and ask them to gather relevant data and prepare a specific section of the farm report Practical activity: Organise the students in manageable group to prepare a farm report	equipment. Identify types of farm reports Collect farm reports Prepare farm implements and equipment reports Prepare agricultural inputs reports Prepare production reports Prepare farm expenditure reports Prepare workers Prepare workers reports Prepare workers reports Prepare vehicle reports Prepare sales reports Clean tools and equipment Store tools and equipment	recommended procedures	explain how to Prepare farm reports Principles: The students should explain the principles of: Preparing different farm reports Theories: The students should explain: Identification of types of farm reports Importance of good farm reports Uses of Farm inventory reports Analysis of farm reports Circumstantial knowledge: Detailed knowledge about managing various farm reports	Note books Files Folders Printers Caps Calculator Computer Farm record book	
	2.3 Managing farm business	Planning farm activities	Brainstorming: Guide the students to define the	The student should be able to:	Plan production of various crop data using	Knowledge evidence: Detailed knowledge of:	The following tools, equipments and safety gears are to be	77

					Assessment Crite	ria		
Module Title (Main Competence)	Unit Title (Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Suggested Teaching and Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge Assessment	Training Requirements/ Suggested Resources	Number of Periods per Unit
			planning farm activities Field Visits or Virtual Farm Tours: Organise a visit to a local farm or set up virtual farm tours Practical work: Organise the students in manageable group to plan farm activities	Select working tools and equipment. Plan farm activities Prepare farm budget Collect farm reports Prepare crop calendar Prepare farm record Prepare farm implements and equipment record Prepare agricultural inputs record Prepare production record. Prepare farm expenditure record Prepare farm expenditure record Prepare farm expenditure record Prepare workers records Prepare workers records Prepare machinery	recommended procedures	Method used: The students should explain how to plan, mobilize and control farm resources. Principles: The students should explain the principles of: involved in mobilization and control farm resources Theories: The student should explain: Farm economics Marketing of farm products Entrepreneurship skills Record keeping Mobilization of farm resources Importance of farm business Identification of components of business plan Importance of good farm record keeping Types of farm records Methods of collecting farm record	available: Pens Note books Caps Calculator Computer set Photocopier Communication equipment Cupboard Safe Tables Chairs Binding machine Record books	

					Assessment Crite	ria		
Module Title (Main Competence)	Unit Title (Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Activities) Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge Assessment	Training Requirements/ Suggested Resources	Number of Periods per Unit
				service schedule records Prepare implements records Clean tools and equipment Store tools and equipment		Farm inventory Analyse farm record Generating farm inputs usage book Maintaining farm production data Maintaining stores bin card Keeping profit and loss account Preparing balance sheet Circumstantial knowledge: Detailed knowledge about managing various farm records		
		Preparing farm budget	Role Play Scenarios: Assign students with different roles, such as farm manager, financial officer and task them with preparing a farm budget based on their responsibilities Group Farm	The student should be able to: Select working tools and equipment. Prepare farm budget Collect farm reports Prepare short term farm budget Prepare annual agricultural	Plan production of various crop data using recommended procedures	Knowledge evidence: Detailed knowledge of: Method used: The students should explain how to prepare a farm budget. Principles: The student should explain the principles of: involved in budget preparation Theories: The student should explain:	The following tools, equipments and safety gears are to be available: Pens Note books Caps Calculator Computer set Printer Photocopier Communication equipment Cupboard	

					Assessment Crite	ria		
Module Title (Main Competence)	Unit Title (Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Suggested Teaching and Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge Assessment	Training Requirements/ Suggested Resources	Number of Periods per Unit
			Budget Projects: Divide students into small groups and assign them a different type of farm (e.g., vegetable farm) Practical work: Guide the students how to prepare farm budget	Prepare labour budget Prepare machinery acquisition budget Clean tools and equipment Store tools and equipment		Importance of farm budget preparation Identification of components of a farm budget Types of farm budget Uses of farm budget Keeping profit and loss account Preparation of balance sheet Circumstantial knowledge: Detailed knowledge about managing various farm records	Safe Papers Flip chart Marker pens Tables Chairs Binding machine Record books	
		Promoting horticultural products	Brainstorming: Guide the students to promote horticultural products Collaborative Group: Assign students to work on product branding, develop a branding strategy for a new horticultural product	The student should be able to: Select working tools and equipment. Promote horticultural products Prepare crop promotion strategy horticultural products Clean tools and	Promote horticultural products using recommended procedures	Knowledge evidence: Detailed knowledge of: Method used: The student should explain how to promote horticultural products Principles: The students should explain the principles of: involved in promotion of horticultural products Theories: The student	The following tools, equipments and safety gears are to be available: Pens Note books Caps Calculator Computer set Printer Photocopier Communication equipment Cupboard Safe	

					Assessment Crite	ria		
Module Title (Main Competence)	Unit Title (Specific Competences)		Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge Assessment	Training Requirements/ Suggested Resources	Number of Periods per Unit	
			Practical work: Assign each student to promote horticultural products	equipment Store tools and equipment		should explain: Importance of product promotion Types of product promotion techniques Factors to consider during product promotion Circumstantial knowledge: Detailed knowledge about modern strategies of product promotion	Papers Flip chart Marker pens Tables Chairs Binding machine Record books	
3.0 Managing farm resources	3.1 Managing human resources	Determining requirements and qualities of workers	Quiz: Assign to the students a quiz to illustrate how to determine number and qualities of required workers Practical work: Guide the students how how to use different strategies to determine number and quality of required workers	The student should be able to: Select tools and materials Mobilise manpower resources Determine number of workers in the farm Determine the assets/resources possessed in the farm Determine the	Procedures of determining number and quality of workers formats described by using recommended procedures	Knowledge evidence: Detailed knowledge of: Method used: The student should explain how to mobilise and manage human resources Principles: The student should explain the principles Involving mobilizing and managing human resources Theories: The students should explain:	The following tools, equipments and safety gears are to be available: Note books Ball pens Calculator Farm unit/store Labourers Attendance register Computer set Communication equipment Cupboard Safe Tables Chairs	60

					Assessment Crite	eria		
Module Title (Main Competence)	Unit Title (Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Suggested Teaching and Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge Assessment	Training Requirements/ Suggested Resources	Number of Periods per Unit
			Activity: Organise the students in manageable group to determine number and qualities of workers	amount and type of motivation/ punishment given to workers Determine number of skilled and unskilled labourers in a farm Determine the types of job performed in a farm Carryout on job training Create specific requirements for the jobs Plan for manpower requirements Train manpower resources Keep different records		Importance of managing human resources Types of labour in a farm Formulation of job description of workers Increasing labour productivity Control man power Plan for manpower requirements Manpower training Circumstantial knowledge: Detailed knowledge about interpersonal skills	Job cards Record books	
		Formulating job	Group work:	The student	Job description	Knowledge evidence:	The following tools,	

					Assessment Crite	ria		
Module Title (Main Competence)	Unit Title (Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities) description of	Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge Assessment	- Training Requirements/ Suggested Resources	Number of Periods per Unit
		description of workers	Assign the students to formulate job description of workers in the horticultural farm Practical work: Guide the students how to formulate job description of workers Role play: Organise the students in manageable group to formulate the strategies of determining a job description of workers in the horticultural farm	should be able to: Select tools and materials Determine the assets/resources possessed in the farm Determine number of skilled and unskilled labourers requirement in a farm Determine the types of job performed in a farm Identify specific requirements for the jobs Plan for special manpower requirements Train manpower resources Keep different records	of workers data are formulated using recommended procedures	Detailed knowledge of: Method used: The student should explain how to formulate job description of workers Principles: The student should explain the principles t formulating job description of workers Theories: The students should explain: Importance of managing human resources Formulation of job description of workers Increasing labour productivity Control man power Plan for manpower requirements Manpower training Circumstantial knowledge: Detailed knowledge about sharing working skills experience	equipments and safety gears are to be available: Note books Ball pens Calculator Farm unit/store Labourers Attendance register Computer set Communication equipment Cupboard Safe Tables Chairs Job cards Record books	

					Assessment Crite	eria		
Module Title (Main Competence)	Unit Title (Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Suggested Teaching and Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge Assessment	Training Requirements/ Suggested Resources	Number of Periods per Unit 78
	3.2 Managing physical resources	Analyzing farm needs	Discussion: Lead the students to define farm needs, to list procedures of how to analyse farm needs for a horticultural farm Role play: Assign the students to practice how to analyse farm needs for a horticultural farm Collaborative work: Organise the students in manageable group to analyze list of farm needs for a horticultural farm	The student should be able to: Organise tools and materials Determine farms needs Determine the assets for each specific need in a farm Store farm tools and assets	Farm needs analysed according to recommended procedures	Knowledge evidence: Method used: The student should explain how to analyse farm needs Principles: The students should explain the principles of analysing farm needs Theories: The student should explain: Importance of analysing farm needs Factors to consider in analyzing farm needs Determination of sources of financial institutions in the locality Circumstantial knowledge: Detailed knowledge about horticultural farm needs financial management	The following tools, equipments and safety gears are to be available: Note books Pens Calculator Flip chart Marker pens Check lists Computer set Farm store Farm assets Farm workshop	78
		Making an inventory for a given stock	Brainstormingng: Guide the student to define and illustrate strategies of an inventory	The student should be able to: Organise tools	Inventories for stock are made in accordance	Knowledge evidence: Method used: The student should explain how to make an inventory for a given	The following tools, equipments and safety gears are to be available: Note books	

					Assessment Crite	ria		
Module Title (Main Competence)	Unit Title (Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Activities) Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge Assessment	Training Requirements/ Suggested Resources	Number of Periods per Unit
			stock taking for a horticultural farm Practical work: Guide the students make an inventory for a given stock in a farm Practical activity: Organise the students in manageable groups to make an inventory for a given stock	and materials Determine farms needs Determine the assets for each specific need Make an inventory for given stock in the farm Store farm tools and assets	with the recommended financial procedures	stock Principles: The student should explain the principles of making an inventory for horticultural farm Theories: The student should explain: Importance of making an inventory for a horticultural crop Determine methods of making an inventory for a given stock Circumstantial knowledge: Detailed knowledge about annual inventory stock taking	Pens Calculator Computer set Farm store Farm assets Farm workshop	
		Determining business loan acquisition methods and loan repayment schedules	Discussion: Guide the students to determine loan acquisition methods and loan repayment schedules Case Studies and Role Play: Provide real-world application of	Or The student should be able to: Determine busness loan amortization Detrmine loan repayment Determine types	Business loan acquisition methods determined as per recommended financial procedures	Knowledge evidence: Method used: The students should explain how to manage finance Principles: The students should explain the principles of managing finance Theories: The student should explain:	The following tools, equipments and safety gears are to be available: Note books Pens Calculator Computer set Farm store Farm assets Farm workshop	

					Assessment Crite	eria		
Module Title (Main Competence)	Unit Title (Specific Competences)		Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge Assessment	Training Requirements/ Suggested Resources	Number of Periods per Unit	
			business loan acquisition concepts to students Practical activity: Organise the students in manageable groups to determine loan acquisition methods and loan repayment schedules from a financial provider service	of loan payment schedules Determine the amount needed when getting bussnes loan Determine loan repayment plan		Importance of managing financial resources in a farm Financial record books Components of income statements Methods of acquiring loans Loan repayment plans Determine methods of acquiring loans in the financial service providers Determination of sources of financial institutions Circumstantial knowledge: Detailed knowledge about financial management		
	3.3 Managing financial resources	Preparing farm project proposal	Discussion: Share successful farm project proposals or case studies that led to funding or approval from stakeholders to students	The student should be able to: Organise tools and materials Determine types of farm project proposals Determine components of	Farm project proposals for various crops are prepared as per recommended procedures	Knowledge evidence: Method used: The students should explain how to raise a project proposal Principles: The students should explain the principles of raising a project proposal	The following tools, equipments and safety gears are to be available: Note books Pens Computer Flip charts Marker pens Farm unit/store	69

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Module Title (Main Competence)	Unit Title (Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Suggested Teaching and Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge Assessment	Training Requirements/ Suggested Resources	Number of Periods per Unit
			Collaborative learning: Guide the students how to prepare farm project proposal Practical activity Organise the students in manageable groups to prepare farm project proposal	farm project proposal Prepare a horticultural farm project proposal		Theories: The students should explain: Importance of raising project proposals for horticultural enterprises Components of income project proposals Methods of raising project proposals Determination of sources of proposal funding Circumstantial knowledge: Detailed knowledge about financial management skills for enterprise sustainability	Income statement Cash books Receipts	
		Preparing a simple income statement of a farm	Interactive Quizzes: Use quizzes to assess the knowledge of students on	The student should be able to: Organise tools and materials Identify	An income statement of a farm for various crops are prepared by using	Knowledge evidence: Method used: The student should explain how to prepare a simple income statement of a farm	The following tools, equipments and safety gears are to be available: Note books Pens	

					Assessment Crite	ria		
Module Title (Main Competence)	Unit Title (Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Suggested Teaching and Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge Assessment	Training Requirements/ Suggested Resources	Number of Periods per Unit
			understanding how to prepare a simple income statement of a farm and provide instant feedback Practical work: Guide the students how to prepare a simple income statement of a farm Peer teaching: Organise the students in manageable groups to prepare a simple income statement of a farm and illustrate to others	important components for preparing an income statement of a farm Make a simple income statement of a farm	recommended procedures	Principles: The students should explain the principles of managing a simple income statement of a farm Theories: The students should explain: Components of income statements Importance of income statement of a farm Factors to consider in preparing an income statement of a farm Advantages of an income statement of a farm Circumstantial knowledge: Detailed knowledge about income statement for vegetable garden enterprise	Computer Farm unit/store Income statement Cash books Receipts	
4.0 Managing farm environment	4.1 Managing soil erosion	Controlling soil erosion	Discussion: Guide the students to define and identify types soil erosion control	The student should be able to: Select working tools, equipment	Soil erosion is controlled as per laid down agronomic practices	Knowledge evidence: Detailed knowledge of: Method used: The student should explain	The following tools, equipments and safety gears are to be available: Gum boots	78

Module Title (Main Competence)	Unit Title (Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	tivities) Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge Assessment	Training Requirements/ Suggested Resources	Number of Periods per Unit
			Virtual Field Trips: Allow students to explore real-world examples of soil erosion and erosion control techniques. Hands-On Activities: Engage students through physical activities that demonstrate soil erosion and control methods.	and safety gear Investigate the crop field Select plants to control erosion Determine the slope percentage Make a contour bund Perform strip- cropping Construct terraces Perform gully reclamation Make shelter belts. Make a buffer strip Perform zero tillage Perform minimum tillage Perform crop rotation Plant cover crops Observe safety precaution of handling tools and equipment Clean tools and equipment		how to control soil erosion using contour ridges and terraces. Principles: The students should explain the principles of soil erosion control Theories: The students should explain the: Soil erosion Type of soil erosion Causes of soil erosion Causes of soil erosion Soil erosion control measures Importance of Soil erosion control Effects of soil erosion Terrace contour ridge Runoff diversion Methods of protect Steep Slopes Types of plants (grasses) to control soil erosion Importance of mulching Importance of crop rotation in soil erosion control Circumstantial	Safety glasses Gloves Overalls Overcoats Masks Hoes Grasses Ranging poles Pegs Forks Tape measures Rope Line level Automatic level Staff bar Note books Pens Racks Slashers Hand forks Hand hoes Forked hoes Spades Shovel Dibblers Wheelbarrow Mattocks Machetes Stones	

					Assessment Crite			
Module Title (Main Competence)	Unit Title (Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Suggested Teaching and Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge Assessment	Training Requirements/ Suggested Resources	Number of Periods per Unit
				Store tools and equipment properly		knowledge: Detailed Knowledge about safety precautions of using land survey equipment		
		(a) Identifying types of soil erosion	Interactive Quizzes: Reinforce learning and assess understanding of soil erosion types through real-time feedback and collaboration the students to identify type of soil erosion Hands-On Demonstration: Show the students how to identify types of soil erosion Fieldwork and Outdoor	The student should be able to: Select working tools, equipment and safety gear Investigate the crop field Identify different types of soil erosion Construct terraces Perform gully reclamation Make shelter belts	Soil erosion types identified	Knowledge evidence: Detailed knowledge of: Method used: The students should identify different types of soil erosion Principles: The students should explain the principles of identifying different types of soil erosion Theories: The students should explain the: Type of soil erosion Effects of soil erosion Advantages of runoff diversion Methods of	The following tools, equipments and safety gears are to be available:	

					Assessment Crite	ria		
Module Title (Main Competence)	Unit Title (Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Suggested Teaching and Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge Assessment	Training Requirements/ Suggested Resources	Number of Periods per Unit
			Activities: Take students on a nature walk or field trip to observe real-life examples of soil erosion.	Make a buffer strip Perform minimum tillage Perform minimum tillage Perform minimum tillage Plant cover crops Observe safety precaution of handling tools and equipment Clean tools and equipment Store tools and equipment		protecting steep slopes from gully erosion Importance of mulching Techniques in conservation tillage (Agriculture) Circumstantial knowledge: Detailed Knowledge about safety precautions of using land survey equipment.	 Pens Racks Slashers Hand forks Hand hoes Forked hoes Spades Shovel Dibblers Wheelbarrow Mattocks Machetes Stones 	
		(b) Performing conservation agriculture (CA)	Interactive Quizzes: Provide the students with questions how to perform conservation agriculture	The student should be able to: • Select working tools, equipment and safety	Conservation Agriculture practiced as per laid down agronomic practices.	Knowledge evidence: Detailed knowledge of: Method used: The students should explain how to perform conservation agriculture	The following tools, equipments and safety gears are to be available: Gum boots Safety glasses Gloves Overalls	

					Assessment Crite	ria		
Module Title (Main Competence)	Unit Title (Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Suggested Teaching and Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge Assessment	Training Requirements/ Suggested Resources	Number of Periods per Unit
			Collaborative Projects and Group Work: Demonstrate to the students how to perform conservation agriculture Activity: Organise the students in manageable groups to perform conservational agriculture	gear Investigate the crop field Identify different techniques of conservation Agriculture Select plants to control erosion Perform strip- cropping Construct terraces Make a buffer strip Perform minimum tillage Perform crop rotation Plant cover crops Observe safety precaution of handling tools and equipment		Principles: The students should explain the principles of conservation agriculture Theories: The students should explain the: The advantages of conservation agriculture Importance of practicing conservation Agriculture Concepts of Climate Smart Agriculture Techniques in conservation tillage (Agriculture) Importance of crop rotation in CA Circumstantial knowledge: Detailed Knowledge about climate Smart Agriculture	 Overcoats Masks Hoes Grasses Ranging poles Pegs Forks Tape measures Rope Line level Automatic level Staff bar Note books Pens Racks Slashers Ox Ploughs Riper Chisel plough Hand forks Hand hoes Forked hoes Spades Shovel Dibblers Wheelbarrow Mattocks Machetes Stones 	

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Module Title (Main Competence)	Unit Title (Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Suggested Teaching and Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge Assessment	Training Requirements/ Suggested Resources	Number of Periods per Unit
				 Clean tools and equipment Store tools and equipment properly 				
	4.2 Conserving soil water	(a) Constructing ridges	Questions and answers: Guide the students to construct ridges for conserving water in the farm Soil Conservation Demo Workshops: Invite local farmers, conservation experts, or environmental organizations to conduct hands-on workshops for students Field work: Organise the students in	The student should be able to: Select tools, instrument and safety gear Design different types of ridges Construct ridges Observe safety precaution of handling tools and equipment Clean tools, equipment and workplace	Water conservation ridges constructed using recommended procedures	Detailed knowledge of: Method used: The students should explain how to: perform soil water conservation techniques Principles: The students should explain principles of: construct ridges Theories: The students should explain the: - Importance of soil water conservation Soil water plant relationship Concept of climate change	The following tools, equipments and safety gears are to be available: Overalls Rubber gloves Safety boots Wheelbarrow Mattock Hanging baskets Hand hoes Grass mulches Plastic mulch sheets Spades Forked hoes Cover crops	60

					Assessment Crite	ria		
Module Title (Main Competence)	Unit Title (Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Suggested Teaching and Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge Assessment	Training Requirements/ Suggested Resources	Number of Periods per Unit
			manageable groups to prepare ridges for conserving water	Store tools and equipment		change Circumstantial knowledge: Detailed knowledge about: soil water conservation techniques		
		(b) Constructing conservation ditches	Discussion: Illustrate to students on types and procedures to construct conservation ditches Practical work: Guide the students how to construct conservation ditches Activity: Organise the students in manageable group to construct water conservation ditches	The student should be able to: Select tools, instrument and safety gear Prepare water ditches in gardens Planting suitable trees in catchment areas Observe safety precaution of handling tools and equipment Clean tools, equipment and	Construct water ditches using recommended procedures	Detailed knowledge of: Method used: The students should be able to explain how to: Construct conservation ditches Principles: The students should explain principles of: Construct conservation ditches Theories: The students should explain the: - • Importance of soil water conservation through water ditches • Factors to consider during water ditches	The following tools, equipments and safety gears are to be available: Overalls Rubber gloves Safety boots Wheelbarrow Mattock Hanging baskets Hand hoes Grass mulches Plastic mulch sheets Spades Forked hoes Cover crops	

					Assessment Crite			
Module Title (Main Competence)	Unit Title (Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Suggested Teaching and Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge Assessment	Training Requirements/ Suggested Resources	Number of Periods per Unit
				workplace • Store tools and equipment		construction • Advantages of soil water conservation through ditches Circumstantial knowledge: Detailed knowledge about: soil water conservation techniques		
		(c) Protecting catchment areas	Interactive Quizzes: Guide the student to define catchment areas Fieldwork: Engage the students practise how protection of catchment areas	The student should be able to: Select tools, instrument and safety gear Identify different types of mulches Identify different types of eco- friendly trees for catchment areas Planting suitable trees	catchment areas protected by using recommended procedures	Detailed knowledge of: Method used: The students should explain how toprotect catchment areas Principles: The students should explain principles of: protecting catchment areas Theories: The students should explain the: Importance of catchment areas protection Types of trees for water source protection	The following tools, equipments and safety gears are to be available: Overalls Rubber gloves Safety boots Wheelbarrow Mattock Pots Manure Polyethylene bags Hanging baskets Hand hoes Grass mulches Plastic mulch sheets Spades Forked hoes	

					Assessment Crite	ria		
Module Title (Main Competence)	Unit Title (Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Suggested Teaching and Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge Assessment	Training Requirements/ Suggested Resources	Number of Periods per Unit
				in catchment areas Observe safety precaution of handling tools and equipment Clean tools, equipment and workplace Store tools and equipment		Effects of invasive plant species in catchment areas Circumstantial knowledge: Detailed knowledge about water catchment areas invasive plant species control	• Cover crops	
	4.3 Handling waste	(a) Handling waste materials	Brainstorming: Guide the student to define and illustrate how to handle waste materials Collaborative works: Engage the students in manageable groups on handling waste materials at school environment	The student should be able to: Select working tools, equipment and safety gear Identify different types of farm wastes Handle different types of	Waste materials handled as per the recommended procedures	Knowledge evidence: Method used: The students should explain how to handle and dispose farm waste products according recommended regulations and rules Principles: The student should explain the principles of: Identifying and applying correctly all farm handling	The following tools, equipments and safety gears are to be available: Overcoats Masks Gloves Trays Containers Basins Trailers Trolleys Wood containers Plastic containers Plastic bags	69

				Assessment Criteria					
Module Title (Main Competence)	Unit Title (Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Suggested Teaching and Learning Methods		Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge Assessment	- Training Requirements/ Suggested Resources	Number of Periods per Unit
			Activity: Organise the students in manageable groups to handle waste materials		wastes Handle pesticide bottles and cans Identify types of incinerators Identify types of waste tanks / Dustbins Identify types of waste plastic bags Construct hard waste pits Construct waste compositing pits Perform disposal of toxic wastes Store / handle toxic wastes Perform disposal of		wastes equipment and supplies Sort wastes for recycling Theories: The student should explain the: Types of farm wastes Methods of waste collection Various methods of disposing waste materials How to carefully dispose of unwanted or expired pesticides How to protect environment from toxic wastes Distinguish types of wastes Waste separation Circumstantial knowledge: Detailed knowledge about toxic waste products disposal techniques	 Garden waste Tanks Pesticide bottles Wheel barrow Hoes Spades 	

					Assessment Crite	eria		
Module Title (Main Competence)	Unit Title (Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Suggested Teaching and Learning Methods	Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge Assessment	- Training Requirements/ Suggested Resources	Number of Periods per Unit
				liquid farm wastes Perform disposal of hard farm wastes Observe safety precautions in handling wastes Store tools and equipment properly Clean tools and equipment				
		(b) Recycling waste materials	Discussion: Lead the students in manageable groups to define and illustrate procedures for recycling waste materials Demonstration: Demonstrate to the student how to recycle waste	The student should be able to: Select working tools, equipment and safety gear Identify different types of recyclable	Waste materials recycled as per using recommended procedures	Knowledge evidence: Method used: The student should explain how to Recycle waste material products according recommended regulations and rules Principles: The student should explain the principles of: Sorting wastes for recycling	The following tools, equipments and safety gears are to be available: Overcoats Masks Gloves Trays Containers Basins Trailers Trolleys Wood containers	

	Unit Title (Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Suggested Teaching and Learning Methods	Assessment Criteria				
Module Title (Main Competence)				Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge Assessment	Training Requirements/ Suggested Resources	Number of Periods per Unit
Implementing	Designing and	Comming out o	materials Practical work: Guide the students in manageable groups to recycle waste materials	farm wastes Construct waste compositing pits Perform recycling of organic wastes into manure Observe safety precautions in handling wastes Store tools and equipment properly Clean tools and equipment		Recycling waste materials Theories: The students should explain the: Types of recycled farm wastes Importance waste recycling Methods of waste collection Various methods of disposing waste materials How to protect environment from wastes Distinguish types of waste separation Importance of waste recycling Circumstantial knowledge: Detailed knowledge about organic manure products from recycled farm products	 Plastic containers Plastic bags Garden waste Tanks Pesticide bottles Wheel barrow Hoes Spades 	
a Project	carrying out a	Carrying out a project work						

Module Title (Main Competence)	Unit Title (Specific Competences)	Elements (Learning Activities)	Suggested Teaching and Learning Methods	Assessment Criteria			Training Requirements/	Number
				Process Assessment	Product/Services Assessment	Knowledge Assessment	Suggested Resources	of Periods per Unit
_	project work			-		-		

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